

S.86

Introduced by Senator White

Referred to Committee on Government Operations

Date: February 7, 2013

Subject: Elections; miscellaneous

Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to make
miscellaneous changes to election laws.

*An act relating to miscellaneous changes to election laws and to lobbyist
reporting*

~~An act relating to miscellaneous changes to election laws~~

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

~~*** Definitions ***~~

Sec. 1. 17 V.S.A. § 2103 is amended to read:

§ 2103. DEFINITIONS

As used in this title, unless the context or a specific definition requires a
different reading:

~~***~~

(24) "Political subdivision" means any county, municipality (including
cities, towns and villages), representative district, senatorial district, school
district, fire district, water, sewer or utility district, ward, and any consolidation
of the foregoing entities authorized under the laws of this ~~state~~ State.

~~***~~

1 ~~(35) "Town clerk" means a town officer elected pursuant to 24 V.S.A.~~
2 ~~§ 712(2) subdivision 2646(a) of this title and performing those duties~~
3 ~~prescribed by 24 V.S.A. chapter 35.~~

4 * * *

5 (41) "Voter registration agency" or "agency" means all state offices that
6 provide public assistance, all state offices that provide state-funded programs
7 primarily engaged in providing services to persons with disabilities, any
8 federal and nongovernmental offices that have agreed to be designated by the
9 ~~secretary~~ Secretary as a voter registration agency, and any state or local agency
10 designated by the ~~secretary~~ Secretary as a voter registration agency. State and
11 local agencies designated by the ~~secretary~~ Secretary may include: the
12 ~~departments of taxes and unemployment compensation,~~ Departments of Taxes
13 and of Labor and offices that provide services to persons with disabilities other
14 than those that provide state-funded programs primarily engaged in providing
15 services to persons with disabilities.

16 * * *

17 * * * Qualification and Registration of Voters * * *

18 Sec. 2. 17 V.S.A. § 2144b is amended to read:

19 § 2144b. ADDITIONS TO CHECKLIST BY TOWN CLERK

20 (a) A town clerk shall review all applications to the voter checklist and
21 ~~shall approve those applications that meet the requirements of this chapter and~~

1 ~~section 2103 of this title. Once approved, application information shall be~~
2 added to the statewide voter checklist on an expedited basis. If an applicant
3 has failed upon the date of the election to provide any information required
4 upon the application form pursuant to section 2145 of this title, the town clerk
5 shall notify the applicant that the form was incomplete and the applicant may
6 provide the information on or before the date of the election.

7 (b) [Deleted.]

8 (c) If the town clerk does not determine that an applicant meets the
9 requirements of section 2121 of this title, the clerk shall immediately forward
10 the application to the board of civil authority, which shall meet in a timely
11 manner after the receipt of the application and proceed under section 2146 of
12 this title to determine whether the applicant meets the requirements of
13 section 2121. For purposes of adding applicants to the checklist, a quorum
14 shall consist of three members of the board of civil authority.

15 (d) Periodically, or at least five days prior to each election, the town clerk
16 shall forward to the board of civil authority a list of additions to the checklist.

17 * * * Party Organization * * *

18 Sec. 3. 17 V.S.A. § 2321 is amended to read:

19 § 2321. REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT COMMITTEE

20 The “representative district committee” of a party shall consist of those
21 ~~members of the town committee residing in a representative district, as finally~~

1 ~~established by the legislative apportionment board. A representative district~~
2 committee may encompass less than an entire town or may extend across town
3 lines. Such a committee shall elect its own officers when called upon to meet,
4 but it need not meet unless required to perform some function under this title.
5 Any three members may call the first meeting by giving at least five days
6 written notice to all other members; thereafter, the committee shall meet at the
7 call of the chair.

8 * * * Standardized Ballots and Vote Tabulators * * *

9 Sec. 4. 17 V.S.A. § 2362 is amended to read:

10 § 2362. PRIMARY BALLOTS

11 (a) The ballots shall be prepared and furnished to the towns by the
12 ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State and shall contain the names of all
13 candidates for nomination at the primary. Ballots shall be printed on index
14 stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators. A separate ballot for
15 each major political party ~~in the same format as is used for optical scan~~
16 ~~tabulator ballots~~ shall be printed in substantially the following form:

17 * * *

18 Sec. 5. 17 V.S.A. § 2451 is amended to read:

19 § 2451. BOARD OF CIVIL AUTHORITY

20 (a) The board of civil authority shall have charge of the conduct of
21 ~~elections within the political subdivision for which it is elected. At any time~~

1 ~~before an election, the board of civil authority may issue guidance for elections~~
2 officials that assists officials in conducting elections within the political
3 subdivision. Guidance issued by the board shall not conflict with federal or
4 state elections laws. A quorum of the board of civil authority shall be available
5 at all times when the polls are open, and those members of the board of civil
6 authority present at a polling place shall constitute a quorum for the transaction
7 of business relating to the conduct of the election and the qualification and
8 registration of voters at this polling place.

9 (b) The board may require the political subdivision for which it is elected
10 to use vote tabulators for the registering and counting of votes as provided in
11 section 2491 of this chapter.

12 Sec. 6. 17 V.S.A. § 2471 is amended to read:

13 § 2471. GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

14 (a) A consolidated ballot shall be used at a general election, which shall list
15 the several candidates for the offices to be voted upon. ~~The offices of~~
16 ~~president and vice president of the United States, United States senator, United~~
17 ~~States representative, governor, lieutenant governor, state treasurer, secretary~~
18 ~~of state, auditor of accounts, attorney general, state senator, representative to~~
19 ~~the general assembly, judge of probate, assistant judge, state's attorney,~~
20 ~~sheriff, and high bailiff shall be listed in that order. The offices of President~~
21 ~~and Vice President of the United States, U.S. Senator, U.S. Representative,~~

~~Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Treasurer, Secretary of State, Auditor of~~
Accounts, Attorney General, State Senator, Representative to the General
Assembly, Judge of Probate, Assistant Judge, State's Attorney, Sheriff, and
High Bailiff shall be listed in that order. Any statewide public question shall
also be listed on the ballot, before the listing of all offices to be filled. The
ballot shall be prepared at state expense under the direction of the ~~secretary of~~
~~state~~ Secretary of State. The color of the ballot shall be determined by the
~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The printing shall be black. Ballots shall
be printed on index stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators.

* * *

Sec. 7. 17 V.S.A. § 2491 is amended to read:

§ 2491. ~~POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY USE VOTING MACHINES~~
SUBDIVISIONS; VOTE TABULATORS

A ~~town~~ board of civil authority may ~~vote at any annual or special meeting~~
~~to employ electronic devices ("voting machines"), at a meeting held not less~~
~~than 60 days prior to an election and warned pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 801, vote~~
~~to require the political subdivision for which it is elected to use vote tabulators~~
for the registering and counting of votes in subsequent elections. ~~Voting~~
~~machines may be used in combination with the paper ballots described in the~~
~~preceding subchapter, so that each voter may choose whether to use a paper~~
~~ballot or a voting machine to cast his or her vote, if the town so votes.~~

1 ~~Sec. 8. 17 V.S.A. § 2493 is amended to read:~~

2 § 2493. RULES FOR USE OF VOTING MACHINES

3 (a) ~~The secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall adopt rules governing the
4 use and the selection of any voting machine in the ~~state~~ State. These rules
5 shall include requirements that:

6 * * *

7 (6) Establish a process for using voting machines in recounts.

8 * * *

9 Sec. 9. 17 V.S.A. § 2535(b) is amended to read:

10 (b) If necessary, special ballots may be prepared ~~of such different weight of~~
11 ~~paper, or overall size and shape as shall be prescribed by the secretary of state,~~
12 to conform with minimum ~~postal, military, naval, air force or other~~ federal or
13 military regulations and orders covering the transportation of such ballots,
14 provided that the text is identical in substance, except as to type size, with that
15 appearing on the official ballots.

16 Sec. 10. 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 9 is amended to read:

17 Subchapter 9. Recounts and Contest of Elections

18 * * *

19 § 2602b. ASSIGNMENT OF DUTIES

20 (a) The county clerk shall supervise the recount and may appoint a
21 ~~sufficient number of impartial assistants to perform appropriate tasks which~~

1 ~~have not been assigned to recount committee members. The Secretary of State~~
2 shall recruit town clerks to serve as impartial assistants to the county clerk for
3 operating the vote tabulators. The county clerk shall store all ballots, still in
4 their sealed containers, in his or her vault until the day of the recount.

5 * * *

6 § 2602c. PREPARATION FOR RECOUNT

7 (a) Before the recount begins, the county clerk shall explain the recount
8 procedures which are to be followed and shall answer questions relating to
9 such procedures. The county clerk shall use volunteer town clerks to operate
10 and instruct on the use of vote tabulators.

11 (b) ~~The~~ Each recount ~~teams established team~~ shall recount the contents of
12 one container before ~~another container is opened~~ opening another container at
13 its table, shall recount the contents of all the containers relating to one polling
14 place before moving to those of another polling place, and shall complete the
15 recount for one town before moving to material relating to another town.

16 * * *

17 § 2602f. ~~FIRST TALLY~~ RECOUNT BY VOTE TABULATOR

18 (a) ~~The caller shall call the name of the person voted for and/or blank~~
19 ~~ballots, and/or spoiled ballots. The tally person and the double check person~~
20 ~~or persons each shall make a suitable mark for that candidate and/or blank~~
21 ~~ballots, and/or spoiled ballots. Machine-readable ballots from each pile shall be~~

1 ~~fed through a vote tabulator by one team until all machine readable ballots~~
2 from the container have been entered. For ballots unable to be read by a vote
3 tabulator, such as damaged or plain paper ballots, a second team shall collect
4 these ballots from the pile and transfer the voter's choices on those ballots to
5 blank ballots provided by the Secretary of State. After all of the
6 machine-readable ballots have been fed through the machine, the first team
7 shall feed through the machine any transfer ballots created by the second team.
8 The recount teams shall switch roles for each subsequent container of ballots
9 of a polling place that are to be fed through the vote tabulator, if there is more
10 than one container per polling place. This process shall be used until all ballots
11 from a polling place have been tabulated by a vote tabulator.

12 (b) After all ballots from a polling place have been tabulated by a vote
13 tabulator, a recount team shall print the tabulator tape containing the unofficial
14 results and document those results on a tally sheet. Another recount team shall
15 then open the tabulator's ballot box and remove all ballots. The ballots shall
16 then be divided among the recount teams to be examined to find write-in
17 names and markings of voter intent that were not machine readable as outlined
18 in the Secretary of State's vote tabulator guide and most recent elections
19 procedures manual. A caller, tally person, and double-check person shall be
20 used to examine the ballots removed from the ballot box. If the caller and the
21 ~~observer or observers do not agree on how a ballot should be counted, the~~

1 ~~entire team shall review the ballot and if all members agree, it shall be counted~~
2 that way.

3 (c) If one person does not agree, that ballot shall be set aside as a
4 questioned ballot and a copy shall be made, which copy shall be clearly
5 marked on its face identifying it as a copy. ~~Such~~ Any copies shall be placed on
6 the top of the other ballots and shall remain together with the other ballots.
7 Each original ballot deemed questionable shall be attached to a note which
8 identifies it by town, county, polling place, and bag seal number. The originals
9 of these questionable ballots shall be clipped to the summary sheet for that
10 polling place and returned to the court for a final decision.

11 (d) After the court has rendered a final decision on a given questionable
12 ballot, it shall be returned to the county clerk who shall keep it in a sealed
13 container for a period of two years.

14 (e) Write-in votes for preprinted candidates shall be counted as votes for
15 that candidate.

16 (f) If the tally persons do not agree on the number of votes for a candidate
17 on ballots not able to be read by the vote tabulator, the ballots shall be retallied
18 until they do agree. Then the team shall notify the clerk that it has completed
19 ~~the first~~ its recount.

20 * * *

1 ~~Sec. 11. REPEAL~~

2 ~~17 V.S.A. §§ 2492 (legislative branch to obtain voting machines); 2602g~~
3 ~~(second tally); and 26021 (recounts using voting machines) are repealed.~~

4 * * * Correction of Cross-references and

5 Other Technical Corrections * * *

6 Sec. 12. 17 V.S.A. § 1881a is amended to read:

7 § 1881a. SENATORIAL DISTRICTS; NOMINATIONS AND ELECTION

8 * * *

9 (c) Petitions for nominating candidates for ~~senator~~ Senator in the ~~general~~
10 ~~assembly~~ General Assembly by primary ~~under chapter 9 of this title~~ or by
11 certificates of nomination of candidates for that office by convention, caucus,
12 committee, or voters under chapter ~~44~~ 49 of this title may be filed in the office
13 of any county clerk in a senatorial district. On the day after the last day for
14 filing those petitions or certificates for that office, the other county clerk shall
15 notify the senatorial district clerk of the facts concerning those petitions or
16 certificates. The senatorial district clerk shall be responsible for determining
17 the names of candidates and other facts required by law to appear on the ballot
18 for the office of ~~senator~~ Senator, and for obtaining and distributing the ballots
19 to the other clerks in the district. In senatorial districts, the ballots for ~~senator~~
20 Senator in the ~~general assembly~~ General Assembly shall be separate from those
21 ~~for other county officers.~~

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Sec. 13. 17 V.S.A. § 1933 is amended to read:

§ 1933. NONPERFORMANCE OF DUTY BY PUBLIC OFFICER

(a) ~~A~~ Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by the provisions of this title, who ~~wilfully~~ willfully neglects to perform such duty or who ~~wilfully~~ willfully performs it in such a way as to hinder the object of the provisions of this title, shall be fined not more than \$500.00; ~~but,~~

(b) ~~the~~ The provisions of this section shall not apply to a public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by the provisions of ~~chapter 9, section 571 of chapter 11, and chapter 13~~ chapters 47 and 49 of this title, the nonperformance of which is an offense under either of such chapters.

Sec. 14. 17 V.S.A. § 2020 is amended to read:

§ 2020. OFFENSES APPLYING TO PRIMARY ELECTIONS

The provisions of sections 1972-1974 and 2011-2019 of this title chapter shall apply to primary elections held under the provisions of chapter 9 49 of this title, and the word “officer” or “officers,” when used in any of such sections to designate a person or persons to be voted for at an election, shall ~~include a candidate or candidates for nomination by primary election.~~

1 ~~Sec. 15. 17 V.S.A. § 2369 is amended to read:~~

2 § 2369. DETERMINING WINNER; TIE VOTES

3 (a) ~~Persons~~ A person who ~~receive~~ receives a plurality of all the votes cast
4 by a party in a primary shall be ~~candidates~~ a candidate of that party for the
5 office designated on the ballot.

6 (b) If two or more candidates of the same party are tied for the same office,
7 the choice among those tied shall be determined upon five days' notice and not
8 later than 10 days following the primary election by the committee of that
9 party, which shall meet to nominate a candidate from among the tied
10 candidates. The committee that nominates a candidate shall be as follows:

11 (1) ~~Upon five days notice and not later than 10 days following the~~
12 ~~primary election,~~ the state committee of a party; for a state or congressional
13 office;

14 (2) the senatorial district committee for ~~state senate~~ State Senate;

15 (3) the county committee for county office; or

16 (4) the representative district committee for a ~~representative~~
17 Representative to the ~~general assembly shall meet to nominate a candidate~~
18 ~~from among the tied candidates~~ General Assembly.

19 (2)(c) The committee chair shall certify the candidate nomination for the
20 general election to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State within 48 hours of
21 ~~the nomination.~~

1 ~~Sec. 16. 17 V.S.A. § 2565 is amended to read:~~

2 § 2565. DELIVERY OF BALLOTS

3 As each voter passes through the entrance of the guardrail, an election
4 official or officials shall hand him or her one of each kind of ballot. ~~He or they~~
5 The election officials shall also answer any questions a voter may ask
6 concerning the process of voting. The presiding officer shall keep the election
7 officials in charge of furnishing ballots to voters supplied with a sufficient
8 number of blank ballots, keeping the remainder of the blank ballots safely
9 secured until needed.

10 * * * Gender Neutrality * * *

11 Sec. 17. STATUTORY REVISION; GENDER NEUTRALITY; "CHAIR,"
12 "SELECTBOARD MEMBER," ETC.

13 The Office of Legislative Council, in its statutory revision capacity, is
14 directed to make amendments to the Vermont Statutes Annotated to change the
15 terms "chairman" to "chair"; "vice chairman" to "vice chair"; and "selectman"
16 to "selectboard member" and to make similar changes for the purpose of
17 gender neutrality, so long as those changes have no other effect on the meaning
18 of the statutes in which the changes are made. These changes may also be
19 made when new legislation is proposed or when there is a republication of the
20 Vermont Statutes Annotated.

~~*** Effective Dates ***~~

~~Sec. 18. EFFECTIVE DATES~~

~~This act shall take effect on July 1, 2013, except Sec. 17 (statutory revision; gender neutrality; "chair," "selectboard member," etc.), which shall take effect on passage.~~

~~*** Offenses Against the Purity of Elections ***~~

~~Sec. 1. 17 V.S.A. chapter 35 is amended to read:~~

~~Subchapter 1. Penalties Upon Officers~~

~~§ 1931. PRESIDING OFFICER RECEIVING ILLEGAL VOTE~~

~~A presiding officer in a town, village, or school district meeting or in a local, primary, or general election who knowingly receives and counts a vote from a person not a qualified voter or knowingly receives from a voter, at any one balloting for the same office, more than one vote; shall be fined not more than \$100.00 if the offense is committed in a town, village, or school district meeting, local election and not more than \$500.00 if in a primary or general election.~~

~~§ 1932. COUNTING AND TURNING BALLOT BOXES BEFORE PROPER TIME~~

~~A presiding officer at a primary or general election; who allows the ballots for representative to the general assembly General Assembly, state senator, or state, county, or congressional officers to be counted or the ballot box containing the same to be turned before the hour set by the legislative branch Legislative Branch for closing the polls shall be fined not more than \$100.00 \$200.00 nor less than \$20.00.~~

~~§ 1933. NONPERFORMANCE OF DUTY BY PUBLIC OFFICER~~

~~A Except as otherwise provided by this title, a public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by the provisions of this title; who wilfully willfully neglects to perform such duty or who wilfully willfully performs it in such a way as to hinder the object of the provisions of this title; shall be fined not more than \$500.00; but the provisions of this section shall not apply to a public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by the provisions of chapter 9, section 571 of chapter 11, and chapter 13 of this title, the nonperformance of which is an offense under either of such chapters.~~

~~Subchapter 2. Penalties Upon Voters~~

~~§ 1971. CASTING MORE THAN ONE BALLOT~~

~~A legal voter who knowingly casts more than one ballot at any one time of balloting for the same office shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00; if the offense is committed at a primary or general election; and not more than \$100.00; if committed ~~in town meeting~~ at a local election.~~

~~§ 1972. SHOWING BALLOT; INTERFERENCE WITH VOTER~~

~~(a) A voter who, except in cases of assistance as provided in this title, allows his or her ballot to be seen by another person with an apparent intention of letting it be known how he or she is about to vote or makes a false statement to the presiding officer at an election as to his or her inability to mark his or her ballot or places a distinguishing mark on his or her ballot; or a person who interferes with a voter when inside the guard rail or who, within the building in which the voting is proceeding, endeavors to induce a voter to vote for a particular candidate, shall be fined \$1,000.00.~~

~~(b) It shall be the duty of the election officers to see that the offender is duly prosecuted for a violation of this section.~~

~~§ 1973. VOTING IN MORE THAN ONE PLACE~~

~~A person who, on the same day, votes in more than one town, district, or ward for the same office shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00.~~

~~§ 1974. VOTER OMITTED FROM LIST, VOTING IN ANOTHER ~~TOWN~~ POLITICAL SUBDIVISION~~

~~A person who is a resident and entitled to vote in a ~~town~~ political subdivision in which a checklist of voters has been made previous to an election, whose name, through his or her neglect, is not entered thereon, who votes in another ~~town~~ political subdivision at such election; shall be fined not more than \$200.00.~~

~~Subchapter 3. Miscellaneous~~

~~§ 2011. PERJURY BEFORE BOARD MAKING CHECKLIST~~

~~A person who knowingly swears falsely to a fact or matter which may be the subject of inquiry by the board of civil authority or town clerk in revising the checklist as provided in this title shall be guilty of perjury and imprisoned not more than 15 years ~~and~~ or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.~~

~~§ 2012. PROCURING CHANGE IN LIST WRONGFULLY~~

~~A person who, directly or indirectly, procures or causes to be procured or aids in procuring the name of a person to be inserted on a checklist of voters,~~

~~knowing such person not to be a voter in the town political subdivision for which such list is made or, directly or indirectly, procures or causes to be procured or aids in procuring the name of a person to be erased from such list, knowing him or her to be a legal voter in such ~~town~~ political subdivision, shall be fined not more than \$100.00 \$200.00.~~

~~§ 2013. FALSE ANSWER AS TO RIGHT TO VOTE~~

~~A person, who knowingly gives a false answer or information to the presiding officer at a local, primary, or general election or to the authority present to decide upon the qualifications of voters, touching a person's right to vote at such election, shall be fined not more than \$100.00 \$200.00.~~

~~§ 2014. UNQUALIFIED PERSON VOTING~~

~~A person, knowing that he or she is not a qualified voter, who votes at a ~~town, village, or school district meeting or a~~ local, primary, or general election for an officer to be elected at ~~such meeting or~~ that election shall be fined not more than \$100.00 \$200.00.~~

~~§ 2015. FRAUDULENT VOTING~~

~~A person who personates another, living or dead, and gives or offers to give a vote in the name of ~~such~~ that other person or gives or offers to give a vote under a fictitious name at a ~~town, village, or school district meeting or a~~ local, primary, or general election; for an officer to be elected at ~~such meeting or~~ that election; shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$100.00 \$200.00, or both.~~

~~§ 2016. AIDING UNQUALIFIED VOTER TO VOTE~~

~~A person who ~~wilfully~~ willfully aids or abets a person who is not a duly qualified voter in voting or attempting to vote at a local, primary, or general election shall be fined not more than \$100.00 \$200.00.~~

~~§ 2017. UNDUE INFLUENCE~~

~~A person who attempts by bribery, threats, or any undue influence to dictate, control, or alter the vote of a freeman or freewoman about to be given at a local, primary, or general election shall be fined not more than \$200.00.~~

~~§ 2018. USING INTOXICATING LIQUOR TO INFLUENCE VOTES~~

~~A person who, directly or indirectly, gives intoxicating liquor to a freeman or freewoman with intent to influence his or her vote at ~~an~~ a local, primary, or general election ~~specified in section 2017 of this title~~ or as a reward for voting as previously directed; shall be fined not more than \$200.00.~~

~~§ 2019. DESTROYING LISTS; HINDERING VOTING~~

~~A person who, prior to ~~a~~ a local, primary, or general election, willfully defaces or destroys any list of candidates posted in accordance with law or, during ~~an~~ that election, willfully defaces, tears down, removes, or destroys any card posted for the instruction of voters or, during ~~an~~ that election, willfully removes or destroys any of the supplies or conveniences furnished to enable a voter to prepare his or her ballot or willfully hinders the voting of others; shall be fined \$50.00 \$200.00.~~

~~§ 2020. OFFENSES APPLYING TO PRIMARY ELECTIONS~~

~~The provisions of sections 1972-1974 and 2011-2019 of this title shall apply to primary elections held under the provisions of chapter 9 of this title and the word "officer" or "officers," when used in any of such sections to designate a person or persons to be voted for at an election, shall include a candidate or candidates for nomination by primary election. [Repealed.]~~

~~§ 2021. DESTROYING CERTIFICATES OF NOMINATION PRIMARY ELECTION DOCUMENTS; ALTERATION OR DELAY OF BALLOTS~~

~~A person who falsely makes or willfully defaces or destroys a primary petition, certificate of nomination, or nomination paper or any part thereof, or any letter of assent or of withdrawal, or who files a primary petition, a certificate of nomination, nomination paper, letter of assent, or letter of withdrawal; knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made, or who suppresses a primary petition, certificate of nomination, nomination paper, letter of assent, or letter of withdrawal or any part thereof; which has been filed, or forges or falsely makes the official ~~indorsement~~ endorsement upon a ballot to be used at a primary or at an election or willfully destroys or defaces such a ballot or willfully delays the delivery of such ballots; shall be fined \$100.00 \$200.00.~~

~~*** Definitions ***~~

~~Sec. 2. 17 V.S.A. § 2103 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2103. DEFINITIONS~~

~~As used in this title, unless the context or a specific definition requires a different reading:~~

~~***~~

~~(4) "Australian ballot system" means the technique of having the polls open for voting on specified and warned matters during a warned, extended period which may be during or after a municipal meeting, or both. An "Australian ballot" means a uniformly printed ballot, typically confined to the~~

~~secret vote election of specified offices as previously warned to be voted upon by the Australian ballot system. The term "Australian ballot" includes any voting machines ballots counted by a vote tabulator approved for use in any election so conducted in the state State.~~

~~***~~

~~(24) "Political subdivision" means any county, municipality (including cities, towns, and villages), representative district, senatorial district, school district, fire district, water, sewer or utility district, ward, and any consolidation of the foregoing entities authorized under the laws of this state State.~~

~~***~~

~~(35) "Town clerk" means a town officer elected pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 712(2) section 2646 of this title or otherwise elected or appointed by law and performing those duties prescribed by 24 V.S.A. chapter 35.~~

~~***~~

~~(41) "Voter registration agency" or "agency" means all state offices that provide public assistance, all state offices that provide state-funded programs primarily engaged in providing services to persons with disabilities, any federal and nongovernmental offices that have agreed to be designated by the secretary Secretary as a voter registration agency, and any state or local agency designated by the secretary Secretary as a voter registration agency. State and local agencies designated by the secretary Secretary may include: the departments of taxes and unemployment compensation, Departments of Taxes and of Labor and offices that provide services to persons with disabilities other than those that provide state-funded programs primarily engaged in providing services to persons with disabilities.~~

~~***~~

~~(43) "Vote tabulator" means a machine that registers and counts paper ballots and includes optical scan tabulators.~~

~~*** Revisions of Checklists and Voter Registration ***~~

~~Sec. 3. 17 V.S.A. chapter 43, subchapter 2 is amended to read:~~

~~Subchapter 2. Registration of Voters~~

~~§ 2141. POSTING OF CHECKLIST~~

~~(a) At least 30 days before any local, primary, or general election the town clerk shall cause copies of the most recent checklist of the persons qualified to vote to be posted in two or more public places in the town political subdivision in addition to being posted at the town clerk's office; however, in a town~~

~~having a population of less than 5,000 qualified voters, only one checklist in addition to the one posted in the town clerk's office need be posted.~~

~~(b) Upon the checklist shall be stated against the name of each voter, if possible, the street and number of each voter's residence, and otherwise the mailing address of each voter's residence. The town clerk shall make available a copy of the list, together with lists of corrections and additions when made, to the chair of each political party in the town, upon request, free of charge. Additions or amendments to the checklist may be attached to the checklist by means of a separate list. Copies of the list shall be made available to other persons at cost, and~~

~~(c) The town clerk shall make available a copy of the list, together with lists of corrections and additions when made:~~

~~(1) to the chair of each political party in the political subdivision, upon request, free of charge;~~

~~(2) to officers with whom primary petitions are filed under section 2357 of this title, free of charge; and~~

~~(3) to any other person, upon request, at cost.~~

~~§ 2142. REVISION OF CHECKLIST~~

~~(a) The town clerk shall call such meetings of the board of civil authority as may be necessary before an election or at other times for revision of the checklist. At least one meeting shall take place after the deadline for filing applications and before the day of an election, unless no applications have been filed which could take effect before that election.~~

~~(b) Notice of a meeting, along with a copy of the most recent checklist and a separate list of names which have been challenged and may be removed, shall be posted in two or more public places within each voting district and lodged in the town clerk's office.~~

~~(c) A quorum of the board of civil authority shall be as provided in subdivision 2103(5) of this title, and written notice shall be provided to each member as established in 24 V.S.A. § 801.~~

~~§ 2143. POLITICAL REPRESENTATION ON BOARD OF CIVIL AUTHORITY~~

~~(a) If the board of civil authority of any political subdivision does not contain at least three members of each major political party, and the party committee or at least three voters request increased representation for an underrepresented major political party, by filing a written request with the clerk of the political subdivision, the legislative body shall appoint from a list of names submitted to it by the underrepresented party a sufficient number of~~

~~voters to the board of civil authority to bring the underrepresented major party's membership on the board to three. A person's name shall not be submitted unless he or she consents to serve if appointed.~~

~~(b) The persons so appointed shall have the same duties and authority with respect to elections as have other members of the board; they, but those persons shall have no authority with respect to functions of the board of civil authority which are not related to elections.~~

~~***~~

~~§ 2144b. ADDITIONS TO CHECKLIST BY TOWN CLERK~~

~~(a) A town clerk shall review all applications to the voter checklist and shall approve those applications that meet the requirements of this chapter and section 2103 of this title. Once approved, application information shall be added to the statewide voter checklist on an expedited basis. If an applicant has failed upon the date of the election to provide any information required upon the application form pursuant to section 2145 of this title, the town clerk shall notify the applicant that the form was incomplete and the applicant may provide the information on or before the date of the election.~~

~~***~~

~~§ 2145. APPLICATION FORMS~~

~~***~~

~~(c) A board of civil authority or town clerk may not require a person to complete any form other than that approved under subsection (a) of this section or section 2145a of this title; nor may the board of civil authority or the town clerk require all applicants or any particular class or group of applicants to appear personally before a meeting of the board or routinely or as a matter of policy require applicants to submit additional information to verify or otherwise support the information contained in the application form.~~

~~(d) When the board of civil authority acts on an application to add a name to the checklist, it or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall notify the applicant by returning one copy of the completed application to the applicant and shall send one copy of the completed application to the town in which the applicant was last registered to vote, whether within or without the ~~state~~ State of Vermont, before adding the applicant's name and mailing address to the checklist. The original application shall be filed in the office of the town clerk.~~

~~***~~

~~§ 2145a. REGISTRATIONS AT THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR
VEHICLES~~

~~* * *~~

~~(d) The ~~department of motor vehicles~~ Department of Motor Vehicles shall transmit voter registration applications received under this section to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State not later than ~~10~~ five days after the date the application was accepted by the ~~department~~ Department. In the case of a voter registration application accepted within five days before the checklist is closed under section 2144 of this title for a primary or general election, the application shall be transmitted to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State not later than ~~five~~ two days after the date of acceptance or before the close of the checklist, whichever is sooner.~~

~~* * *~~

~~§ 2145b. VOTER REGISTRATION AGENCIES~~

~~(a) Each voter registration agency shall:~~

~~* * *~~

~~(3) Accept completed voter registration applications and transmit completed applications to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State not later than 10 days after the date of acceptance. In the case of an application accepted within five days before the checklist is closed under section 2144 of this title for a primary or general election, the application shall be transmitted to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State not later than five days after the date of acceptance or before the close of the checklist, whichever is sooner.~~

~~* * *~~

~~§ 2145c. SUBMISSION OF VOTER REGISTRATION FORMS BY OTHER
PERSONS OR ORGANIZATIONS~~

~~Any person or any organization other than a voter registration agency that accepts a completed voter registration form on behalf of an applicant shall submit that form to the town clerk of the town of that applicant not later than seven days after the date of acceptance. In the case of an application accepted within five days before the checklist is closed under section 2144 of this title for a primary or general election, the application shall be transmitted to the town clerk of the town of the applicant not later than five days after the date of acceptance or before the close of the checklist, whichever is sooner.~~

~~§ 2146. ACTION OF BOARD OF CIVIL AUTHORITY OR TOWN CLERK
IN REVISING CHECKLIST~~

~~(a) At a meeting to revise the checklist, the board of civil authority shall determine whether any person who has applied to be registered to vote meets the requirements of section 2121 of this title. On demand of a majority of the board present, applicants may be examined under oath concerning the facts stated in the application. The board may make such investigation as it deems proper to verify any statement made under oath by an applicant.~~

~~(b) As soon as possible, after receipt of an application, the board or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall inform an applicant of its action as provided in subsection (d) of section 2145 of this title chapter. If the board rejects an applicant, it shall also notify him or her forthwith, in person or by first class mail directed to the address given in the application, of its reasons. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:~~

~~REJECTION OF APPLICATION FOR ADDITION TO CHECKLIST~~

~~The Board of Civil Authority of,
(Town/City)~~

~~having met on, 20 to consider applications for addition to the checklist, have has found probable cause, as stated below, to reject the application of
(Name)~~

~~Cause for rejection:~~

~~(a) AGE:~~

~~(b) CITIZENSHIP:~~

~~(c) VOTER'S OATH:~~

~~(d) RESIDENCE:~~

~~The Board of Civil Authority will meet on the day of, 20, at o'clock at the following location: to reconsider your application and give you an opportunity to appear before the Board. You may present any information or witnesses you wish at that time, or you may appeal directly to any superior or district judge in this county or district.~~

~~.....
Town Clerk or Chairman of Board
of Civil Authority~~

~~(c) If the notice required under subsection (b) of this section is returned undelivered, the board of civil authority shall proceed to remove the person's name from the checklist in the manner set forth in section 2150 of this title.~~

~~§ 2147. ALTERATION OF CHECKLIST~~

~~(a) Pursuant to section 2150 of this title, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall add to the checklist posted in the town clerk's office the names of the voters added and the names omitted by mistake; and shall strike the names of persons not entitled to vote. The list so corrected shall not be altered except by:~~

~~(1) adding the names of persons as directed by any superior or district judge on appeal;~~

~~(2) adding the names of persons who are legal voters at the election but whose names are further discovered to be omitted from the completed checklist solely through inadvertence or error;~~

~~(3) adding the names of persons who present a copy of a valid application for addition to the checklist of that town that was submitted before the deadline for applications and who otherwise are qualified to be added to the checklist;~~

~~(4) adding, at the polling place, the names of persons who sign a sworn affidavit prepared by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State that they completed and submitted a valid application for addition to the checklist of that town before the deadline for applications and who otherwise are qualified to be added to the checklist;~~

~~(5) subdividing the checklist as provided in section 2501 of this title, including the transfer of names of voters who have moved within a town in which they are already registered from one voting district within that town to another; or~~

~~(6) adding the names of persons who submitted an incomplete application before the deadline for application; and who provide that information on or before election day.~~

~~(b) Any correction or transfer may be accomplished at any time until the closing of the polls on election day. Each voter has primary responsibility to ascertain that his or her name is properly added to and retained on the checklist.~~

~~* * *~~

~~§ 2150. REMOVING NAMES FROM CHECKLIST~~

~~(a) When a voter from one ~~town~~ political subdivision becomes a resident of another ~~town~~ political subdivision and is placed on the checklist there, the town clerk shall send one copy of the voter registration application form or other official notice to the clerk of the ~~town~~ political subdivision where the voter was formerly a resident, and that clerk shall strike the voter's name from the checklist of that ~~town~~ political subdivision. Likewise, when a town clerk receives a copy of the death certificate of a voter, public notice of the death of a voter, or official notice from the ~~department of motor vehicles~~ Department of Motor Vehicles that a voter has authorized his or her address to be changed for voting purposes, the clerk shall strike the voter's name from the checklist. A town clerk shall also strike from the checklist the name of any voter who files a written request that his or her name be stricken.~~

~~(b) The board of civil authority at any time may consider the eligibility of persons on the checklist whom the board believes may be deceased, may have moved from the municipality, or may be registered in another place and may remove names of persons no longer qualified to vote. However, the board shall not remove any name from the checklist except in accordance with the procedures in subsection (d) of this section, and any systematic program for removing names from the checklist shall be completed at least 90 days before an election.~~

~~(c) In addition to any actions it takes under subsections (a) and (b) of this section, by September 15 of each odd-numbered year the board of civil authority shall review the most recent checklist name by name and consider, for each person whose name appears on the checklist, whether that person is still qualified to vote. In every case where the board of civil authority or the town clerk is unable to determine under subdivisions (d)(1) and (2) of this section that a person is still qualified to vote, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall send a written notice to the person and take appropriate action as provided in subdivisions (d)(3) through (5) of this section. The intent is that when this process is completed there will have been some confirmation or indication of continued eligibility for each person whose name remains on the updated checklist.~~

~~(d) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, a board of civil authority shall only remove a name from the checklist in accordance with the following procedure:~~

~~(1) If the board of civil authority is satisfied that a voter whose eligibility is being considered is still qualified to vote in the municipality, the voter's name shall remain on the checklist, and no further action shall be taken.~~

~~(2) If the board of civil authority does not immediately know that the voter is still qualified to vote in the municipality, the board shall attempt to determine with certainty what the true status of the voter's eligibility is. The board of civil authority may consider and rely upon official and unofficial public records and documents, including ~~but not limited to~~, telephone directories, city directories, newspapers, death certificates, obituary (or other public notice of death), tax records, and any checklist or checklists showing persons who voted in any election within the last four years. The board of civil authority may also designate one or more persons to attempt to contact the voter personally. Any voter whom the board of civil authority finds through such inquiry to be eligible to remain on the checklist shall be retained without further action being taken. The name of any voter proven to be deceased shall be removed from the checklist.~~

~~(3) If after conducting its inquiry the board of civil authority or town clerk is unable to locate a voter whose name is on the checklist, or if the inquiry reveals facts indicating that the voter may no longer be eligible to vote in the municipality, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall send a written notice to the voter. The notice shall be sent by first class mail to the most recent known address of the voter asking the voter to verify his or her current eligibility to vote in the municipality. The notice shall be sent with the required United States Postal Service language for requesting change of address information. Enclosed with the notice shall be a postage paid pre-addressed return form on which the voter may reply swearing or affirming the voter's current place of residence as the municipality in question or alternatively consenting to the removal of the voter's name. The notice required by this subsection shall also include the following:~~

~~(A) A statement informing the voter that if the voter has not changed his or her residence, or if the voter has changed his or her residence but the change was within the area covered by the checklist, the voter should return the form to the town clerk's office on or before the date upon which the checklist is closed under section 2144 of this title. The statement shall also inform the voter that if he or she fails to return the form as provided in this subdivision, written affirmation of the voter's address shall be required before the voter is permitted to vote.~~

~~(B) Information concerning how the voter can register to vote in another state or another municipality within this ~~state~~ State.~~

~~(4) If the voter confirms in writing that the voter has changed his or her residence to a place outside the area covered by the checklist, the board of civil authority shall remove the voter's name from the checklist.~~

~~(5) In the case of voters who failed to respond to the notice sent pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection, the board of civil authority shall remove the voter's name from the checklist on the day after the second general election following the date of such notice, if the voter has not voted or appeared to vote in an election since the notice was sent or has not otherwise demonstrated his or her eligibility to remain on the checklist.~~

~~***~~

~~*** Party Organization ***~~

~~Sec. 4. 17 V.S.A. § 2321 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2321. REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT COMMITTEE~~

~~The "representative district committee" of a party shall consist of those members of the town committee residing in a representative district, as finally established by the legislative apportionment board. A representative district committee may encompass less than an entire town or may extend across town lines. Such a committee shall elect its own officers when called upon to meet, but it need not meet unless required to perform some function under this title. Any three members may call the first meeting by giving at least five days written notice to all other members; thereafter, the committee shall meet at the call of the chair.~~

~~*** Nominations ***~~

~~Sec. 5. [Deleted.] 17 V.S.A. § 2351 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2351. PRIMARY ELECTION~~

~~A primary election shall be held on the ~~fourth~~ first Tuesday in August in each even-numbered year for the nomination of candidates of major political parties for all offices to be voted for at the succeeding general election, except candidates for ~~president~~ President and ~~vice president~~ Vice President of the United States, their electors, and justices of the peace.~~

~~Sec. 6. 17 V.S.A. § 2356 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2356. TIME FOR FILING PETITIONS AND STATEMENTS OF NOMINATION~~

~~(a) Primary petitions for major party candidates and statements of nomination from ~~for~~ minor party candidates and independent candidates shall be filed no sooner than the ~~second Monday in May~~ fourth Monday in April and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the ~~second Thursday after the first Monday in June~~ third Thursday after the first Monday in May preceding the primary election prescribed by section 2351 of this title; and not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day prior to the day of a special primary election.~~

~~(b) Statements of nomination for independent candidates shall be filed no sooner than the fourth Monday in April and not later than three days after the date of the primary election as set forth in section 2351 of this chapter.~~

~~(c) A petition or statement of nomination shall apply only to the election cycle in which the petition or statement of nomination is filed.~~

Sec. 6. 17 V.S.A. § 2356 is amended to read:

§ 2356. TIME FOR FILING PETITIONS AND STATEMENTS OF NOMINATION

~~(a) Primary petitions for major party candidates and statements of nomination from for minor party candidates and independent candidates shall be filed no sooner than the second Monday in May and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the second Thursday after the first Monday in June preceding the primary election prescribed by section 2351 of this title chapter, and not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day prior to the day of a special primary election.~~

~~(b) Statements of nomination for independent candidates shall be filed no sooner than the second Monday in May and not later than three days after the date of the primary election prescribed by section 2351 of this chapter.~~

~~(c) A petition or statement of nomination shall apply only to the election cycle in which the petition or statement of nomination is filed.~~

Sec. 7. [Deleted.] 17 V.S.A. § 2358 is amended to read:

~~§ 2358. EXAMINING PETITIONS, SUPPLEMENTARY PETITIONS~~

~~(a) The officer with whom primary petitions are filed shall examine them and ascertain whether they contain a sufficient number of legible signatures. The officer shall not attempt to ascertain whether there are a sufficient number of signatures of actual voters, however, unless the officer has reason to believe that the petitions are defective in this respect.~~

~~(b) If found not to conform, he or she shall state in writing on a particular petition why it cannot be accepted, and within 72 hours from receipt he or she shall return it to the candidate in whose behalf it was filed. In such case, supplementary petitions may be filed not later than 10 five days after the date for filing petitions. However, supplementary petitions shall not be accepted if petitions with signatures of different persons totaling at least the required number were not received by the filing deadline.~~

~~(c) A signature shall not count for the purpose of meeting the requirements of section 2355 of this title if the officer with whom primary petitions are filed:~~

~~(1) cannot identify the name of the person who signed; or~~

~~(2) if necessary, determines that the person is not on the checklist of the town which the person indicates as his or her town of residence.~~

~~(d) An officer with whom primary petitions may be filed may obtain from the appropriate town clerks certified copies of current checklists as needed to verify the adequacy of primary petitions; town. Town clerks who are asked by a filing officer to furnish certified copies of checklists for this purpose shall furnish the copies promptly and without charge.~~

~~Sec. 8. [Deleted.] 17 V.S.A. § 2368 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2368. CANVASSING COMMITTEE MEETINGS~~

~~After the primary election is conducted,:~~

~~(1) the canvassing committee for state and national offices and statewide public questions shall meet at 10 a.m. one week on the second Tuesday after the day of the election. The;~~

~~(2) the canvassing committee for county offices and countywide public questions and state senator shall meet at 10 a.m. on the third day following the election. The; and~~

~~(3) the canvassing committees for local offices and local public questions, including state representative, shall meet at 10 a.m. on the day after the election, except that in the case of canvassing committees for state representative in multi-town representative districts, the committees shall meet at 10 a.m. on the third day after the election.~~

~~Sec. 9. 17 V.S.A. § 2370 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2370. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES~~

~~A write-in candidate shall not qualify as a primary winner unless he or she receives at least one-half the number of votes as the number of signatures required for his or her office on a primary petition, except that if a write-in candidate receives more votes than a candidate whose name is printed on the ballot, he or she may qualify as a primary winner. The write-in candidate who qualifies as a primary winner under this section must still be determined a winner under section 2369 of this title before he or she becomes the party's candidate in the general election.~~

~~Sec. 10. 17 V.S.A. § 2413 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2413. NOMINATION OF JUSTICES OF THE PEACE~~

~~(a)(1) The party members in each town, on or before the first Tuesday of August in each even-numbered year each primary election, upon the call of the town committee, may meet in caucus and nominate candidates for justice of the peace.~~

~~(2) The committee shall give notice of the caucus as provided in subsection (d) of this section and the chairman by posting notice at the office of the town clerk and two other public places in the town at least five days prior to the caucus. In addition, for towns with over 3,000 voters, the committee shall post this notice at least one day prior to the caucus in a newspaper of general circulation within the town and on the municipality's website, if the municipality actively updates its website on a regular basis.~~

~~(3) The chair and secretary of the committee shall file the statements required in section 2385 of this title not later than 5:00 p.m. on the third day following the primary election.~~

~~(b) If it does not hold a caucus as provided in subsection (a) of this section, the town committee shall meet and nominate candidates for justices of the peace as provided in sections 2381 through 2385 of this title. At least three days prior to this meeting, the town committee shall provide notice of the meeting by e-mailing or mailing committee members and by posting notice of the meeting in the office of the town clerk and in two other public places in the town.~~

~~(c) In any town in which a political party has not formally organized, any three members of the party who are voters in the town may call a caucus to nominate candidates for justice of the peace by giving notice as required in subsection (d) (b) of this section. Upon meeting, the caucus shall first elect a chairman chair and a secretary. Thereafter the caucus shall nominate its candidates for justice of the peace, and cause its chairman chair and secretary to file the statements required in section 2385 of this title not later than 5:00 p.m. on the third day following the primary election.~~

~~(d) When a caucus is held to nominate candidates for justice of the peace, the town committee or other persons calling the caucus shall post the notice of caucus in at least three public places in the town, not less than seven days before the date of the caucus; in towns having a population of more than 1,000, they shall also publish the notice of caucus in a newspaper having general circulation in the town, not less than three days before the date of the caucus. [Repealed.]~~

* * * Standardized Ballots and Vote Tabulators * * *

Sec. 11. 17 V.S.A. § 2362 is amended to read:

§ 2362. PRIMARY BALLOTS

~~(a) The ballots shall be prepared and furnished to the towns by the secretary of state Secretary of State and shall contain the names of all candidates for nomination at the primary. Ballots shall be printed on index stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators. A separate ballot for~~

~~each major political party in the same format as is used for optical scan
tabulator ballots shall be printed in substantially the following form:~~

~~OFFICIAL VERMONT PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOT~~

~~VOTE ON ONE PARTY BALLOT ONLY AND PLACE IN BALLOT BOX OR
VOTE TABULATOR~~

~~ALL OTHER PARTY BALLOTS MUST BE PLACED IN UNVOTED BALLOT
BOX~~

~~_____
[MAJOR POLITICAL PARTY NAME]~~

~~Instructions to voters: To vote for a candidate whose name is printed on the
ballot, mark a cross (X) or fill in the oval at the right of that person's name
and party designation. To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on
the ballot, write the person's name on the blank line in the appropriate block.
When there are two or more persons to be elected to one office, you may vote
for any number of candidates up to and including the maximum number.~~

~~(b) Following the names of candidates printed on the ballot after the name
of each office to be filled, shall be as many blank lines for write-in candidates
as there are persons to be elected to that office. If no primary petition is filed
for an office or for a candidate belonging to a party, the ballot shall contain
the name of the office and blank lines for write-in candidates.~~

~~Sec. 12. 17 V.S.A. § 2363 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2363. SEPARATE PARTY BALLOTS~~

~~(a) The names of all candidates of a party shall be printed upon one ballot.
Each section shall bear in print larger than any other print on the ballot the
words VOTE IN ONE PARTY ONLY OR YOUR BALLOT WILL BE VOID in a
prominent place on the ballot. The voter shall vote for the candidates of one
party only. A person voting at the primary shall not be required to indicate his
party choice to any election official.~~

~~(b) All voting machines used in primary elections shall be so equipped that
the voter can cast his or her vote for candidates within one party only, and
without disclosing the party for whose candidates he or she is casting his or
her vote. [Repealed.]~~

~~Sec. 13. 17 V.S.A. § 2471 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2471. GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT~~

~~(a)(1) A consolidated ballot shall be used at a general election, which shall list the several candidates for the offices to be voted upon. The offices of president and vice president of the United States, United States senator, United States representative, governor, lieutenant governor, state treasurer, secretary of state, auditor of accounts, attorney general, state senator, representative to the general assembly, judge of probate, assistant judge, state's attorney, sheriff, and high bailiff shall be listed in that order. The offices of President and Vice President of the United States, U.S. Senator, U.S. Representative, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Treasurer, Secretary of State, Auditor of Accounts, Attorney General, State Senator, Representative to the General Assembly, Judge of Probate, Assistant Judge, State's Attorney, Sheriff, and High Bailiff shall be listed in that order. Any statewide public question shall also be listed on the ballot, before the listing of all offices to be filled.~~

~~(2) The ballot shall be prepared at state expense under the direction of the secretary of state Secretary of State. The color of the ballot shall be determined by the secretary of state Secretary of State. The printing shall be black. Ballots shall be printed on index stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators. The font shall be at least 10 points for candidate names unless a name exceeds 24 characters, in which case the candidate may change his or her consent form name to 24 characters or less, or the font may be reduced as needed to fit the candidate name space.~~

~~* * *~~

~~Sec. 14. 17 V.S.A. § 2472 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2472. CONTENTS~~

~~* * *~~

~~(b)(1) Each office to be voted upon shall be separately indicated and preceded by the word "For", as: "For United States Senator." Beneath the office to be voted upon shall appear the instructions: "Vote for not more than (the number of candidates to be elected)."~~

~~(2) The names of the candidates for each office shall be listed in alphabetical order by surname followed by the candidate's town of residence, and the party or parties by which the candidate has been nominated, or in the case of independent candidates who have not chosen some other name or identification, by the word "Independent."~~

~~(3) To the right of the party designation shall be an oval in which the voter may indicate his or her choice by making a cross (X) or filling in the oval if tabulators are being used.~~

~~(4) No A candidate's name shall not appear on the ballot more than once for any one office.~~

~~* * *~~

~~(d) The ballot shall be printed in the same format as required for optical scan tabulators. The font shall be at least 10 points for candidate names unless a name exceeds 24 characters, in which case the candidate may change his or her consent form name to 24 characters or less, or the font may be reduced as needed to fit the candidate name space. [Repealed.]~~

~~(e) When an article is to be voted on and the legislative body determines that the article is too long or unwieldy to show in full on the ballot, it shall be sufficient for the ballot to show the article by the number and title for that article as they were listed in the warning for the election. However, the complete article shall be posted in a conspicuous place within each voting booth.~~

~~Sec. 15. 17 V.S.A. § 2474 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2474. CHOICE OF PARTY~~

~~(a)(1) A person nominated by any means for the same office by more than one political party may elect, not later than the ~~second~~ first Friday following the primary election ~~may elect~~, the party or parties in which the nominee will be a candidate. The nominee shall notify in writing the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State or town clerk, as the case may be, of such choice, and only the party or parties which the nominee so elects shall be printed next to the nominee's name on the ballot.~~

~~(2) If the nominee does not notify the Secretary of State or the town clerk of his or her choice of party, the Secretary of State shall print on the ballot those parties next to the nominee's name by listing major parties first in a manner to be determined by the Secretary of State.~~

~~(b) A candidate for state or congressional office who is the nominee of two or more political parties shall file with the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State, not later than the ~~second~~ first Friday following the primary election, a statement designating for which party the votes cast for him or her shall be counted for the purposes of determining whether his or her designated party shall be a major political party. The party so designated shall be the first party to be printed immediately after the candidate's name on the ballot. If a candidate does not file the statement before the second Friday following the~~

~~primary, the secretary of state Secretary of State shall designate by lot the party to be printed immediately after the candidate's name.~~

~~Sec. 16. 17 V.S.A. § 2478 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2478. NUMBER OF PAPER BALLOTS TO BE PRINTED AND FURNISHED~~

~~* * *~~

~~(e) No voting shall occur in any general election which does not use printed ballots. [Repealed.]~~

~~Sec. 17. 17 V.S.A. § 2481 is added to read:~~

~~§ 2481. PRINTED BALLOTS REQUIRED~~

~~Except in the case of voice votes from the floor or voting at a floor meeting by paper ballot at a local election, no voting shall occur in any local, primary, or general election which does not use printed ballots.~~

~~Sec. 18. 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 3 is amended to read:~~

~~Subchapter 3. Voting Machines Vote Tabulators~~

~~§ 2491. POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY USE VOTING MACHINES
SUBDIVISIONS; VOTE TABULATORS~~

~~(a) A town may vote at any annual or special meeting to employ electronic devices ("voting machines") vote tabulators for the registering and counting of votes in subsequent elections. Voting machines may be used in combination with the paper ballots described in the preceding subchapter, so that each voter may choose whether to use a paper ballot or a voting machine to cast his or her vote, if the town so votes.~~

~~(b)(1) The Office of the Secretary of State shall pay the following costs associated with this section by using federal Help America Vote Act funds, as available:~~

~~(A) full purchase and warranty cost of vote tabulators, ballot boxes, and two memory cards for each town;~~

~~(B) annual maintenance costs of vote tabulators for each town; and~~

~~(C) the first \$500.00 of the first pair of a vote tabulator's memory cards' configuration costs for each primary and general election.~~

~~(2) A town shall pay the remainder of any cost not covered by subdivision (1) of this subsection.~~

~~§ 2493. RULES FOR USE OF VOTING MACHINES VOTE
TABULATORS~~

~~(a) The secretary of state Secretary of State shall adopt rules governing the use and the selection of any voting machine vote tabulator in the state State. These rules shall include requirements that:~~

~~(1) All municipalities that have voted to use a voting machine vote tabulator shall use a uniform voting machine approved by the secretary of state Secretary of State.~~

~~(2)(A) The secretary of state Secretary of State shall provide for the security of voting machines vote tabulators at all times. Voting machines Vote tabulators, not including the ballot box portion, shall be locked in a vault or a secure location at all times when not in use. The secretary of state may Secretary of State shall conduct a random postelection audit of any polling place election results for a primary or general election within 30 days of the election.~~

~~(B) If the secretary Secretary determines that a random audit shall be conducted of the election results in a town or city, the town clerk shall direct two members of the board of civil authority to transport the ballot bags to the office of the secretary of state Secretary not later than 10:00 a.m. on the morning when the secretary Secretary has scheduled the audit. The secretary Secretary shall open the ballot bags and conduct the audit in the same manner as ballots are counted under sections 2581 through 2588 of this ~~title~~ chapter. The secretary of state Secretary shall publicly announce the results of the audit as well as the results from the original return of the vote. If the secretary Secretary finds that the audit indicates that there was possible fraud in the count or return of votes, ~~the secretary~~ he or she shall refer the results to the ~~attorney general~~ Attorney General for possible prosecution.~~

~~(3) All voting machines vote tabulators shall be set to reject a ballot that contains an overvote and provide the voter the opportunity to correct the overvote, have the ballot declared spoiled, and obtain another ballot. If an early voter absentee ballot contains an overvote, the elections official shall override the voting machine vote tabulator and count all races except any race that contains an overvote.~~

~~(4) All voting machines vote tabulators shall be set not to reject undervotes.~~

~~(5) Establish a process for municipalities using voting machines vote tabulators, whereby markings on ballots that are unreadable by a machine~~

~~may be transferred by a pair of election officials, who are not members of the same political party, to ballots that are readable by the machine.~~

~~(b) Each ~~voting machine~~ vote tabulator shall be tested using official ballots that are marked clearly as "test ballots" at least 10 days prior to an election.~~

~~(c) The same vote tabulator used in any local, primary, or general election shall not be used in a recount of that election.~~

~~(d) A vote tabulator shall be a stand-alone device that shall not be connected to any other device or connections such as wireless connections, cable connections, cellular telephones, or telephone lines.~~

~~(e) A municipality only may use a vote tabulator as provided in this title which registers and counts votes cast on paper ballots and which otherwise meets the requirements of this title. A municipality shall not use any type of voting machine on which a voter casts his or her vote.~~

~~§ 2494. CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER LAWS~~

~~(a) Except as this subchapter affects the method of registering votes and ascertaining the result, the laws of this ~~state~~ State pertaining to elections shall be applicable. The laws pertaining to early or absentee voters shall in no way be affected by this subchapter, and votes cast by early or absentee voters shall be counted with votes ~~registered~~ counted on voting machines vote tabulators.~~

~~(b) In towns using ~~voting machines~~ vote tabulators, the board of civil authority may vote to open polling places at 5:00 a.m., provided that at least three elections officials are present, two of whom are from different parties. If all early voter absentee ballots have not been deposited into the ~~voting machines~~ vote tabulators before the closing of the polls at 7:00 p.m., the elections officials shall continue to deposit ballots using the same procedure as provided in subsection 2561(b) of this title, treating each ballot as a voter waiting to cast his or her ballot at the close of the polls.~~

~~§ 2495. FORM OF BALLOT~~

~~(a) In any town which uses voting machines at its elections, it shall be unnecessary for a question submitted to the voters to be shown in full upon the voting machine or the ballot. It shall be sufficient if the article in the warning for the meeting or election at which the question is submitted is referred to by number and title. However, the complete warning shall be posted in a conspicuous place within the voting booth.~~

~~(b) Notwithstanding section 2472 of this title, ballots to be counted by means of electronic or electromechanical devices may be of such size or composition as is suitable for the type of device used. [Repealed.]~~

~~§ 2499. MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS FOR VOTING MACHINES
TRANSFER OF PAPER BALLOTS FROM VOTE TABULATORS~~

~~The presiding officer, with the assistance of at least two election officials, may transfer voted ballots from the box attached to the voting machine vote tabulator to another secure ballot box or secured ballot bag whenever necessary during election day in order to allow the machine vote tabulator to continue to function properly.~~

~~Sec. 19. SECRETARY OF STATE, REPORT ON PROCESSES FOR USING
VOTE TABULATORS IN RECOUNTS AND FOR CONDUCTING
AUDITS~~

~~(a) The Secretary of State by January 15, 2014 shall report to the Senate and House Committees on Government Operations on:~~

~~(1) his or her proposed process for using vote tabulators in recounts and for the certification of vote tabulators. The Secretary shall consider whether and under what circumstances a town may be permitted to conduct a recount by counting ballots by hand in lieu of using vote tabulators; and~~

~~(2) his or her proposed process for conducting audits of elections. The Secretary shall specifically consider the use of risk-limiting audits.~~

~~(b) In considering the processes set forth in subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section, the Secretary shall consult with stakeholders interested in those processes.~~

~~Sec. 19. SECRETARY OF STATE; REPORT ON PROCESSES FOR USING
VOTE TABULATORS IN RECOUNTS; FOR CONDUCTING AUDITS; AND
FOR VOTING BY MAIL~~

~~(a) The Secretary of State by January 15, 2014 shall report to the Senate and House Committees on Government Operations on:~~

~~(1) his or her proposed process for using vote tabulators in recounts and for the certification of vote tabulators. The Secretary shall consider whether and under what circumstances a town may be permitted to conduct a recount by counting ballots by hand in lieu of using vote tabulators;~~

~~(2) his or her proposed process for conducting audits of elections. The Secretary shall specifically consider the use of risk-limiting audits; and~~

~~(3) statistics regarding increased voter participation in other jurisdictions which use voting by mail and the feasibility and cost of implementing voting by mail in this State.~~

~~(b) In considering the processes set forth in subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section, the Secretary shall consult with stakeholders interested in those processes.~~

~~Sec. 20. 17 V.S.A. § 2535 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2535. FORM OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS AND
ENVELOPES; FEDERAL OR MILITARY REQUIREMENTS~~

~~* * *~~

~~(b) If necessary, special ballots may be prepared of such different weight of paper, or overall size and shape as shall be prescribed by the secretary of state, to conform with minimum postal, military, naval, air force or other federal or military regulations and orders covering the transportation of such ballots, provided that the text is identical in substance, except as to type size, with that appearing on the official ballots.~~

~~Sec. 21. 17 V.S.A. § 2567 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2567. REGISTERING VOTES ON VOTING MACHINES VOTING
SYSTEMS FOR VOTERS WITH DISABILITIES~~

~~(a) If a voter is to register his or her vote upon a voting machine, he or she shall proceed, immediately upon being admitted within the guardrail, to a voting machine not occupied by another voter. The voter shall then register his or her vote according to the instructions provided to voters with the machine. Upon leaving the voting machine, he or she shall proceed directly to the exit of the guardrail. [Repealed.]~~

~~(b) All polling places, regardless of whether the municipality has voted to use a voting machine pursuant to section 2492 of this title, shall possess at least one voting system approved by the secretary of state Secretary of State equipped for individuals with disabilities, including accessibility for the blind and visually impaired, to vote independently and privately.~~

~~Sec. 22. 17 V.S.A. § 2573 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2573. NO COUNTING BEFORE POLLS CLOSE~~

~~In towns using paper ballots that do not use vote tabulators, the ballot boxes shall not be opened nor the ballots counted before the closing of the polls. In towns using voting machines vote tabulators, the machine counts shall not be viewed or printed before the closing of the polls.~~

~~Sec. 23. 17 V.S.A. § 2583 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2583. OFFICIAL CHECKLIST TO BE TALLIED~~

~~* * *~~

~~(b) If in the case of voting machines an exit checklist is not used, as provided by section 2496 of this title, read out sheets and other machine materials which are used to provide equivalent security shall be sealed and stored with the ballots and tally sheets. [Repealed.]~~

~~Sec. 24. 17 V.S.A. § 2701 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2701. PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY; TIME OF HOLDING~~

~~In presidential election years, a presidential primary for each major political party shall be held in all municipalities on the first Tuesday in March. The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall prepare and distribute for use at the primary an official ballot for each party for which one or more candidates qualify for the placing of their names on the ballot under section 2702 of this title. Ballots shall be printed on index stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators.~~

~~* * * Polling Places * * *~~

~~Sec. 25. 17 V.S.A. § 2502 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2502. LOCATION OF POLLING PLACES~~

~~(a) Each polling place shall be located in a public place within the town.~~

~~(b) The board of civil authority shall take such measures as are necessary to assure that elderly and handicapped voters may conveniently and secretly cast their votes. Measures which may be taken shall include, ~~but are not limited to:~~ location of polling places on the ground floor of a building; providing ramps, elevators, or other facilities for access to the polling place; providing a stencil overlay for ballots; providing a separate polling place with direct communication to the main polling place; and permitting election officials to carry a ballot to a handicapped or elderly person in order to permit that person to mark the ballot while in a motor vehicle adjacent to the polling place. For purposes of this subsection, the board of civil authority shall have full jurisdiction on the day of an election over the premises at which a polling place is located.~~

~~(c)(1) Thirty days prior to a local, primary, or general election, the town clerk shall submit to the Secretary of State a list of polling places within the municipality that will be used in that election. The list shall include the name of the polling location, its physical address, and the time the polling place will open.~~

~~(2) A municipality may only change the location of a polling place less than 30 days prior to an election in cases of emergency. If a municipality changes the location of a polling place less than 30 days prior to the election, the town clerk shall notify the Secretary of State within 24 hours of the change and provide the new polling place information. The Secretary of State shall inform the state chairs of Vermont's major political parties of any changes made to polling places that he or she is aware of made less than 30 days prior to an election.~~

~~(3) The Secretary of State shall provide on his or her official website a list of polling places that will be used in any primary or general election within the State.~~

~~*** Early or Absentee Voters ***~~

~~Sec. 26. 17 V.S.A. § 2532 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2532. APPLICATIONS; FORM~~

~~(a)(1) An early or absentee voter, or an authorized family member or health care provider acting in the voter's behalf, may apply for an early voter absentee ballot by telephone, in person, or in writing. "Family member" here means a person's spouse, children, brothers, sisters, parents, spouse's parents, grandparents, and spouse's grandparents. Any other authorized person may apply in writing or in person.~~

~~(2) The application shall be in substantially the following form:~~

~~REQUEST FOR EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOT~~

~~Name of early or absentee voter: _____~~

~~Current address: _____~~

~~Residence (if different): _____~~

~~Date: _____~~

~~If applicant is other than early or absentee voter:~~

~~Name of applicant: _____~~

~~Address of applicant: _____~~

~~Relationship to early or absentee voter: _____~~

~~Organization, if applicable: _____~~

~~Date: _____ Signature of applicant: _____~~

~~(2)(3) If the application is made by telephone or in writing, the information supplied must be in substantial conformance with the information requested on this form.~~

* * *

~~(g)(1) Any person who applies for an early voter absentee ballot without authorization from the early or absentee voter shall be fined not more than \$100.00 per violation for the first three violations; not more than \$500.00 per violation for the fourth through ninth violations; and not more than \$1,000.00 per violation for the tenth and subsequent violations.~~

~~(g)(1) Any person who applies for an early voter absentee ballot knowing it is without authorization from the early or absentee voter shall be fined not more than \$100.00 per violation for the first three violations; not more than \$500.00 per violation for the fourth through ninth violations; and not more than \$1,000.00 per violation for the tenth and subsequent violations.~~

~~(2) The Attorney General or a state's attorney, whenever he or she has reason to believe any person to be or to have been in violation of this provision, may conduct a civil investigation in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 2806 of this title.~~

~~Sec. 27. 17 V.S.A. § 2534 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2534. LIST OF EARLY OR ABSENTEE VOTERS~~

~~(a) The Secretary of State shall maintain on his or her official state website a statewide list of early or absentee voters for each primary election, presidential primary election, and general election. The list shall contain the state voter identification, name, registration address, address the ballot was mailed to, and legislative district of each voter.~~

~~(b) Upon receipt of the valid applications the town clerk shall make a list of the early or absentee voters. The list shall include each voter's name and address. A copy of the list shall be available upon request at the town clerk's office and, on election day, in each polling place in the town update the Secretary of State's statewide list of early or absentee voters by a method approved by the Secretary of State.~~

~~Sec. 28. 17 V.S.A. § 2546 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2546. DEPOSIT OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS IN BALLOT BOX~~

~~(a)(1)(A) No sooner than 30 days before the opening of polls on election day, the town clerk of a municipality with at least 300 registered voters on its checklist may direct two election officials working together to open the outside envelope in order to sort early voter absentee ballots by ward and district, may data enter the return of the ballots by the voter, may determine that the certificate has been signed, and may place the inside envelopes in various secure containers to be transported to the polling places on election day.~~

~~(B) No sooner than 48 hours before the opening of polls on election day, a town clerk in all other municipalities may direct two election officials working together to open the outside envelope and remove the certificate envelope in order to determine that an early voter absentee ballot certificate has been properly signed by the early voter, and that the name of the early voter appears on the checklist.~~

~~(2) The election officials shall check the name of the early voter off the entrance checklist and place the sealed envelope into a secure container marked "checked in early voter absentee ballots" to be transported to the polling place on election day.~~

~~(3) Upon opening of the polls on election day, ballots from this container shall be opened by election officials, who are not members of the same political party, and deposited either into the ballot box or into the voting machine vote tabulator.~~

~~(b) The town clerk or presiding officer shall deliver the unopened early voter absentee ballots to the election officials at the place where the entrance checklist is located.~~

~~(1) If the ballots are in a container marked "checked in early voter absentee ballots," two election officials from different political parties shall open the envelopes and deposit the ballots into the ballot box or into the voting machine vote tabulator.~~

~~(2) If the ballots have not been previously checked off the entrance checklist and if an election official determines that the certificate on the envelope is signed by the early voter, the name of the early voter appears on the checklist, and the early voter is not a first-time voter in the municipality who registered by mail, the election official shall mark the checklist, open the envelope, and deposit the ballot in the proper ballot box or voting machine vote tabulator.~~

~~(3) If the early voter is a first-time voter who registered by mail, the election official shall determine whether the identification required under subdivision 2563(1) of this title has been submitted by the voter. Upon ascertaining that the proper identification has been submitted by the voter, the election official shall mark the checklist, open the envelope, and deposit the ballot in the proper ballot box or voting machine vote tabulator. If the proper identification has not been submitted, the ballot shall be treated as a provisional ballot, as provided in subchapter 6A of this chapter.~~

~~(c) All early voter absentee ballots shall be commingled with the ballots of voters who have voted in person.~~

~~*** Count and Return of Votes ***~~

~~Sec. 29. 17 V.S.A. § 2588 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2588. FILING RETURNS~~

~~(a) In towns that count all ballots by hand, as the count of votes for each office or public question is completed, the presiding officer and at least one other election official shall collect the tally sheets, enter the totals shown on the tally sheets upon the summary sheets, add and enter the sum of the figures, and sign the summary sheets. As each summary sheet is completed, the presiding officer shall publicly announce the results.~~

~~(b) In towns that use vote ~~tabulating machines~~ tabulators, after the close of the polls and after all remaining absentee or transfer ballots have been fed into the ~~machine~~ vote tabulator, the presiding officer shall insert the ender card and the tabulator will print a tape of unofficial results. The presiding officer shall print at least two additional copies of the tabulator tape. The unofficial results from the tape may be publicly announced, and one copy of the printed tape may be posted in the polling place upon a placard that clearly states: "Unofficial incomplete results."~~

~~(c)(1) The town clerk shall immediately report the unofficial vote counts of all candidates whose names appeared on the ballot to the Secretary of State by electronically submitting the vote counts on the Secretary's online elections reporting system or, if unable to submit electronically, by submitting those vote counts to the Secretary of State by telephone, facsimile, or email.~~

~~(2) The Secretary shall ensure that any vote counts submitted by telephone, facsimile, or email are entered into his or her online elections reporting system as soon as practicable after he or she receives them.~~

~~(3) The Secretary's online elections reporting system shall cause the unofficial vote counts to be posted immediately on the Secretary's official website as soon as those vote counts are submitted.~~

~~(d) The presiding officer and one other election official then shall proceed either to complete the return at once, or to store the summary sheets in a safe and secure place until their retrieval for completion of the return. In any event, no later than 24 hours after the polls close, the presiding officer and at least one other election official shall transfer the totals from the summary sheets to the proper spaces on the return, and both shall sign the return. The town clerk shall store the summary sheets safely so that the public cannot reasonably have access to them for a period of 90 days without the town clerk's consent. The original of the return shall be delivered to the town clerk. In a manner prescribed by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State and within 48 hours of the close of the polls, the town clerk shall deliver to the ~~secretary~~~~

~~of state Secretary of State, the senatorial district clerk, the county clerk, and the representative district clerk one certified copy each of the return. The town clerk shall also make a copy available to the public upon request.~~

~~Sec. 30. 17 V.S.A. § 2593 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2593. PARTICIPATION TO BE ENTERED ON STATEWIDE
CHECKLIST BY TOWN CLERK~~

~~Not later than 60 days after ~~the~~ a primary election, presidential primary, or general election, the town clerk shall indicate on the town or municipal checklist of the statewide checklist each voter's participation, participation method, and political party of ballot taken, if applicable, in the primary election, presidential primary, or general election by a method approved by the secretary of state Secretary of State.~~

~~*** Recounts ***~~

~~Sec. 31. 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 9 is amended to read:~~

~~Subchapter 9. Recounts and Contest of Elections~~

~~§ 2601. RECOUNTS~~

~~(a) In an election for statewide office, county office, or state senator, if the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate and the number of votes cast for a losing candidate is less than two percent of the total votes cast for all the candidates for an office, divided by the number of persons to be elected, that losing candidate shall have the right to have the votes for that office recounted.~~

~~(b) In an election for all other offices, if the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate and the number of votes cast for a losing candidate is less than five percent of the total votes cast for all the candidates for an office, divided by the number of persons to be elected, that losing candidate shall have the right to have the votes for that office recounted.~~

~~§ 2602. PROCEDURE FOR RECOUNTS~~

~~***~~

~~(c) The superior court shall set an early date for the recount, notifying all candidates at least five days in advance. The court shall order the town clerk or clerks having custody of the ballots to be recounted ~~to appoint two election officials who are not members of the same political party who shall or their designees~~ to transport them to the county clerks of their respective counties before the day set for the recount. County clerks shall store all ballots, still in their sealed containers, in their vaults until the day of the recount. The court~~

~~shall appoint a sufficient number of impartial voters as a committee to recount the votes.~~

~~***~~

~~(i) ~~The secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall bear the costs of recounts covered under this chapter.~~

~~***~~

~~§ 2602b. ASSIGNMENT OF DUTIES~~

~~(a) The county clerk shall supervise the recount and may appoint a sufficient number of impartial assistants to perform appropriate tasks which have not been assigned to recount committee members. The county clerk shall recruit town clerks to serve as impartial assistants to the county clerk for operating the vote tabulators. The county clerk shall store all ballots, still in their sealed containers, in his or her vault until the day of the recount.~~

~~***~~

~~§ 2602c. PREPARATION FOR RECOUNT~~

~~(a) Before the recount begins, the county clerk shall explain the recount procedures which are to be followed and shall answer questions relating to such procedures. The county clerk shall use volunteer town clerks to operate and instruct on the use of vote tabulators.~~

~~(b) ~~The~~ Each recount team established team shall recount the contents of one container before ~~another container is opened~~ opening another container at its table, shall recount the contents of all the containers relating to one polling place before moving to those of another polling place, and shall complete the recount for one town before moving to material relating to another town.~~

~~***~~

~~§ 2602f. FIRST TALLY RECOUNT BY VOTE TABULATOR~~

~~(a) ~~The caller shall call the name of the person voted for and/or blank ballots, and/or spoiled ballots. The tally person and the double-check person or persons each shall make a suitable mark for that candidate and/or blank ballots, and/or spoiled ballots~~ Machine-readable ballots from each pile shall be fed through a vote tabulator by one team until all machine-readable ballots from the container have been entered. For ballots unable to be read by a vote tabulator, such as damaged or plain paper ballots, a second team shall collect these ballots from the pile and transfer the voter's choices on those ballots to blank ballots provided by the Secretary of State. After all of the machine-readable ballots have been fed through the machine, the first team shall feed through the machine any transfer ballots created by the second~~

~~team. The recount teams shall switch roles for each subsequent container of ballots of a polling place that are to be fed through the vote tabulator, if there is more than one container per polling place. This process shall be used until all ballots from a polling place have been tabulated by a vote tabulator.~~

~~(b) After all ballots from a polling place have been tabulated by a vote tabulator, a recount team shall print the tabulator tape containing the unofficial results and document those results on a tally sheet. Another recount team shall then open the tabulator's ballot box and remove all ballots. The ballots shall then be divided among the recount teams to be examined to find write-in names and markings of voter intent that were not machine readable as outlined in the Secretary of State's vote tabulator guide and most recent elections procedures manual. A caller, tally person, and double-check person shall be used to examine the ballots removed from the ballot box. If the caller and the observer or observers do not agree on how a ballot should be counted, the entire team shall review the ballot and if all members agree, it shall be counted that way.~~

~~(c) If one person does not agree, that ballot shall be set aside as a questioned ballot and a copy shall be made, which copy shall be clearly marked on its face identifying it as a copy. ~~Such~~ Any copies shall be placed on the top of the other ballots and shall remain together with the other ballots. Each original ballot deemed questionable shall be attached to a note which identifies it by town, county, polling place, and bag seal number. The originals of these questionable ballots shall be clipped to the summary sheet for that polling place and returned to the court for a final decision.~~

~~(d) After the court has rendered a final decision on a given questionable ballot, it shall be returned to the county clerk who shall keep it in a sealed container for a period of two years.~~

~~(e) Write-in votes for preprinted candidates shall be counted as votes for that candidate.~~

~~(f) If the tally persons do not agree on the number of votes for a candidate on ballots not able to be read by the vote tabulator, the ballots shall be retallied until they do agree. Then the team shall notify the clerk that it has completed ~~the first~~ its recount.~~

~~* * *~~

~~§ 2602k. AFTER THE RECOUNT~~

~~* * *~~

~~(b) After the recount, the county clerk shall seal the ballots and other materials back in the containers and store them in the county clerk's vault until returned to the towns. The county clerk shall return all ballots to the~~

~~respective town clerks after issuance of the court's judgment, together with a copy of the judgment. The ~~state police~~ respective town clerks or their designees shall transport the ballots to the towns from which they came.~~

~~***~~

~~Sec. 32. REPEAL~~

~~17 V.S.A. §§ 2492 (legislative branch to obtain voting machines); 2602g (second tally); and 2602l (recounts using voting machines) are repealed.~~

~~*** Local Elections ***~~

~~Sec. 33. 17 V.S.A. § 2640 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2640. ANNUAL MEETINGS~~

~~(a) A meeting of the legal voters of each town shall be held annually on the first Tuesday of March for the election of officers and the transaction of other business, and it may be adjourned to another date. When a ~~town~~ municipality fails to hold an annual meeting, a warning for a subsequent meeting shall be issued immediately, and at that meeting all the officers required by law may be elected and its business transacted.~~

~~***~~

~~Sec. 34 17 V.S.A. § 2646 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2646. TOWN OFFICERS; QUALIFICATION; ELECTION~~

~~At the annual meeting, a town shall choose from among its ~~legally-qualified~~ registered voters the following town officers, who shall serve until the next annual meeting and until successors are chosen, unless otherwise provided by law:~~

~~***~~

~~Sec. 35. 17 V.S.A. § 2660 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2660. CONDUCT OF ELECTION~~

~~(a) When voting is at a floor meeting by paper ballot, the polls shall be kept open a reasonable time and reasonable notice shall be given before they close.~~

~~(b) When election is by ballot, a majority of all votes cast for any office shall be required for an election, unless otherwise provided by law; provided that when there is but one nominee for an office, unless objection is made, the legal voters may vote to instruct the town clerk to cast one ballot for such nominee and upon such ballot being cast he or she shall be declared elected.~~

~~***~~

~~Sec. 36. 17 V.S.A. § 2661 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2661. RECONSIDERATION OR RESCISSION OF VOTE~~

~~(a) A warned article voted on at an annual or special meeting of a municipality shall not be submitted to the voters for reconsideration or rescission at the same meeting after the assembly has begun consideration of another article. If the voters have begun consideration of another article, the original article may only be submitted to the voters at a subsequent annual or special meeting duly warned for the purpose and called by the legislative body on its own motion or pursuant to a petition requesting such reconsideration or rescission signed and submitted in accordance with subsection (b) of this section. A vote taken at an annual or special meeting shall remain in effect unless rescinded or amended.~~

~~* * *~~

~~(f) A municipality shall not reconsider a vote to elect a local officer.~~

~~Sec. 37. 17 V.S.A. § 2681 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2681. NOMINATIONS; PETITIONS; CONSENTS~~

~~(a)(1) Nominations of the municipal officers shall be by petition. The petition shall be filed with the municipal clerk, together with the endorsement, if any, of any party or parties in accordance with the provisions of this title, no later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Monday preceding the day of the election, which shall be the filing deadline.~~

~~(2) The candidate shall also file a written consent to the printing of the candidate's name on the ballot, no later than 5:00 p.m. on the Wednesday after the filing deadline.~~

~~(3) A petition shall contain the name of only one candidate, and the candidate's name shall appear on the petition as it does on the voter checklist. A voter shall not sign more than one petition for the same office, unless more than one nomination is to be made, in which case the voter may sign as many petitions as there are nominations to be made for the same office.~~

~~(b) A petition shall contain at least 30 valid signatures of voters of the municipality or one percent of the legal voters of the municipality, whichever is less. The candidate, prior to circulating his or her petitions, shall print on them his or her name as it appears on the voter checklist and shall indicate clearly on them which office he or she is seeking. If there are different lengths of term available for an office the candidate must indicate clearly the length of term as well.~~

~~* * *~~

~~Sec. 38. 17 V.S.A. § 2681a is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2681a. LOCAL ELECTION BALLOTS~~

~~* * *~~

~~(b)(1) On the local election ballot, the candidate's name shall appear as provided in his or her consent form.~~

~~(2) The board of civil authority may vote to list a street address for each candidate, or the town of residence of each candidate, or no residence at all for each candidate.~~

~~* * *~~

~~Sec. 39. 17 V.S.A. § 2682 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2682. PROCESS OF VOTING; APPOINTMENTS~~

~~(a) Election expenses shall be assumed by the municipality.~~

~~(b) Returns shall be filed with the town clerk.~~

~~(c) In a municipal election controlled by this subchapter, the person receiving the greatest number of votes for an office shall be declared elected to that office; and a certificate of election need not be issued. ~~However, in order to be elected a write-in candidate must receive 30 votes or the votes of one percent of the registered voters in the municipality, whichever is less.~~~~

~~(d) In the event no person files a petition for an office which is to be filled at the annual or special meeting of a municipality, and if no person is otherwise elected to fill the office, a majority of the legislative body of the municipality may appoint a voter of the municipality to fill the office until the next annual meeting.~~

~~(e) If there is a tie vote for any office, the legislative body, or in its stead, the municipal clerk, shall within seven days warn a runoff election to be held not less than 15 days nor more than 22 days after the warning. The only candidates in the runoff election shall be those who were tied in the original election. However, if one of the candidates that are tied withdraws his or her candidacy within five days after the election, the town clerk shall certify the other tied candidate as the winner, and there shall be no runoff election.~~ [Repealed.]

~~(f) When the same number of persons are nominated for any town office as there are positions to be filled, the presiding officer may declare the whole slate of candidates elected without making individual tallies, provided each person on the slate has more votes than the largest number of write-in votes for any one write-in candidate.~~

~~Sec. 40. 17 V.S.A. § 2682a is added to read:~~

~~§ 2682a. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES~~

~~*Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2682 of this subchapter, in order to be elected, a write-in candidate must receive 30 votes or the votes of one percent of the registered voters in the municipality, whichever is less.*~~

~~Sec. 41. 17 V.S.A. § 2682b is added to read:~~

~~§ 2682b. TIE VOTES FOR LOCAL OFFICE~~

~~*If there is a tie vote for any office, the legislative body or, in its stead, the municipal clerk shall within seven days warn a runoff election to be held not less than 15 days nor more than 22 days after the warning. The only candidates in the runoff election shall be those who were tied in the original election. However, if one of the candidates that are tied withdraws his or her candidacy within five days after the election, the town clerk shall certify the other tied candidate as the winner, and there shall be no runoff election.*~~

~~Sec. 42. 17 V.S.A. § 2685 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2685. INSPECTION OF BALLOTS~~

~~*At the time and place specified by the clerk, the board of civil authority shall break the seal, open the ballot container, and recount the votes, unless the candidate who petitions for a recount requests that the recount be conducted by optical scanner vote tabulator. The petitioner, the opposing candidates, and their designated representatives may inspect the ballots and observe the recount under the guidance of the board. The board shall certify the result to the clerk, who shall declare the result. After the recount the board shall seal the ballots and other materials back in the containers and the town clerk shall safely store them as provided in section 2590 of this title.*~~

~~Sec. 43. 17 V.S.A. § 2688 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2688. RECOUNT ON QUESTION SUBMITTED~~

~~*(a) A registered voter or, in the case of a union school district, at least one registered voter from each member of the union district may demand a recount of ballots on any question submitted to the vote of a town the municipality using the Australian ballot system, if the margin by which the question passed or failed is less than five percent of the total votes cast on the question.*~~

~~*(b) The request shall be filed with the municipal clerk within 10 days after the vote. The procedure shall be the same as in the case of recount of the votes cast for a candidate at an election.*~~

~~*(c) The petitioner and his or her designated representative and a voter representing the other side of the question voted upon and his or her*~~

~~designated representative may inspect the vote and observe the recount under the guidance of the board of civil authority.~~

~~*** Presidential Elections ***~~

~~Sec. 44. 17 V.S.A. § 2716 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2716. NOTIFICATION TO SECRETARY OF STATE~~

~~Not later than 5:00 p.m. on the 47th ~~60th~~ 55th day before the day of the general election, the ~~chairman~~ chair of the state committee of each major political party shall certify in writing to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State the names of the presidential and vice presidential nominees selected at the party's national convention.~~

~~*** Warning Requirements in Newspapers ***~~

~~Sec. 45. 17 V.S.A. § 1840 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 1840. INTERIM PUBLICATION~~

~~Within 90 days following adjournment without day of any session of the ~~general assembly~~ General Assembly in which articles of amendment to the ~~constitution~~ Constitution have been proposed by the ~~senate~~ Senate and concurred in by the ~~house~~ House, the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall prepare copies of the proposal or proposals of amendment and forward them, with a summary of proposed changes, for publication to the principal daily newspapers published in the ~~state~~ State, as determined by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The proposal or proposals shall be so published once each week for three successive weeks in each of the papers at the expense of the ~~state~~ State and on the websites of the General Assembly and the Office of the Secretary of State.~~

~~Sec. 46. 17 V.S.A. § 1844 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 1844. PUBLICATION IN NEWSPAPERS AND ON STATE WEBSITES;
BALLOTS~~

~~(a) The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall between September 25 and October 1 in any year in which a vote on ratification of an article of amendment is taken, prepare copies of the proposal of amendment and forward them, with a summary of proposed changes, for publication to the principal daily newspapers published in the ~~state~~ State, as determined by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The proposal shall be so published once each week for three successive weeks in each of the papers at the expense of the ~~state~~ State and on the websites of the General Assembly and the Office of the Secretary of State. ~~He or she~~~~

~~(b) The Secretary of State shall cause ballots to be prepared for a vote by the freemen and freewomen upon the proposal of amendment.~~

~~Sec. 47. 17 V.S.A. § 2302 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2302. STATE CHAIRMAN CHAIR TO CALL CAUCUS~~

~~The chairman chair of the state committee of a party shall set a date for members of the party to meet in caucus in their respective towns, which date shall be between September 10 and September 30, inclusive, in each odd numbered year. At least 14 days before the date set for the caucuses, the state chairman chair shall mail a notice of the date and purpose of the caucuses to each town clerk and to each town chairman chair of the party, and shall cause the notice to be published in at least two newspapers having general circulation within the ~~state~~ State and in at least one electronic news media website that specializes in news of the State.~~

~~Sec. 48. 17 V.S.A. § 2303 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2303. TOWN CHAIRMAN CHAIR TO GIVE NOTICE~~

~~(a) The town chairman chair or, if unavailable, or if the records of the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State show there is no chairman chair, any three voters of the town, shall arrange to hold a caucus on the day designated by the state chairman chair, in some public place within the town, and shall set the hour of the caucus.~~

~~(b) At least five days before the day of the caucus, the chairman town chair shall post a notice of the date, purpose, time, and place of the caucus in the town clerk's office and in at least one other public place in town. In towns of 1,000 or more population, he or she shall also publish the notice in a newspaper having general circulation in the town.~~

~~(c) If three voters arrange to call the caucus, the voters shall designate one of their number to perform the duties prescribed above for the town chairman chair.~~

~~Sec. 49. 17 V.S.A. § 2309 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2309. FIRST MEETING OF COUNTY COMMITTEE~~

~~(a) The chairman chair of the state committee shall set a date, not more than 30 days after the date of the party's caucuses, for the first meeting of each county committee. The state chairman chair shall notify the chairmen chairs of the county committees of the date of the meeting and shall publish notice in at least two newspapers with general circulation within the ~~state~~ State and in at least one electronic news media website that specializes in news of the State. The chairman chair of the county committee shall set the hour and place of the~~

~~meeting and shall notify all delegates elect by mail not less than 10 days prior to the meeting.~~

~~(b) At the time and place set for the meeting, the delegates shall proceed to elect their officers and perfect an organization for the ensuing two years. All officers and other members of the county committee and all delegates to the state committee shall be voters of the county.~~

~~Sec. 50. 17 V.S.A. § 2641 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2641. WARNING AND NOTICE REQUIRED; PUBLICATION OF
WARNINGS~~

~~(a) The legislative body of a municipality shall warn a meeting by posting a warning and notice in at least two public places in the town, and in or near the town clerk's office, not less than 30 nor more than 40 days before the meeting. If a town has more than one polling place and the polling places are not all in the same building, the warning and notice shall be posted in at least two public places within each voting district and in or near the town clerk's office.~~

~~(b) In addition, the warning shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality at least five days before the meeting, unless the warning is published in the town report, or otherwise distributed in written form to all town or city postal patrons at least 10 days before the meeting. The legislative body annually shall designate the paper in which such a warning may be published. The warning shall also be posted on the municipality's website, if the municipality actively updates its website on a regular basis.~~

~~(c) No such warning shall be required for municipal informational meetings at which no voting is to take place.~~

~~*** Lobbyists ***~~

~~Sec. 51. 2 V.S.A. § 264 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 264. REPORTS OF EXPENDITURES, COMPENSATION, AND GIFTS;
EMPLOYERS; LOBBYISTS~~

~~***~~

~~(b) An employer shall disclose for the period of the report the following information:~~

~~(1) A total of all lobbying expenditures made by the employer in each of the following categories:~~

~~(A) advertising, including television, radio, print, and electronic media;~~

~~(B) expenses incurred for telemarketing, polling, or similar activities if the activities are intended, designed, or calculated, directly or indirectly, to influence legislative or administrative action. The report shall specify the amount, the person to whom the amount was paid, and a brief description of the activity; and~~

~~(C) contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the employer and:~~

~~(i) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(ii) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or~~

~~(iii) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member;~~

~~(D) the total amount of any other lobbying expenditures.~~

~~(2) The total amount of compensation paid to lobbyists or lobbying firms for lobbying. The employer shall report the name and address of each lobbyist or lobbying firm to which the employer pays compensation. It shall be sufficient to include a prorated amount based on the value of the time devoted to lobbying where compensation is to be included for a lobbyist or lobbying firm whose activities under this chapter are incidental to regular employment or other responsibilities to the employer.~~

~~(3) An itemized list of every gift the value of which is greater than \$15.00, made by or on behalf of the employer to or at the request of one or more legislators or administrative officials or a member of a legislator's or administrative official's immediate family. With respect to each gift, the employer shall report the date the gift was made, the nature of the gift, the value of the gift, the identity of any legislators or administrative officials who requested the gift, and the identity of any recipients of the gift. Monetary gifts, other than political contributions, shall be prohibited.~~

~~(4) Contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the employer and:~~

~~(A) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(B) a legislator's or administrator's spouse; or~~

~~(C) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member.~~

~~(c) A lobbyist shall disclose for the period of the report the following information:~~

~~(1) A total of all lobbying expenditures made by the lobbyist in each of the following categories:~~

~~(A) advertising, including television, radio, print, and electronic media;~~

~~(B) expenses incurred for telemarketing, polling, or similar activities if the activities are intended, designed, or calculated, directly or indirectly, to influence legislative or administrative action. The report shall specify the amount, the person to whom the amount was paid, and a brief description of the activity; and~~

~~(C) contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbyist and:~~

~~(i) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(ii) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or~~

~~(iii) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member;~~

~~(D) the total amount of any other lobbying expenditures.~~

~~(2) The total amount of compensation paid to a lobbyist, who is not employed by, subcontracted by, or affiliated with a lobbying firm, for lobbying, including the name and address of each registered employer who engaged the services of the lobbyist reporting. It shall be sufficient to include a prorated amount based on the value of the time devoted to lobbying where compensation is to be included for a lobbyist whose activities under this chapter are incidental to other responsibilities to the employer. A lobbyist who is employed by, subcontracted by, or affiliated with a lobbying firm shall not report individual compensation. The total compensation paid to the lobbying firm shall be reported pursuant to section 264b of this title.~~

~~(3) An itemized list of every gift, the value of which is greater than \$15.00, made by or on behalf of a lobbyist to or at the request of one or more legislators or administrative officials or a member of the legislator's or administrative official's immediate family. With respect to each gift, the lobbyist shall report the date the gift was made, the nature of the gift, the value of the gift, the identity of any legislators or administrative officials who requested the gift, and the identity of any recipients of the gift. Monetary gifts, other than political contributions, shall be prohibited.~~

~~(1) Contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbyist and:~~

~~(A) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(B) a legislator's or administrator's spouse; or~~

~~(C) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member.~~

~~***~~

~~Sec. 52. 2 V.S.A. § 264b is amended to read:~~

~~§ 264b. LOBBYING FIRM LISTINGS; REPORTS OF EXPENDITURES,
COMPENSATION, AND GIFTS; LOBBYING FIRMS~~

~~***~~

~~(b) Every lobbying firm shall file a disclosure report on the same day as lobbyist disclosure reports are due under subsection 264(a) of this title which shall include:~~

~~(1) A total of all lobbying expenditures made by the lobbying firm in each of the following categories:~~

~~(A) advertising, including television, radio, print, and electronic media;~~

~~(B) expenses incurred for telemarketing, polling, or similar activities if the activities are intended, designed, or calculated, directly or indirectly, to influence legislative or administrative action. The report shall specify the amount, the person to whom the amount was paid, and a brief description of the activity; and~~

~~(C) contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbying firm and:~~

~~(i) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(ii) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or~~

~~(iii) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member;~~

~~(D) the total amount of any other lobbying expenditures.~~

~~(2) The total amount of compensation paid to a lobbying firm for lobbying with the name and address of each registered employer who engaged the services of the lobbying firm reporting. It shall be sufficient to include a~~

~~prorated amount based on the value of the time devoted to lobbying where compensation is to be included for a lobbying firm whose activities under this chapter are incidental to other responsibilities to the employer.~~

~~(3) An itemized list of every gift the value of which is greater than \$15.00, made by or on behalf of the lobbying firm to or at the request of one or more legislators or administrative officials or a member of a legislator's or administrative official's immediate family. With respect to each gift, the lobbying firm shall report the date the gift was made, the nature of the gift, the value of the gift, the identity of any legislators or administrative officials who requested the gift, and the identity of any recipients of the gift. Monetary gifts, other than political contributions, shall be prohibited.~~

~~(4) Contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbying firm and:~~

~~(A) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(B) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or~~

~~(C) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member.~~

~~*** Correction of Cross-References and
Other Technical Corrections ***~~

~~Sec. 53. 17 V.S.A. § 1881a is amended to read:~~

~~§ 1881a. SENATORIAL DISTRICTS; NOMINATIONS AND ELECTION~~

~~***~~

~~(c) Petitions for nominating candidates for ~~senator~~ Senator in the ~~general assembly~~ General Assembly by primary ~~under chapter 9 of this title or by~~ certificates of nomination of candidates for that office by convention, caucus, committee, or voters under chapter ~~44~~ 49 of this title may be filed in the office of any county clerk in a senatorial district. On the day after the last day for filing those petitions or certificates for that office, the other county clerk shall notify the senatorial district clerk of the facts concerning those petitions or certificates. The senatorial district clerk shall be responsible for determining the names of candidates and other facts required by law to appear on the ballot for the office of senator, and for obtaining and distributing the ballots to the other clerks in the district. In senatorial districts, the ballots for senator in the ~~general assembly~~ General Assembly shall be separate from those for other county officers.~~

~~***~~

~~Sec. 54. 17 V.S.A. § 2369 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2369. DETERMINING WINNER; TIE VOTES~~

~~(a) Persons A person who ~~receive~~ receives a plurality of all the votes cast by a party in a primary shall be ~~candidates~~ a candidate of that party for the office designated on the ballot.~~

~~(b) If two or more candidates of the same party are tied for the same office, the choice among those tied shall be determined upon five days' notice and not later than 10 days following the primary election by the committee of that party, which shall meet to nominate a candidate from among the tied candidates. The committee that nominates a candidate shall be as follows:~~

~~(1) Upon five days notice and not later than 10 days following the primary election, the state committee of a party, for a state or congressional office;~~

~~(2) the senatorial district committee for state senate;~~

~~(3) the county committee for county office; or~~

~~(4) the representative district committee for a representative to the general assembly shall meet to nominate a candidate from among the tied candidates General Assembly.~~

~~(2)(c) The committee chair shall certify the candidate nomination for the general election to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State within 48 hours of the nomination.~~

~~Sec. 55. 17 V.S.A. § 2565 is amended to read:~~

~~§ 2565. DELIVERY OF BALLOTS~~

~~As each voter passes through the entrance of the guardrail, an election official or officials shall hand him or her one of each kind of ballot. ~~He or they~~ The election officials shall also answer any questions a voter may ask concerning the process of voting. The presiding officer shall keep the election officials in charge of furnishing ballots to voters supplied with a sufficient number of blank ballots, keeping the remainder of the blank ballots safely secured until needed.~~

~~*** Gender Neutrality ***~~

~~Sec. 56. STATUTORY REVISION; GENDER NEUTRALITY; "CHAIR," "SELECTBOARD MEMBER," ETC.~~

~~The Office of Legislative Council, in its statutory revision capacity, is directed to make amendments to the Vermont Statutes Annotated to change the terms "chairman" to "chair"; "vice chairman" to "vice chair"; and~~

~~“selectman” to “selectboard member” and to make similar changes for the purpose of gender neutrality, so long as those changes have no other effect on the meaning of the statutes in which the changes are made. These changes may also be made when new legislation is proposed or when there is a republication of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.~~

~~*** Use of “Town” vs. “Municipality” or “Political Subdivision” ***~~

~~Sec. 57. TOWN VS. MUNICIPALITY OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION~~

~~The Office of Legislative Council is directed to search the statutes within Title 17 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated for the use of the word “town” and, in consultation with the Office of the Secretary of State, prepare by November 15, 2013 a draft bill that would replace the word “town” with the word “municipality” or with the term “political subdivision” where the context of a statute is meant to include or should apply to a political subdivision of the State other than a town, as that term is defined in 17 V.S.A. § 2103.~~

~~*** Effective Dates ***~~

~~Sec. 58. EFFECTIVE DATES~~

~~This act shall take effect on July 1, 2013, except:~~

~~(1) this section and Secs. 56 (statutory revision; gender neutrality; “chair,” “selectboard member,” etc.) and 57 (town vs. municipality or political subdivision) shall take effect on passage; and~~

~~(2) Secs. 27 (amending 17 V.S.A. § 2534) and 30 (amending 17 V.S.A. § 2503) shall take effect on January 15, 2015.~~

~~*** Offenses Against the Purity of Elections ***~~

~~Sec. 1. 17 V.S.A. chapter 35 is amended to read:~~

~~CHAPTER 35. OFFENSES AGAINST THE PURITY OF ELECTIONS~~

~~Subchapter 1. Penalties Upon Officers~~

~~§ 1931. PRESIDING OFFICER RECEIVING ILLEGAL VOTE~~

~~A presiding officer in a town, village, or school district meeting or in a local, primary, or general election who knowingly receives and counts a vote from a person not a qualified voter or knowingly receives from a voter, at any one balloting for the same office, more than one vote, shall be fined not more than \$100.00 if the offense is committed in a town, village, or school district meeting, local election and not more than \$500.00 if in a primary or general election.~~

**§ 1932. COUNTING BALLOTS AND TURNING OPENING BALLOT
BOXES BEFORE PROPER TIME**

A presiding officer at a primary or general election; who allows the ballots for representative to the general assembly General Assembly, state or State, county, or congressional officers to be counted or, except as provided in section 2499 of this title, the ballot box containing the same to be ~~turned~~ opened before the ~~hour set by the legislative branch for~~ closing of the polls shall be fined not more than ~~\$100.00~~ \$200.00 nor less than \$20.00.

§ 1933. NONPERFORMANCE OF DUTY BY PUBLIC OFFICER

A ~~Except as otherwise provided by this title~~, a public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by the provisions of this title; who ~~wilfully~~ willfully neglects to perform such duty or who ~~wilfully~~ willfully performs it in such a way as to hinder the object of the provisions of this title; shall be fined not more than \$500.00; ~~but the provisions of this section shall not apply to a public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by the provisions of chapter 9, section 571 of chapter 11, and chapter 13 of this title, the nonperformance of which is an offense under either of such chapters.~~

Subchapter 2. Penalties Upon Voters

§ 1971. CASTING MORE THAN ONE BALLOT

A legal voter who knowingly casts more than one ballot at any one time of balloting for the same office shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00; if the offense is committed at a primary or general election; and not more than \$100.00; if committed ~~in town meeting~~ at a local election.

§ 1972. SHOWING BALLOT; INTERFERENCE WITH VOTER

(a) A voter who, except in cases of assistance as provided in this title, allows his or her ballot to be seen by another person with an apparent intention of letting it be known how he or she is about to vote or makes a false statement to the presiding officer at an election as to his or her inability to mark his or her ballot or places a distinguishing mark on his or her ballot; or a person who interferes with a voter when inside the guard rail or who, within the building in which the voting is proceeding, endeavors to induce a voter to vote for a particular candidate, shall be fined \$1,000.00.

(b) It shall be the duty of the election officers to see that the offender is duly prosecuted for a violation of this section.

§ 1973. VOTING IN MORE THAN ONE PLACE

A person who, on the same day, votes in more than one town, district, or ward for the same office shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00.

*§ 1974. VOTER OMITTED FROM LIST, VOTING IN ANOTHER ~~TOWN~~
POLITICAL SUBDIVISION*

A person who is a resident and entitled to vote in a ~~town~~ political subdivision in which a checklist of voters has been made previous to an election, whose name, through his or her neglect, is not entered thereon, who votes in another ~~town~~ political subdivision at such election; shall be fined not more than \$200.00.

Subchapter 3. Miscellaneous

§ 2011. PERJURY BEFORE BOARD MAKING CHECKLIST

A person who knowingly swears falsely to a fact or matter which may be the subject of inquiry by the board of civil authority or town clerk in revising the checklist as provided in this title shall be guilty of perjury and imprisoned not more than 15 years ~~and~~ or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.

§ 2012. PROCURING CHANGE IN LIST WRONGFULLY

A person who, directly or indirectly, procures or causes to be procured or aids in procuring the name of a person to be inserted on a checklist of voters, knowing such person not to be a voter in the ~~town~~ political subdivision for which such list is made or, directly or indirectly, procures or causes to be procured or aids in procuring the name of a person to be erased from such list, knowing him or her to be a legal voter in such ~~town~~ political subdivision, shall be fined not more than ~~\$100.00~~ \$200.00.

§ 2013. FALSE ANSWER AS TO RIGHT TO VOTE

A person who knowingly gives a false answer or information to the presiding officer at a local, primary, or general election or to the authority present to decide upon the qualifications of voters, touching a person's right to vote at such election, shall be fined not more than ~~\$100.00~~ \$200.00.

§ 2014. UNQUALIFIED PERSON VOTING

A person, knowing that he or she is not a qualified voter, who votes at a ~~town, village, or school district meeting or a~~ local, primary, or general election for an officer to be elected at ~~such meeting or that~~ election shall be fined not more than ~~\$100.00~~ \$200.00.

§ 2015. FRAUDULENT VOTING

A person who personates another, living or dead, and gives or offers to give a vote in the name of ~~such~~ that other person or gives or offers to give a vote under a fictitious name at a ~~town, village, or school district meeting or a~~ local, primary, or general election; for an officer to be elected at ~~such meeting or~~

that election; shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than ~~\$100.00~~ \$200.00, or both.

§ 2016. AIDING UNQUALIFIED VOTER TO VOTE

A person who ~~willfully~~ willfully aids or abets a person who is not a duly qualified voter in voting or attempting to vote at a local, primary, or general election shall be fined not more than ~~\$100.00~~ \$200.00.

§ 2017. UNDUE INFLUENCE

A person who attempts by bribery, threats, or any undue influence to dictate, control, or alter the vote of a freeman or freewoman about to be given at a local, primary, or general election shall be fined not more than \$200.00.

§ 2018. ~~USING INTOXICATING LIQUOR TO INFLUENCE VOTES~~

~~A person who, directly or indirectly, gives intoxicating liquor to a freeman with intent to influence his or her vote at an election specified in section 2017 of this title or as a reward for voting as previously directed, shall be fined not more than \$200.00. [Repealed.]~~

§ 2019. DESTROYING LISTS; HINDERING VOTING

A person who, prior to ~~an~~ a local, primary, or general election, willfully defaces or destroys any list of candidates posted in accordance with law or, during ~~an~~ that election, willfully defaces, tears down, removes, or destroys any card posted for the instruction of voters or, during ~~an~~ that election, willfully removes or destroys any of the supplies or conveniences furnished to enable a voter to prepare his or her ballot or willfully hinders the voting of others; shall be fined ~~\$50.00~~ \$200.00.

§ 2020. ~~OFFENSES APPLYING TO PRIMARY ELECTIONS~~

~~The provisions of sections 1972-1974 and 2011-2019 of this title shall apply to primary elections held under the provisions of chapter 9 of this title and the word "officer" or "officers," when used in any of such sections to designate a person or persons to be voted for at an election, shall include a candidate or candidates for nomination by primary election. [Repealed.]~~

*§ 2021. ~~DESTROYING CERTIFICATES OF NOMINATION~~
DESTRUCTION OF OR FRAUDULENT ACTS PERTAINING TO
PRIMARY ELECTION DOCUMENTS; ALTERATION OR
DELAY OF BALLOTS*

A person who falsely makes or willfully defaces or destroys a primary petition, certificate of nomination, or nomination paper or any part thereof, or any letter of assent or of withdrawal, or who files a primary petition, ~~a~~ certificate of nomination, nomination paper, letter of assent, or letter of

withdrawal, knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made, or who suppresses a primary petition, certificate of nomination, nomination paper, letter of assent, or letter of withdrawal or any part thereof; which has been filed, or forges or falsely makes the official ~~indorsement~~ endorsement upon a ballot to be used at a primary or at an election or willfully destroys or defaces such a ballot or willfully delays the delivery of such ballots; shall be fined ~~\$100.00~~ \$200.00.

** * * Definitions * * **

Sec. 2. 17 V.S.A. § 2103 is amended to read:

§ 2103. DEFINITIONS

As used in this title, unless the context or a specific definition requires a different reading:

** * **

(4) “Australian ballot system” means the technique of having the polls open for voting on specified and warned matters during a warned, extended period which may be during or after a municipal meeting, or both. An “Australian ballot” means a uniformly printed ballot, typically confined to the secret vote election of specified offices as previously warned to be voted upon by the Australian ballot system. The term “Australian ballot” includes any ~~voting machines~~ ballots counted by a vote tabulator approved for use in any election so conducted in the ~~state~~ State.

** * **

(24) “Political subdivision” means any county, municipality (including cities, towns, and villages), representative district, senatorial district, school district, fire district, water, sewer or utility district, ward, and any consolidation of the foregoing entities authorized under the laws of this ~~state~~ State.

** * **

(35) “Town clerk” means a town officer elected pursuant to ~~24 V.S.A. § 712(2)~~ section 2646 of this title or otherwise elected or appointed by law and performing those duties prescribed by 24 V.S.A. chapter 35.

** * **

(41) “Voter registration agency” or “agency” means all state offices that provide public assistance, all state offices that provide state-funded programs primarily engaged in providing services to persons with disabilities, any federal and nongovernmental offices that have agreed to be designated by the ~~secretary~~ Secretary as a voter registration agency, and any state or local

agency designated by the ~~secretary~~ Secretary as a voter registration agency. State and local agencies designated by the ~~secretary~~ Secretary may include: ~~the departments of taxes and unemployment compensation,~~ Departments of Taxes and of Labor and offices that provide services to persons with disabilities other than those that provide state-funded programs primarily engaged in providing services to persons with disabilities.

* * *

(43) "Vote tabulator" means a machine that registers and counts paper ballots and includes optical scan tabulators.

* * * Revisions of Checklists and Voter Registration * * *

Sec. 3. 17 V.S.A. chapter 43, subchapter 2 is amended to read:

Subchapter 2. Registration of Voters

§ 2141. POSTING OF CHECKLIST

(a) At least 30 days before any local, primary, or general election the town clerk shall cause copies of the most recent checklist of the persons qualified to vote to be posted in two or more public places in the ~~town~~ municipality in addition to being posted at the town clerk's office; however, in a ~~town~~ municipality having a population of less than 5,000 qualified voters, only one checklist in addition to the one posted in the town clerk's office need be posted.

(b) Upon the checklist shall be stated against the name of each voter, if possible, the street and number of each voter's residence, and otherwise the mailing address of each voter's residence. ~~The town clerk shall make available a copy of the list, together with lists of corrections and additions when made, to the chair of each political party in the town, upon request, free of charge.~~ Additions or amendments to the checklist may be attached to the checklist by means of a separate list. ~~Copies of the list shall be made available to other persons at cost, and~~

(c) The town clerk shall make available a copy of the list, together with lists of corrections and additions when made:

(1) to the chair of each political party in the municipality, upon request, free of charge;

(2) to officers with whom primary petitions are filed under section 2357 of this title, free of charge; and

(3) to any other person, upon request, at cost.

§ 2142. REVISION OF CHECKLIST

(a) The town clerk shall call such meetings of the board of civil authority as may be necessary before an election or at other times for revision of the checklist. At least one meeting shall take place after the deadline for filing applications and before the day of an election, unless no applications have been filed which could take effect before that election.

(b) Notice of a meeting, along with a copy of the most recent checklist and a separate list of names which have been challenged and may be removed, shall be posted in two or more public places within each voting district and ~~lodged~~ in the town clerk's office.

(c) A quorum of the board of civil authority shall be as provided in subdivision 2103(5) of this title, and written notice shall be provided to each member as established in 24 V.S.A. § 801.

§ 2143. POLITICAL REPRESENTATION ON BOARD OF CIVIL AUTHORITY

(a) If the board of civil authority of any political subdivision does not contain at least three members of each major political party; and the party committee or at least three voters request increased representation for an underrepresented major political party; by filing a written request with the clerk of the political subdivision, the legislative body shall appoint from a list of names submitted to it by the underrepresented party a sufficient number of voters to the board of civil authority to bring the underrepresented major party's membership on the board to three. A person's name shall not be submitted unless he or she consents to serve if appointed.

(b) The persons so appointed shall have the same duties and authority with respect to elections as have other members of the board; ~~they,~~ but those persons shall have no authority with respect to functions of the board of civil authority which are not related to elections.

* * *

§ 2144b. ADDITIONS TO CHECKLIST BY TOWN CLERK

(a)(1) A town clerk shall review all applications to the voter checklist and shall approve those applications that meet the requirements of this chapter ~~and section 2103 of this title~~. Once approved, application information shall be added to the statewide voter checklist ~~on an expedited basis~~ within three business days of receipt by the town clerk's office.

(2) If an applicant has failed upon the date of the election to provide any information required upon the application form pursuant to section 2145 of this title, the town clerk shall notify the applicant that the form was incomplete

and the applicant may provide the information on or before the date of the election.

** * **

§ 2145. APPLICATION FORMS

(a) The voter registration application shall be in the form approved by the ~~federal election commission~~ Federal Election Commission or by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The application form approved by the ~~secretary~~ Secretary shall include:

(1) A place for the applicant to swear or affirm, by checking the appropriate box, that he or she meets all voter eligibility requirements set forth in section 2121 of this title and a place for the signature of the applicant affirming, under penalty of perjury, that all information submitted by the applicant is accurate and truthful. The affirmation shall include the following information:

(A) The applicant's place and date of birth.

(B) The applicant's town of legal residence.

(C) The applicant's street address or a description of the physical location of the applicant's residence. The description must contain sufficient information so that the town clerk can determine whether the applicant is a resident of the town.

(D)(i) if the applicant has been issued a current and valid driver's license or nondriver's identification, the applicant's driver's license number or nondriver's identification number; or

(ii) if the applicant does not possess a driver's license number, the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number; or

(iii) if the applicant does not possess a Social Security number, the town clerk shall contact the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State and the ~~secretary~~ Secretary shall assign a unique identifier for the applicant.

(E) The applicant's e-mail address, which shall be optional to provide.

** * **

(c) A board of civil authority or town clerk may not require a person to complete any form other than that approved under subsection (a) of this section or section 2145a of this title; nor may the board of civil authority or the town clerk require all applicants or any particular class or group of applicants to appear personally before a meeting of the board or routinely or

as a matter of policy require applicants to submit additional information to verify or otherwise support the information contained in the application form.

(d) When the board of civil authority acts on an application to add a name to the checklist, it or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall notify the applicant by returning one copy of the completed application to the applicant and shall ~~send one copy of the completed application to~~ notify the town in which the applicant was last registered to vote, whether within or without the ~~state~~ State of Vermont, by submitting the notification electronically within the statewide voter checklist system or by mailing a copy of the completed application to that town before adding the applicant's name and mailing address to the checklist. The original application shall be filed in the office of the town clerk.

* * *

§ 2145a. REGISTRATIONS AT THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES

* * *

(d) ~~The department of motor vehicles~~ Department of Motor Vehicles shall transmit voter registration applications received under this section to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State not later than ~~10~~ five days after the date the application was accepted by the ~~department~~ Department, or before the close of the checklist for a primary or general election, whichever is sooner. ~~In the case of a voter registration application accepted within five days before the checklist is closed under section 2144 of this title for a primary or general election, the application shall be transmitted to the secretary of state not later than five days after the date of acceptance.~~

* * *

§ 2145b. VOTER REGISTRATION AGENCIES

(a) Each voter registration agency shall:

* * *

(3) Accept completed voter registration applications and transmit completed applications to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State not later than 10 days after the date of acceptance, or before the close of the checklist for a primary or general election, whichever is sooner. ~~In the case of an application accepted within five days before the checklist is closed under section 2144 of this title for a primary or general election, the application shall be transmitted to the secretary of state not later than five days after the date of acceptance.~~

* * *

§ 2145c. SUBMISSION OF VOTER REGISTRATION FORMS BY OTHER PERSONS OR ORGANIZATIONS

Any person or any organization other than a voter registration agency that accepts a completed voter registration form on behalf of an applicant shall submit that form to the town clerk of the town of that applicant not later than seven days after the date of acceptance, or before the close of the checklist for a primary or general election, whichever is sooner.

§ 2146. ACTION OF BOARD OF CIVIL AUTHORITY OR TOWN CLERK IN REVISING CHECKLIST

(a) At a meeting to revise the checklist, the board of civil authority shall determine whether any person who has applied to be registered to vote meets the requirements of section 2121 of this title. On demand of a majority of the board present, applicants may be examined under oath concerning the facts stated in the application. The board may make such investigation as it deems proper to verify any statement made under oath by an applicant.

(b) As soon as possible, after receipt of an application, the board or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall inform an applicant of its action as provided in subsection (d) of section 2145 of this ~~title~~ chapter. If the board rejects an applicant, it shall also notify him or her forthwith, in person or by first class mail directed to the address given in the application, of its reasons. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

REJECTION OF APPLICATION FOR ADDITION TO CHECKLIST

The Board of Civil Authority of,
(Town/City)

having met on, 20 to consider applications for addition to the checklist, ~~have~~ has found probable cause, as stated below, to reject the application of

(Name)

Cause for rejection:

(a) AGE:

(b) CITIZENSHIP:

(c) VOTER'S OATH:

(d) RESIDENCE:

The Board of Civil Authority will meet on the day of, 20, at o'clock at the following location: to reconsider your application and give you an opportunity to

appear before the Board. You may present any information or witnesses you wish at that time, or you may appeal directly to any superior or district judge in this county or district.

.....
*Town Clerk or Chairman of Board
of Civil Authority*

(c) If the notice required under subsection (b) of this section is returned undelivered, the board of civil authority shall proceed to remove the person's name from the checklist in the manner set forth in section 2150 of this title.

§ 2147. ALTERATION OF CHECKLIST

(a) Pursuant to section 2150 of this title, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall add to the checklist posted in the town clerk's office the names of the voters added and the names omitted by mistake; and shall strike the names of persons not entitled to vote. The list so corrected shall not be altered except by:

(1) adding the names of persons as directed by any superior or district judge on appeal;

(2) adding the names of persons who are legal voters at the election but whose names are further discovered to be omitted from the completed checklist solely through inadvertence or error;

(3) adding the names of persons who present a copy of a valid application for addition to the checklist of that town that was submitted before the deadline for applications and who otherwise are qualified to be added to the checklist;

(4) adding, at the polling place, the names of persons who sign a sworn affidavit prepared by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State that they completed and submitted a valid application for addition to the checklist of that town before the deadline for applications and who otherwise are qualified to be added to the checklist;

(5) subdividing the checklist as provided in section 2501 of this title, including the transfer of names of voters who have moved within a town in which they are already registered from one voting district within that town to another; or

(6) adding the names of persons who submitted an incomplete application before the deadline for application; and who provide that information on or before election day.

(b) Any correction or transfer may be accomplished at any time until the closing of the polls on election day. Each voter has primary responsibility to ascertain that his or her name is properly added to and retained on the checklist.

* * *

§ 2150. REMOVING NAMES FROM CHECKLIST

(a)(1) ~~When a voter from one town political subdivision becomes a resident of another town political subdivision and is placed on the checklist there, the town clerk shall send one copy of the voter registration application form or other official notice to notify the clerk of the town political subdivision where the voter was formerly a resident by submitting the notification electronically within the statewide voter checklist system or by mailing to that clerk a copy of the voter registration application form or other official notice, and that clerk shall strike the voter's name from the checklist of that town political subdivision. Likewise, when~~

(2) ~~When a town clerk receives a copy of the death certificate of a voter, public notice of the death of a voter, or official notice from the department of motor vehicles~~ Department of Motor Vehicles that a voter has authorized his or her address to be changed for voting purposes, the clerk shall strike the voter's name from the checklist.

(3) A town clerk shall also strike from the checklist the name of any voter who files a written request that his or her name be stricken.

(b) The board of civil authority at any time may consider the eligibility of persons on the checklist whom the board believes may be deceased, may have moved from the municipality, or may be registered in another place and may remove names of persons no longer qualified to vote. However, the board shall not remove any name from the checklist except in accordance with the procedures in subsection (d) of this section, and any systematic program for removing names from the checklist shall be completed at least 90 days before an election.

(c) In addition to any actions it takes under subsections (a) and (b) of this section, by September 15 of each odd-numbered year the board of civil authority shall review the most recent checklist name by name and consider, for each person whose name appears on the checklist, whether that person is still qualified to vote. In every case where the board of civil authority is unable to determine under subdivisions (d)(1) and (2) of this section that a person is still qualified to vote, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall send a written notice to the person and take appropriate action as provided in subdivisions (d)(3) through (5) of this

section. The intent is that when this process is completed there will have been some confirmation or indication of continued eligibility for each person whose name remains on the updated checklist.

(d) Except as provided in subsection (a) of this section, a board of civil authority shall only remove a name from the checklist in accordance with the following procedure:

(1) If the board of civil authority is satisfied that a voter whose eligibility is being considered is still qualified to vote in the municipality, the voter's name shall remain on the checklist, and no further action shall be taken.

(2) If the board of civil authority does not immediately know that the voter is still qualified to vote in the municipality, the board shall attempt to determine with certainty what the true status of the voter's eligibility is. The board of civil authority may consider and rely upon official and unofficial public records and documents, including ~~but not limited to~~, telephone directories, city directories, newspapers, death certificates, obituary (or other public notice of death), tax records, and any checklist or checklists showing persons who voted in any election within the last four years. The board of civil authority may also designate one or more persons to attempt to contact the voter personally. Any voter whom the board of civil authority finds through such inquiry to be eligible to remain on the checklist shall be retained without further action being taken. The name of any voter proven to be deceased shall be removed from the checklist.

(3) If after conducting its inquiry the board of civil authority or town clerk is unable to locate a voter whose name is on the checklist, or if the inquiry reveals facts indicating that the voter may no longer be eligible to vote in the municipality, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk shall send a written notice to the voter. The notice shall be sent by first class mail to the most recent known address of the voter asking the voter to verify his or her current eligibility to vote in the municipality. The notice shall be sent with the required United States Postal Service language for requesting change of address information. Enclosed with the notice shall be a postage paid pre-addressed return form on which the voter may reply swearing or affirming the voter's current place of residence as the municipality in question or alternatively consenting to the removal of the voter's name. The notice required by this subsection shall also include the following:

(A) A statement informing the voter that if the voter has not changed his or her residence, or if the voter has changed his or her residence but the change was within the area covered by the checklist, the voter should return

the form to the town clerk's office on or before the date upon which the checklist is closed under section 2144 of this title. The statement shall also inform the voter that if he or she fails to return the form as provided in this subdivision, written affirmation of the voter's address shall be required before the voter is permitted to vote.

(B) Information concerning how the voter can register to vote in another state or another municipality within this ~~state~~ State.

(4) If the voter confirms in writing that the voter has changed his or her residence to a place outside the area covered by the checklist, the board of civil authority shall remove the voter's name from the checklist.

(5) In the case of voters who failed to respond to the notice sent pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection, the board of civil authority shall remove the voter's name from the checklist on the day after the second general election following the date of such notice, if the voter has not voted or appeared to vote in an election since the notice was sent or has not otherwise demonstrated his or her eligibility to remain on the checklist.

** * **

~~§ 2154. STATEWIDE VOTER CHECKLIST~~

~~** * **~~

~~*(b) A registered voter's month and day of birth, driver's license number, and the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number, and street address if different from the applicant's mailing address shall not be considered a public record as defined in 1 V.S.A. § 317(b). Any person wishing to obtain a copy of all of the statewide voter checklist must swear or affirm, under penalty of perjury pursuant to 13 V.S.A. chapter 65, that the person will not use the checklist for commercial purposes. The affirmation shall be filed with the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State.*~~

~~** * **~~

~~*Sec. 4. 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(31) is amended to read:*~~

~~*(31) records of a registered voter's month and day of birth, motor vehicle operator's license number, and the last four digits of the applicant's Social Security number, and street address if different from the applicant's mailing address contained in an application to the statewide voter checklist or the statewide voter checklist established under 17 V.S.A. § 2154;*~~

Sec. 4. [Deleted.]

** * * Party Organization * * **

Sec. 5. 17 V.S.A. § 2307 is amended to read:

*§ 2307. CERTIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND COUNTY COMMITTEE
DELEGATES*

(a) Within 72 hours after the caucus, the ~~chairman~~ chair and secretary of the town committee shall mail to the ~~secretary of state~~, Secretary of State and the ~~chairmen~~ chairs of the ~~state~~ State and county committees, ~~and the town clerk~~ a copy of the notice calling the meeting and a certified list of the names and mailing addresses of the officers and members of the town committee and of the delegates to the county committee.

(b) A committee is not considered organized until it has filed the material required by this section.

(c) The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall furnish forms for this purpose to the ~~chairman~~ chair of the ~~state~~ State committee of a political party.

Sec. 6. 17 V.S.A. § 2310 is amended to read:

§ 2310. ELECTION OF STATE COMMITTEE

(a) The chair of the county committee, ~~the national committee man, and the national committee woman~~ shall be ~~members~~ a member of the ~~state~~ State committee. Each county committee shall be entitled to elect at least two additional members of the ~~state~~ State committee, ~~one male and one female~~. These delegates need not be members of the county committee. If the rules or bylaws of a ~~state~~ State committee provide for apportionment of additional members of the ~~state~~ State committee to come from the county, the county committee also shall elect those additional members.

(b) All county committee members and officers and all persons elected to the ~~state~~ State committee shall be voters in the county from which they are elected.

(c) County committee members and delegates to the ~~state~~ State committee shall serve for the following two years or until their successors are elected or appointed.

Sec. 7. 17 V.S.A. § 2311 is amended to read:

*§ 2311. CERTIFICATION OF COUNTY OFFICERS AND STATE
COMMITTEE MEMBERS*

(a) Within 72 hours of the first meeting of the county committee, its ~~chairman~~ chair and secretary shall mail to the ~~secretary of state, the county clerk,~~ Secretary of State and the ~~chairman~~ Chair of the ~~state~~ State committee a copy of the notice calling the meeting and a certified list of the names and

mailing addresses of the officers of the county committee and of the members elected by the county committee to the ~~state~~ State committee.

(b) A committee is not considered organized until it has filed the material required by this section.

(c) The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall prescribe and furnish forms for this purpose.

Sec. 8. 17 V.S.A. § 2313 is amended to read:

§ 2313. FILING OF CERTIFICATE OF ORGANIZATION

(a)(1) Within 10 days after the first meeting of the ~~state~~ State committee of a party, the ~~chair~~ Chair and ~~secretary~~ Secretary shall file in the ~~office~~ Office of the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State a certificate stating that the party has completed its organization for the ensuing two years and has substantially complied with the provisions of this chapter.

(2) However, no ~~state~~ State committee shall be eligible to file a certificate of organization unless it has town committees organized in at least ~~45~~ 30 towns in this ~~state~~ State and county committees organized in at least seven counties by January 1 of the year of the general election.

(b) The certificate of organization shall set forth the names and mailing addresses of the officers and members of the ~~state~~ State committee, together with the counties which they represent. It shall also designate, in not more than three words, the name by which the party shall be identified on any Australian ballot and shall be accompanied by a copy of the notice calling the meeting.

(c) The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall prescribe and furnish the form to be used for this purpose.

(d) Upon receipt of a certificate of organization, the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State promptly shall notify all persons who have registered with the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State asking to be notified of such filings.

(e)(1) Within 10 days, the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall accept a certificate of organization if it appears to be valid on its face or reject it if it is not.

(2) The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State may reject a certificate of organization if the political or other name is not substantially different from the name of any organized political party.

(3) When a certificate is rejected, the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State promptly shall notify the ~~chair~~ Chair and ~~secretary~~ Secretary of the ~~committee~~ Committee to inform them in writing of the reasons for rejection.

(f) A committee is not considered organized until the material required by this section has been filed and accepted.

Sec. 9. 17 V.S.A. § 2314 is amended to read:

§ 2314. OFFICERS REQUIRED

Every committee of a political party is required to elect a ~~chairman~~ chair, a vice ~~chairman~~ chair, a secretary, and a treasurer, ~~and an assistant treasurer~~, who need not be members of the committee at the time of their election, but who become members, with full voting rights, upon their election. A committee may also elect from among its members such other officers as it deems appropriate to its work.

Sec. 10. 17 V.S.A. § 2315 is amended to read:

§ 2315. ~~ADOPTION OF RULES AND BYLAWS~~

~~Every committee of a political party is authorized to adopt rules and bylaws consistent with law. Every rule or bylaw may be amended by simple majority vote of those present and voting at any meeting of the committee, provided written notice of the proposed amendment is given to all committee members at least seven days prior to the meeting. All rules, bylaws, and amendments thereto shall be filed with the secretary of state, and the copies filed shall be the official copies. [Repealed.]~~

Sec. 11. 17 V.S.A. § 2317 is amended to read:

§ 2317. VOTERS NOT TO PARTICIPATE IN MORE THAN ONE PARTY

No voter shall vote in the biennial town, county, or State caucus of more than one party in the same year, nor shall any voter simultaneously hold membership on the committees of more than one political party.

Sec. 12. 17 V.S.A. § 2318 is amended to read:

§ 2318. ORGANIZATION OF MINOR POLITICAL PARTIES

A minor political party may organize in the manner set forth in this subchapter or in another manner which its members deem appropriate. Minor political parties shall comply with the filing requirements of sections 2307, 2311 to the extent applicable, and 2313 of this ~~title~~ chapter, except that they need not be organized in ~~15~~ 30 towns or in seven counties. They shall also comply with the procedural requirements of sections 2303 through 2306 and 2313 of this title, but need not comply with other procedural requirements in sections 2301, 2302, 2308 through 2310, and 2312 of this title. Minor political parties shall also comply with sections 2314 through 2317 of this title.

Sec. 13. 17 V.S.A. § 2320 is amended to read:

§ 2320. ~~DELEGATES TO STATE PLATFORM CONVENTION~~

~~Delegates to the state platform convention shall be the members of the national committee, the state committee, and the county committees of the party, the chairmen of the town committees of the party, the nominees of the party for state officers, state senators, county officers, and representatives to the general assembly and certain other members of the party, not to exceed 12, if selected by the state committee of the party. Upon application of the chairman of the state committee of a party, the secretary of state shall deliver to him or her a duly certified roll of the nominees of that party for the several offices named in this section. The secretary of the state committee of the party shall make and certify a roll of the convention, made in accordance with this section, and none but certified delegates shall take part in the convention. [Repealed.]~~

Sec. 14. 17 V.S.A. § 2321 is amended to read:

§ 2321. REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT COMMITTEE

The “representative district committee” of a party shall consist of those members of the town committee residing in a representative district, ~~as finally established by the legislative apportionment board~~. A representative district committee may encompass less than an entire town or may extend across town lines. Such a committee shall elect its own officers when called upon to meet, but it need not meet unless required to perform some function under this title. Any three members may call the first meeting by giving at least five days written notice to all other members; thereafter, the committee shall meet at the call of the chair.

* * * Nominations * * *

Sec. 15. 17 V.S.A. § 2351 is amended to read:

§ 2351. PRIMARY ELECTION

A primary election shall be held on the fourth ~~first~~ second Tuesday in August in each even-numbered year for the nomination of candidates of major political parties for all offices to be voted for at the succeeding general election, except candidates for ~~president and vice president~~ President and Vice President of the United States, their electors, and justices of the peace.

Sec. 16. 17 V.S.A. § 2356 is amended to read:

§ 2356. TIME FOR FILING PETITIONS AND STATEMENTS OF
NOMINATION

~~(a) Primary petitions for major party candidates and statements of nomination from for minor party candidates and independent candidates shall be filed no sooner than the second third Monday in ~~May~~ April and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the second third Thursday after the first Monday in ~~June~~ May preceding the primary election prescribed by section 2351 of this ~~title~~ chapter, and not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day prior to the day of a special primary election.~~

(a) Primary petitions for major party candidates and statements of nomination from for minor party candidates and independent candidates shall be filed no sooner than the second fourth Monday in ~~May~~ April and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the second fourth Thursday after the first Monday in ~~June~~ May preceding the primary election prescribed by section 2351 of this ~~title~~ chapter, and not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 62nd day prior to the day of a special primary election.

(b) A petition or statement of nomination shall apply only to the election cycle in which the petition or statement of nomination is filed.

Sec. 17. 17 V.S.A. § 2370 is amended to read:

§ 2370. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES

(a) A write-in candidate shall not qualify as a primary winner unless he or she receives at least one-half the number of votes as the number of signatures required for his or her office on a primary petition, except that if a write-in candidate receives more votes than a candidate whose name is printed on the ballot, he or she may qualify as a primary winner.

(b) The write-in candidate who qualifies as a primary winner under this section must still be determined a winner under section 2369 of this ~~title~~ chapter before he or she becomes the party's candidate in the general election.

Sec. 17a. 17 V.S.A. § 2402 is amended to read:

§ 2402. REQUISITES OF STATEMENT

* * *

(d)(1) A statement of nomination and a completed and signed consent form shall be filed as set forth in section 2356 of this title:

(A) in the case of nomination for President or Vice President of the United States, no sooner than the fourth Monday in April and not later than

5:00 p.m. on August 1 in the year preceding the presidential general election; or

(B) in the case of any other independent candidate, no sooner than the fourth Monday in April and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the Thursday preceding the primary election prescribed by section 2351 of this chapter, and not later than 5:00 p.m. of the third day prior to the day of a special primary election.

(2) No public official receiving nominations shall accept a petition unless a completed and signed consent form is filed at the same time.

(3) A statement of nomination shall apply only to the election cycle in which the statement of nomination is filed.

* * *

Sec. 18. 17 V.S.A. § 2413 is amended to read:

§ 2413. NOMINATION OF JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

(a)(1) The party members in each town, on or before ~~the first Tuesday of August in each even-numbered year~~ each primary election, upon the call of the town committee, may meet in caucus and nominate candidates for justice of the peace.

(2)(A) The committee shall give notice of the caucus ~~as provided in subsection (d) of this section and the chairman~~ by posting notice at the office of the town clerk and two other public places in the town at least five days prior to the caucus.

(B) In addition, for towns with over 3,000 voters, the committee shall post this notice at least one day prior to the caucus:

(i)(I) in a newspaper of general circulation within the town; or

(II) on a nonpartisan electronic news media website that specializes in news of the State or the community; and

(ii) on the municipality's website, if the municipality actively updates its website on a regular basis.

(3) The chair and secretary of the committee shall file the statements required in section 2385 of this title not later than 5:00 p.m. on the third day following the primary election.

(b) If it does not hold a caucus as provided in subsection (a) of this section, the town committee shall meet and nominate candidates for justices of the peace as provided in sections 2381 through 2385 of this title. At least three days prior to this meeting, the town committee shall provide notice of the

meeting by e-mailing or mailing committee members and by posting notice of the meeting in the office of the town clerk and in two other public places in the town.

(c) In any town in which a political party has not formally organized, any three members of the party who are voters in the town may call a caucus to nominate candidates for justice of the peace by giving notice as required in subsection ~~(d)~~(a) of this section. Upon meeting, the caucus shall first elect a ~~chairman~~ chair and a secretary. Thereafter the caucus shall nominate its candidates for justice of the peace, and cause its ~~chairman~~ chair and secretary to file the statements required in section 2385 of this title not later than 5:00 p.m. on the third day following the primary election.

~~(d) When a caucus is held to nominate candidates for justice of the peace, the town committee or other persons calling the caucus shall post the notice of caucus in at least three public places in the town, not less than seven days before the date of the caucus; in towns having a population of more than 1,000, they shall also publish the notice of caucus in a newspaper having general circulation in the town, not less than three days before the date of the caucus. [Repealed.]~~

* * * Election Officials * * *

Sec. 19. 17 V.S.A. § 2457 is amended to read:

§ 2457. WORKSHOPS AND INFORMATION FOR ELECTION
OFFICIALS

(a) ~~The secretary of state~~ Secretary of State or his or her designee shall organize regional workshops for election officials, provide them with informational materials about the conduct of elections and recounts, and otherwise help them run elections in conformance with ~~state~~ State and federal law.

(b)(1) The regular presiding officer of each town or an assistant designated by the board of civil authority shall attend, at the town's expense, at least one of these election workshops every two years.

(2) Each town clerk shall file with the Secretary of State by December 31 of each even-numbered year a letter certifying compliance with this subsection.

(c)(1) The town clerk of each town shall provide the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State with the names and addresses of all members of the board of civil authority and shall promptly notify the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State of any changes in the list.

(2) ~~The secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall invite all members of the boards of civil authority to the workshops and provide them with informational materials.

** * * Standardized Ballots and Vote Tabulators * * **

Sec. 20. 17 V.S.A. § 2362 is amended to read:

§ 2362. PRIMARY BALLOTS

(a) The ballots shall be prepared and furnished to the towns by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State and shall contain the names of all candidates for nomination at the primary. Ballots shall be printed on index stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators. A separate ballot for each major political party ~~in the same format as is used for optical scan tabulator ballots~~ shall be printed in substantially the following form:

OFFICIAL VERMONT PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOT

*VOTE ON ONE PARTY BALLOT ONLY AND PLACE IN BALLOT BOX OR
VOTE TABULATOR*

*ALL OTHER PARTY BALLOTS MUST BE PLACED IN UNVOTED BALLOT
BOX*

[MAJOR POLITICAL PARTY NAME]

Instructions to voters: To vote for a candidate whose name is printed on the ballot, mark a cross (X) or fill in the oval at the right of that person's name ~~and party designation~~. To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, write the person's name on the blank line in the appropriate block. When there are two or more persons to be elected to one office, you may vote for any number of candidates up to and including the maximum number.

(b) Following the names of candidates printed on the ballot after the name of each office to be filled; shall be as many blank lines for write-in candidates as there are persons to be elected to that office. If no primary petition is filed for an office or for a candidate belonging to a party, the ballot shall contain the name of the office and blank lines for write-in candidates.

Sec. 21. 17 V.S.A. § 2363 is amended to read:

§ 2363. SEPARATE PARTY BALLOTS

(a) The names of all candidates of a party shall be printed upon one ballot. Each section shall bear in print larger than any other print on the ballot the words VOTE IN ONE PARTY ONLY OR YOUR BALLOT WILL BE VOID in a

prominent place on the ballot. The voter shall vote for the candidates of one party only. A person voting at the primary shall not be required to indicate his or her party choice to any election official.

(b) ~~All voting machines used in primary elections shall be so equipped that the voter can cast his or her vote for candidates within one party only, and without disclosing the party for whose candidates he or she is casting his or her vote. [Repealed.]~~

Sec. 22. 17 V.S.A. § 2471 is amended to read:

§ 2471. GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT

(a)(1) A consolidated ballot shall be used at a general election, which shall list the several candidates for the offices to be voted upon. ~~The offices of president and vice president of the United States, United States senator, United States representative, governor, lieutenant governor, state treasurer, secretary of state, auditor of accounts, attorney general, state senator, representative to the general assembly, judge of probate, assistant judge, state's attorney, sheriff, and high bailiff shall be listed in that order. The offices of President and Vice President of the United States, U.S. Senator, U.S. Representative, Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Treasurer, Secretary of State, Auditor of Accounts, Attorney General, State Senator, Representative to the General Assembly, Judge of Probate, Assistant Judge, State's Attorney, Sheriff, and High Bailiff shall be listed in that order.~~ Any statewide public question shall also be listed on the ballot, before the listing of all offices to be filled.

(2) The ballot shall be prepared at state expense under the direction of the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The color of the ballot shall be determined by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The printing shall be black. Ballots shall be printed on index stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators. The font shall be at least 10 points for candidate names unless a name exceeds 24 characters, in which case the candidate may change his or her consent form name to 24 characters or less, or the font may be reduced as needed to fit the candidate name space.

** * **

Sec. 23. 17 V.S.A. § 2472 is amended to read:

§ 2472. CONTENTS

** * **

(b)(1) Each office to be voted upon shall be separately indicated and preceded by the word "For", as: "For United States Senator." Beneath the

office to be voted upon shall appear the instructions: "Vote for not more than (the number of candidates to be elected)."

(2) The names of the candidates for each office shall be listed in alphabetical order by surname followed by the candidate's town of residence, and the party or parties by which the candidate has been nominated, or in the case of independent candidates who have not chosen some other name or identification, by the word "Independent."

(3) To the right of the party designation shall be an oval in which the voter may indicate his or her choice by making a cross (X) or filling in the oval if tabulators are being used.

(4) ~~No~~ A candidate's name shall not appear on the ballot more than once for any one office.

** * **

~~(d) The ballot shall be printed in the same format as required for optical scan tabulators. The font shall be at least 10 points for candidate names unless a name exceeds 24 characters, in which case the candidate may change his or her consent form name to 24 characters or less, or the font may be reduced as needed to fit the candidate name space. [Repealed.]~~

(e) When an article is to be voted on and the legislative body determines that the article is too long or unwieldy to show in full on the ballot, it shall be sufficient for the ballot to show the article by the number and title for that article as they were listed in the warning for the election. However, the complete article shall be posted in a conspicuous place within each voting booth.

Sec. 24. 17 V.S.A. § 2474 is amended to read:

§ 2474. CHOICE OF PARTY

(a)(1) A person nominated by any means for the same office by more than one political party may elect, not later than the ~~second~~ first Friday following the primary election ~~may elect~~, the party or parties in which the nominee will be a candidate. The nominee shall notify in writing the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State or town clerk, as the case may be, of such choice, and only the party or parties which the nominee so elects shall be printed next to the nominee's name on the ballot.

(2) If the nominee does not notify the Secretary of State or the town clerk of his or her choice of party, the Secretary of State shall print on the ballot those parties next to the nominee's name by listing in this order:

(A) the major political party for which the nominee had his or her name printed on the ballot in the primary;

(B) any major political parties that nominated the nominee by the party committee, in the order in which the nominations were submitted to the Secretary of State;

(C) any major political parties for which the nominee received write-in votes, in an order from highest to lowest vote counts; and

(D) any minor political parties that nominated the nominee by party committee, in the order in which the nominations were submitted to the Secretary of State.

(b)(1) A candidate for ~~state or congressional~~ State office who is the nominee of two or more political parties shall file with the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State, not later than the ~~second~~ first Friday following the primary election, a statement designating for which party the votes cast for him or her shall be counted for the purposes of determining whether his or her designated party shall be a major political party. The party so designated shall be the first party to be printed immediately after the candidate's name on the ballot.

(2) If a candidate does not file the statement before the ~~second~~ first Friday following the primary, the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall designate by lot the party to be printed immediately after the candidate's name the party for which the votes cast shall be counted as provided in subdivision (a)(2) of this section.

Sec. 25. 17 V.S.A. § 2478 is amended to read:

§ 2478. NUMBER OF PAPER BALLOTS TO BE PRINTED AND FURNISHED

* * *

(e) ~~No voting shall occur in any general election which does not use printed ballots. [Repealed.]~~

Sec. 26. 17 V.S.A. § 2481 is added to read:

§ 2481. PRINTED BALLOTS REQUIRED

Except in the case of voice votes from the floor, divisions, or voting at a floor meeting by paper ballot at a local election, no voting shall occur in any local, primary, or general election which does not use printed ballots.

Sec. 27. 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 3 is amended to read:

Subchapter 3. ~~Voting Machines~~ Vote Tabulators

§ 2491. POLITICAL SUBDIVISION MAY USE ~~VOTING MACHINES~~ SUBDIVISIONS; VOTE TABULATORS

(a) ~~A town may~~ Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a board of civil authority may, at a meeting held not less than 60 days prior to an election and warned pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 801, vote ~~at any annual or special meeting to employ electronic devices ("voting machines") to require the political subdivision for which it is elected to use vote tabulators for the registering and counting of votes in subsequent elections. Voting machines may be used in combination with the paper ballots described in the preceding subchapter, so that each voter may choose whether to use a paper ballot or a voting machine to cast his or her vote, if the town so votes.~~

(b) A town with 1,000 or more registered voters as of December 31 in even-numbered years shall use vote tabulators for the registering and counting of votes in subsequent elections.

(c)(1) The Office of the Secretary of State shall pay the following costs associated with this section by using federal Help America Vote Act funds, as available:

(A) full purchase and warranty cost of vote tabulators, ballot boxes, and two memory cards for each tabulator;

(B) annual maintenance costs of vote tabulators for each town; and

(C) the first \$500.00 of the first pair of a vote tabulator's memory cards' configuration costs for each primary and general election.

(2) A town shall pay the remainder of any cost not covered by subdivision (1) of this subsection.

* * *

§ 2493. RULES FOR USE OF ~~VOTING MACHINES~~ VOTE TABULATORS; AUDITS

(a) ~~The secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall adopt rules governing the use and the selection of any ~~voting-machine~~ vote tabulator in the ~~state~~ State. These rules shall include requirements that:

(1) All municipalities that have voted to use a ~~voting-machine~~ vote tabulator shall use a uniform ~~voting-machine~~ vote tabulator approved by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State.

(2) ~~The secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall provide for the security of ~~voting-machines~~ vote tabulators at all times. ~~Voting machines~~ Vote tabulators, not including the ballot box portion, shall be locked in a vault or a secure location at all times when not in use.

~~(3)(A) The secretary of state may~~ Secretary of State shall conduct a random postelection audit of any polling place election results for a primary or general election within 30 days of the election.

~~(B) If the secretary~~ Secretary determines that a random audit shall be conducted of the election results in a town or city, the town clerk shall direct two members of the board of civil authority to transport the ballot bags to the office of the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary not later than 10:00 a.m. on the morning when the ~~secretary~~ Secretary has scheduled the audit.

~~(C) The secretary~~ Secretary shall open the ballot bags and conduct the audit in the same manner as ballots are counted under sections 2581 through 2588 of this ~~title~~ chapter. The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary shall publicly announce the results of the audit as well as the results from the original return of the vote.

~~(D) If the secretary~~ Secretary finds that the audit indicates that there was possible fraud in the count or return of votes, ~~the secretary~~ he or she shall refer the results to the ~~attorney general~~ Attorney General for possible prosecution.

~~(3)(4)(A) All voting machines~~ vote tabulators shall be set to reject a ballot that contains an overvote and provide the voter the opportunity to correct the overvote, have the ballot declared spoiled, and obtain another ballot. If an early voter absentee ballot contains an overvote, the elections official shall override the ~~voting machine~~ vote tabulator and count all races except any race that contains an overvote.

~~(4)(B) All voting machines~~ vote tabulators shall be set not to reject undervotes.

~~(5) Establish a process for municipalities using voting machines~~ vote tabulators, whereby markings on ballots that are unreadable by a ~~machine~~ vote tabulator may be transferred by a pair of election officials, who are not members of the same political party, to ballots that are readable by the ~~machine~~ vote tabulator.

~~(6) Establish a process for using vote tabulators in recounts.~~

~~(b) Each voting machine~~ vote tabulator shall be tested using official ballots that are marked clearly as "test ballots" at least 10 days prior to an election.

~~(c) The same vote tabulator used in any local, primary, or general election shall not be used in a recount of that election.~~

~~(d) A vote tabulator shall be a stand-alone device that shall not be connected to any other device or connections such as wireless connections, cable connections, cellular telephones, or telephone lines.~~

(e) A municipality only may use a vote tabulator as provided in this title which registers and counts votes cast on paper ballots and which otherwise meets the requirements of this title. A municipality shall not use any type of voting machine on which a voter casts his or her vote.

§ 2494. CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER LAWS

(a) Except as this subchapter affects the method of registering votes and ascertaining the result, the laws of this ~~state~~ State pertaining to elections shall be applicable. The laws pertaining to early or absentee voters shall in no way be affected by this subchapter, and votes cast by early or absentee voters shall be counted with votes ~~registered~~ counted on ~~voting machines~~ vote tabulators.

(b) In towns using ~~voting machines~~ vote tabulators, the board of civil authority may vote to open polling places at 5:00 a.m., provided that at least three elections officials are present, two of whom are from different parties. If all early voter absentee ballots have not been deposited into the ~~voting machines~~ vote tabulators before the closing of the polls at 7:00 p.m., the elections officials shall continue to deposit ballots using the same procedure as provided in subsection 2561(b) of this title, treating each ballot as a voter waiting to cast his or her ballot at the close of the polls.

§ 2495. FORM OF BALLOT

~~(a) In any town which uses voting machines at its elections, it shall be unnecessary for a question submitted to the voters to be shown in full upon the voting machine or the ballot. It shall be sufficient if the article in the warning for the meeting or election at which the question is submitted is referred to by number and title. However, the complete warning shall be posted in a conspicuous place within the voting booth.~~

~~(b) Notwithstanding section 2472 of this title, ballots to be counted by means of electronic or electromechanical devices may be of such size or composition as is suitable for the type of device used. [Repealed.]~~

§ 2499. MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS FOR VOTING MACHINES
TRANSFER OF PAPER BALLOTS FROM VOTE TABULATORS

The presiding officer, with the assistance of at least two election officials, may transfer voted ballots from the box attached to the ~~voting machine~~ vote tabulator to another secure ballot box or secured ballot bag whenever necessary during election day in order to allow the ~~machine~~ vote tabulator to continue to function properly.

*Sec. 28. SECRETARY OF STATE; REPORT; USING VOTE
TABULATORS IN RECOUNTS; CONDUCTING AUDITS;
VOTING BY MAIL; USING ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN
ELECTION PETITIONS*

(a) The Secretary of State by January 15, 2015 shall report to the Senate and House Committees on Government Operations on:

(1) His or her proposed process for using vote tabulators in recounts and for the certification of vote tabulators. The Secretary shall consider whether and under what circumstances a town may be permitted to conduct a recount by counting ballots by hand in lieu of using vote tabulators.

(2) His or her proposed process for conducting audits of elections. The Secretary shall specifically consider the use of risk-limiting audits.

(3) Statistics regarding increased voter participation in other jurisdictions which use voting by mail and the feasibility and cost of implementing voting by mail in this State.

(4) His or her proposed process for obtaining electronic signatures for municipal meeting articles, nominating municipal officers, and primary petitions.

(b) In considering the processes set forth in subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section, the Secretary shall consult with stakeholders interested in those processes.

Sec. 29. 17 V.S.A. § 2535 is amended to read:

*§ 2535. FORM OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS AND
ENVELOPES; FEDERAL OR MILITARY REQUIREMENTS*

** * **

(b) If necessary, special ballots may be prepared of such different weight of paper, or overall size and shape as shall be prescribed by the secretary of state, to conform with minimum postal, military, naval, air force or other federal or military regulations and orders covering the transportation of such ballots, provided that the text is identical in substance, except as to type size, with that appearing on the official ballots.

Sec. 30. 17 V.S.A. § 2567 is amended to read:

*§ 2567. REGISTERING VOTES ON VOTING MACHINES VOTING
SYSTEMS FOR VOTERS WITH DISABILITIES*

(a) If a voter is to register his or her vote upon a voting machine, he or she shall proceed, immediately upon being admitted within the guardrail, to a voting machine not occupied by another voter. The voter shall then register

~~his or her vote according to the instructions provided to voters with the machine. Upon leaving the voting machine, he or she shall proceed directly to the exit of the guardrail. [Repealed.]~~

~~(b) All polling places, regardless of whether the municipality has voted to use a voting machine pursuant to section 2492 of this title, shall possess at least one voting system approved by the secretary of state Secretary of State equipped for individuals with disabilities, including accessibility for the people who are blind and visually impaired people who have a visual impairment, to vote independently and privately.~~

Sec. 31. 17 V.S.A. § 2573 is amended to read:

§ 2573. NO COUNTING BEFORE POLLS CLOSE

~~In towns using paper ballots that do not use vote tabulators, the ballot boxes shall not be opened nor the ballots counted before the closing of the polls. In towns using voting machines vote tabulators, the machine tabulator counts shall not be viewed or printed before the closing of the polls.~~

Sec. 32. 17 V.S.A. § 2583 is amended to read:

§ 2583. OFFICIAL CHECKLIST TO BE TALLIED; STORAGE OF CHECKLIST

~~(a)(1) The presiding officer, as soon after the closing of the polls as possible, shall cause both certified checklists to be examined and the number of voters checked as having voted to be tallied. Both tallies shall be recorded by the presiding officer. The presiding officer shall prepare a statement listing any discrepancies between the checklists, including the names involved and other details relating to the discrepancies.~~

~~(2) Each Unless the board of civil authority votes not to use an exit checklist under section 2507 of this chapter, each checklist shall be identified as either the "entrance" or "exit" checklist, and the exit checklist, together with a statement of discrepancies, shall be sealed and stored with the ballots and tally sheets as provided in section 2590 of this title chapter. The entrance checklist shall be safely stored so that the public cannot have access to it for a period of 90 days except under the direct supervision of the town clerk.~~

~~(b) If in the case of voting machines an exit checklist is not used, as provided by section 2496 of this title, read-out sheets and other machine materials which are used to provide equivalent security shall be sealed and stored with the ballots and tally sheets. [Repealed.]~~

Sec. 33. 17 V.S.A. § 2701 is amended to read:

§ 2701. PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY; TIME OF HOLDING; FORM OF
BALLOT

In presidential election years, a presidential primary for each major political party shall be held in all municipalities on the first Tuesday in March. The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall prepare and distribute for use at the primary an official ballot for each party for which one or more candidates qualify for the placing of their names on the ballot under section 2702 of this title. Ballots shall be printed on index stock and configured to be readable by vote tabulators.

** * * Polling Places * * **

Sec. 34. 17 V.S.A. § 2502 is amended to read:

§ 2502. LOCATION OF POLLING PLACES

(a) Each polling place shall be located in a public place within the town.

(b) The board of civil authority shall take such measures as are necessary to assure that ~~elderly and handicapped~~ voters who are elders or have a disability may conveniently and secretly cast their votes. Measures which may be taken shall include, ~~but are not limited to:~~ location of polling places on the ground floor of a building; providing ramps, elevators, or other facilities for access to the polling place; providing a stencil overlay for ballots; providing a separate polling place with direct communication to the main polling place; and permitting election officials to carry a ballot to ~~a handicapped or elderly~~ an elder or to a person who has a disability in order to permit that person to mark the ballot while in a motor vehicle adjacent to the polling place. For purposes of this subsection, the board of civil authority shall have full jurisdiction on the day of an election over the premises at which a polling place is located.

(c)(1) Thirty days prior to a local, primary, or general election, the town clerk shall submit to the Secretary of State a list of polling places within the municipality that will be used in that election. The list shall include the name of the polling location, its physical address, and the time the polling place will open.

(2)(A) A municipality may change the location of a polling place less than 30 days prior to an election only in cases of emergency. If a municipality changes the location of a polling place less than 30 days prior to the election, the town clerk shall notify the Secretary of State within 24 hours of the change and provide the new polling place information.

(B) The Secretary of State shall assist any municipality that needs to change the location of a polling place on the day of an election due to an emergency, including assisting in finding a new location and informing the public of that new location.

(C) The Secretary of State shall inform the State chairs of Vermont's major political parties of any changes made to polling places that he or she is aware of made less than 30 days prior to an election.

(3) The Secretary of State shall provide on his or her official website a list of polling places that will be used in any local, primary, or general election within the State, and shall specifically provide notice on that website of any change in the location of a municipality's polling place.

* * * Early or Absentee Voters * * *

Sec. 35. 17 V.S.A. § 2532 is amended to read:

§ 2532. APPLICATIONS; FORM

(a)(1) An early or absentee voter, or an authorized family member or health care provider acting in the voter's behalf, may apply for an early voter absentee ballot by telephone, in person, or in writing. "Family member" here means a person's spouse, children, brothers, sisters, parents, spouse's parents, grandparents, and spouse's grandparents. Any other authorized person may apply in writing or in person.

(2) The application shall be in substantially the following form:

REQUEST FOR EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOT

Name of early or absentee voter: _____

Current address: _____

Residence (if different): _____

Date: _____

If applicant is other than early or absentee voter:

Name of applicant: _____

Address of applicant: _____

Relationship to early or absentee voter: _____

Organization, if applicable: _____

Date: _____ Signature of applicant: _____

~~(2)(3)~~ If the application is made by telephone or in writing, the information supplied must be in substantial conformance with the information requested on this form.

* * *

~~(g)(1) Any person who applies for an early voter absentee ballot knowing the person is without authorization from the early or absentee voter shall be fined not more than \$100.00 per violation for the first three violations; not more than \$500.00 per violation for the fourth through ninth violations; and not more than \$1,000.00 per violation for the tenth and subsequent violations.~~

~~(2) The Attorney General or a State's Attorney, whenever he or she has reason to believe any person to be or to have been in violation of this provision, shall conduct a civil investigation in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 2904 of this title.~~

Sec. 36. 17 V.S.A. § 2534 is amended to read:

§ 2534. LIST OF EARLY OR ABSENTEE VOTERS

~~(a) The Secretary of State shall make accessible for each primary election, presidential primary election, and general election a statewide list of voters who have requested an early voter absentee ballot. The list shall contain the State voter identification number, name, registration address, address the ballot was mailed to, and legislative district of each voter.~~

~~(b) Upon receipt of the valid applications the town clerk shall make a list of the early or absentee voters. The list shall include each voter's name and address. A copy of the list shall be available upon request at the town clerk's office and, on election day, in each polling place in the town update the Secretary of State's statewide list of early or absentee voters by a method approved by the Secretary of State.~~

Sec. 37. 17 V.S.A. § 2538 is amended to read:

§ 2538. DELIVERY OF BALLOTS BY JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

~~(a)(1) In the case of persons who are early or absentee voters due to illness or physical disability, ballots shall be delivered in the following manner unless the early or absentee voter has requested pursuant to section 2539 of this title that the early voter absentee ballots be mailed.~~

~~(2) Not later than three days prior to the election, the board of civil authority or, upon request of the board, the town clerk, shall designate in pairs justices of the peace in numbers sufficient to deliver early voter absentee ballots to the applicants for early voter absentee ballots who have stated in their applications that they are unable to vote in person at the polling place due to illness or physical disability but who have not requested in their~~

applications that early voter absentee ballots be mailed to them. No pair shall consist of two justices from the same political party.

(3) If there shall not be available a sufficient number of justices to make up the required number of pairs, a member of each remaining pair shall be designated by the board, to be selected from lists of registered voters submitted by the chairs of the town committees of political parties, and from among registered voters who in written application to the board state that they are not affiliated with any political party.

(4) No candidate or spouse, parent, or child of a candidate shall be eligible to perform the duties prescribed by this section unless the candidate involved is not disqualified by section 2456 of this title from serving as an election official. This shall not prevent a candidate for district office from serving as a justice in another district.

(5) The compensation of justices and voters designated under this subsection shall be fixed by the board of civil authority and shall be paid by the town.

(b) The town clerk shall divide the list of ill or physically disabled applicants into approximately as many equal parts as there are pairs of justices so designated, having regard to the several parts of the town in which the applicants may be found. ~~During the eight days immediately preceding election day and on election day~~ As soon as early voter absentee ballots are available, the clerk shall deliver to each pair of justices one part of the list, together with early ~~or absentee~~ voter absentee ballots and envelopes for each applicant. When justices receive ballots and envelopes prior to election day, they shall receive only the ballots and envelopes they are assigned to deliver on that day.

(c) Each pair of justices on the days they are assigned to deliver the ballots and envelopes, shall call upon each of the early or absentee voters whose name appears on the part of the list furnished to them and shall deliver early voter absentee ballots and envelopes to each early or absentee voter. The early or absentee voter shall then proceed to mark the ballots alone or in the presence of the justices, but without exhibiting them to the justices or to any other person, except that when the early or absentee voter is blind or physically unable to mark his or her ballot, they may be marked by one of the justices in full view of the other.

Sec. 38. 17 V.S.A. § 2539 is amended to read:

*§ 2539. MAILING OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS;
PERMANENTLY DISABLED VOTERS*

(a) Unless the early or absentee voter votes in the town clerk's office, or unless the justices are to deliver the early voter absentee ballots to the early or absentee voter, the town clerk shall provide to the early or absentee voter who comes to the town clerk's office a complete set of early voter absentee ballots or mail a complete set of early voter absentee ballots to each early or absentee voter for whom a valid application has been filed. The early voter absentee ballots shall be mailed forthwith upon the filing of a valid application, or upon the town clerk's receipt of the necessary ballots, whichever is later. ~~Early voter absentee ballots to persons having addresses outside the 50 states and the District of Columbia shall be sent air mail, first class, postpaid when such service is available.~~

(b) In the case of persons who are early or absentee voters due to illness or physical disability, if the voter or authorized person requests in his or her application or otherwise that early voter absentee ballots be mailed rather than delivered by justices of the peace, the town clerk shall mail the ballots; otherwise the ballots shall be delivered to such voters by justices of the peace. In the case of all other early or absentee voters, the town clerk shall mail the early voter absentee ballots, unless the voter chooses to apply and vote in person at the town clerk's office.

(c) Early voter absentee ballots to military or overseas voters shall be sent air mail, first class, postpaid when such service is available, or they may be sent by email when requested by the voter. The town clerk's office shall be open on the 46th day before any election that includes a federal office and the town clerk shall send on or before that day all absentee ballots to any military or overseas voter who requested an early voter absentee ballot on or before that day. On that day the town clerk shall complete any reporting requirements and any other responsibilities regarding the mailing of early voter absentee ballots to military or overseas voters, as directed by the Secretary of State.

Sec. 39. 17 V.S.A. § 2546 is amended to read:

*§ 2546. DEPOSIT OF EARLY VOTER ABSENTEE BALLOTS IN
BALLOT BOX*

(a)(1)(A) No sooner than 30 days before the opening of polls on election day, the town clerk of a municipality with at least 300 registered voters on its checklist may direct two election officials working together to open the outside envelope in order to sort early voter absentee ballots by ward and district, may data enter the return of the ballots by the voter, may determine that the certificate has been signed, and may place the inside envelopes in various secure containers to be transported to the polling places on election day.

(B) No sooner than 48 hours before the opening of polls on election day, a town clerk in all other municipalities may direct two election officials working together to open the outside envelope and remove the certificate envelope in order to determine that an early voter absentee ballot certificate has been properly signed by the early voter, and that the name of the early voter appears on the checklist.

(2) The election officials shall check the name of the early voter off the entrance checklist and place the sealed envelope into a secure container marked "checked in early voter absentee ballots" to be transported to the polling place on election day.

(3) Upon opening of the polls on election day, ballots from this container shall be opened by election officials, who are not members of the same political party, and deposited either into the ballot box or into the ~~voting machine~~ vote tabulator.

(b) The town clerk or presiding officer shall deliver the unopened early voter absentee ballots to the election officials at the place where the entrance checklist is located.

(1) If the ballots are in a container marked "checked in early voter absentee ballots," two election officials from different political parties shall open the envelopes and deposit the ballots into the ballot box or into the ~~voting machine~~ vote tabulator.

(2) If the ballots have not been previously checked off the entrance checklist and if an election official determines that the certificate on the envelope is signed by the early voter, the name of the early voter appears on the checklist, and the early voter is not a first-time voter in the municipality who registered by mail, the election official shall mark the checklist, open the envelope, and deposit the ballot in the proper ballot box or ~~voting machine~~ vote tabulator.

(3) If the early voter is a first-time voter who registered by mail, the election official shall determine whether the identification required under subdivision 2563(1) of this title has been submitted by the voter. Upon ascertaining that the proper identification has been submitted by the voter, the election official shall mark the checklist, open the envelope, and deposit the ballot in the proper ballot box or ~~voting machine~~ vote tabulator. If the proper identification has not been submitted, the ballot shall be treated as a provisional ballot, as provided in subchapter 6A of this chapter.

(c) All early voter absentee ballots shall be commingled with the ballots of voters who have voted in person.

** * * Count and Return of Votes * * **

Sec. 40. 17 V.S.A. § 2588 is amended to read:

§ 2588. FILING RETURNS

(a) In towns that count all ballots by hand, as the count of votes for each office or public question is completed, the presiding officer and at least one other election official shall collect the tally sheets, enter the totals shown on the tally sheets upon the summary sheets, add and enter the sum of the figures, and sign the summary sheets. As each summary sheet is completed, the presiding officer shall publicly announce the results.

(b) In towns that use vote ~~tabulating machines~~ tabulators, after the close of the polls and after all remaining absentee or transfer ballots have been fed into the ~~machine~~ vote tabulator, the presiding officer shall insert the ender card and the tabulator will print a tape of unofficial results. The presiding officer shall print at least two additional copies of the tabulator tape. The unofficial results from the tape may be publicly announced, and one copy of the printed tape may be posted in the polling place upon a placard that clearly states: "Unofficial incomplete results."

(c)(1) The town clerk shall report as soon as practicable on the day of the election the unofficial vote counts of all candidates whose names appeared on the ballot to the Secretary of State. The report shall be made by electronically submitting the vote counts on the Secretary's online elections reporting system or, if unable to submit electronically, by submitting those vote counts to the Secretary of State by telephone, facsimile, or e-mail.

(2) The Secretary shall ensure that any vote counts submitted by telephone, facsimile, or e-mail are entered into his or her online elections reporting system as soon as practicable after he or she receives them.

(3) The Secretary's online elections reporting system shall cause the unofficial vote counts to be posted immediately on the Secretary's official website as soon as those vote counts are submitted.

(d) The presiding officer and one other election official then shall proceed either to complete the return at once, or to store the summary sheets in a safe and secure place until their retrieval for completion of the return. In any event, no later than 24 hours after the polls close, the presiding officer and at least one other election official shall transfer the totals from the summary sheets to the proper spaces on the return, and both shall sign the return. The town clerk shall store the summary sheets safely so that the public cannot reasonably have access to them for a period of 90 days without the town clerk's consent. The original of the return shall be delivered to the town clerk. In a manner prescribed by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State and within

48 hours of the close of the polls, the town clerk shall deliver to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State, the senatorial district clerk, the county clerk, and the representative district clerk one certified copy each of the return. The town clerk shall also make a copy available to the public upon request.

Sec. 41. 17 V.S.A. § 2593 is amended to read:

§ 2593. PARTICIPATION TO BE ENTERED ON STATEWIDE

CHECKLIST BY TOWN CLERK

Not later than 60 days after ~~the~~ a primary election, presidential primary, or general election, the town clerk shall indicate on the town or municipal checklist of the statewide checklist each voter's participation, participation method, and political party of ballot taken, if applicable, in the primary election, presidential primary, or general election by a method approved by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State.

** * * Recounts * * **

Sec. 42. 17 V.S.A. chapter 51, subchapter 9 is amended to read:

Subchapter 9. Recounts and Contest of Elections

§ 2601. RECOUNTS

(a) In an election for statewide office, county office, or state senator, if the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate and the number of votes cast for a losing candidate is less than two percent of the total votes cast for all the candidates for an office, divided by the number of persons to be elected, that losing candidate shall have the right to have the votes for that office recounted.

(b) In an election for all other offices, if the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate and the number of votes cast for a losing candidate is less than five percent of the total votes cast for all the candidates for an office, divided by the number of persons to be elected, that losing candidate shall have the right to have the votes for that office recounted.

§ 2602. PROCEDURE PETITIONS FOR RECOUNTS

(a) In the case of recounts for local elections and recounts for the office of justice of the peace, the procedures for conducting the recount shall be as provided in subchapter 3 of chapter 55 of this title.

(b) In the case of recounts other than specified in subsection (a) of this section, the following procedure shall apply. A petition for a recount shall be filed within ~~10~~ seven calendar days after the election. The petition shall be filed with the ~~civil division of the superior court~~ Civil Division of the Superior Court, Washington County, in the case of candidates for ~~state~~ State or

congressional office, or for a presidential election; the petition shall be filed with the ~~superior court~~ Superior Court in any county in which votes were cast for the office to be recounted, in the case of any other office. The petition shall be supported, if possible, by a certified copy of the certificate of election prepared by the canvassing committee, verifying the total number of votes cast and the number of votes cast for each candidate.

(c)(1) ~~The superior court~~ Superior Court shall set ~~an early~~ the date for of the recount to be five business days after the Court receives the petition for the recount, notifying and shall notify all candidates at least five days in advance of that date no later than the next business day after the petition is received.

(2) The Superior Court shall forward a copy of the petition to the county clerk. The court shall order the town clerk or clerks having custody of the ballots to be recounted to appoint two election officials who are not members of the same political party who shall or their designees to transport them to the county clerks of their respective counties before the day set for the recount. County clerks shall store all ballots, still in their sealed containers, in their vaults until the day of the recount. The court shall appoint a sufficient number of impartial voters as a committee to recount the votes.

* * *

(i) ~~The secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall bear the costs of recounts covered under this chapter.

§ 2602a. APPOINTMENT OF RECOUNT COMMITTEE; SETTING DATE OF RECOUNT

(a)(1) ~~Upon receipt of a petition, the county clerk shall notify the chairpersons~~ Chairs of the relevant county political committees that a petition has been filed requesting a recount and advising them to submit immediately a list of nominees for individuals to serve on a recount committee.

(2) In the case of a recount in a primary election, the county clerk shall notify all candidates for the office which is the subject of the recount, advising them to submit immediately a list of nominees for individuals to serve on a recount committee.

(3) If a candidate for an office which is the subject of a recount is from a party which does not have a county committee, the county clerk shall send a copy of the notice to the state State committee of the party advising them to submit immediately a list of nominees for individuals to serve on a recount committee.

(4) If a candidate for an office which is the subject of a recount is independent, the county clerk shall send that candidate ~~will be sent~~ a copy of

the notice and requested to submit immediately a similar list of nominees for individuals to serve on a recount committee.

(5) If a list of nominees is not delivered to the county clerk ~~with due speed within two business days~~, the clerk, ~~before the judge sets the date for the recount~~, shall notify the appropriate candidates that they have 24 hours to submit lists of nominees for individuals to serve on the recount committee.

(b) The ~~superior court~~ Superior Court shall ~~set an early date for the recount, making~~ make appointments to the recount committee from among those nominated under this section. In making these appointments, the ~~court~~ Court shall appoint an equal number of persons from each party and from those persons representing an independent candidate. ~~After making the appointments, the court shall notify all candidates of the recount date at least five days in advance. The court shall order the town clerk or clerks having custody of the ballots to be recounted appoint two election officials who are not members of the same political party, who shall transport them to the appropriate county clerks before the day set for the recount.~~

§ 2602b. ASSIGNMENT OF DUTIES

(a) The county clerk shall supervise the recount and may appoint a sufficient number of impartial assistants to perform appropriate tasks which have not been assigned to recount committee members. The county clerk shall recruit town clerks to serve as impartial assistants to the county clerk for operating the vote tabulators. The county clerk shall store all ballots, still in their sealed containers, in his or her vault until the day of the recount.

* * *

§ 2602c. PREPARATION FOR RECOUNT

(a) Before the recount begins, the county clerk shall explain the recount procedures which are to be followed and shall answer questions relating to such procedures. The county clerk shall use volunteer town clerks to operate and instruct on the use of vote tabulators.

(b) ~~The~~ Each recount ~~teams established~~ team shall recount the contents of one container before ~~another container is opened~~ opening another container at its table, shall recount the contents of all the containers relating to one polling place before moving to those of another polling place, and shall complete the recount for one town before moving to material relating to another town.

(c) For each polling place, the number of containers shall be counted and recorded on the master list.

(d) Before opening, each container shall be inspected, and if no tag is present, replacement manila tags shall be affixed, specifying date of election

and name of town and polling place. Likewise, each seal shall be examined to see if it is intact, and the county clerk shall attach to any bag with a defective seal a tag stating that the seal was defective and containing the information which was contained on the defective seal.

(e) Uncounted containers shall be kept in one part of the room and moved to the other side as they are counted; each team shall have a separate table and the county clerk shall have a separate table, all of which tables shall be spaced apart.

(f) If there is more than one container from a polling place, the county clerk shall open first the container which is identified as containing the checklist. Upon opening the first container in the presence of the clerk observer team, the county clerk shall empty the contents onto the clerk's table. The county clerk shall ensure that teams are not given unused ballots, early or absentee ballots which arrived after the close of polls, or ballots spoiled by voters and turned in by voters requesting fresh ballots.

§ 2602d. EXAMINATION OF CHECKLISTS

** * **

(d) The number finally determined by a majority of team members shall be submitted to the county clerk in the presence of the clerk observer team, together with an indication of the nature and extent of the disagreement. If one or more team members do not agree with the number submitted, the county clerk shall note on the master list the fact that the number of people appearing as having voted on a specified checklist was subject to dispute.

§ 2602e. SORTING OF BALLOTS

** * **

(b) The teams, except the clerk observer team and possibly the team which is processing the checklists, shall proceed to their tables and each team shall get from the county clerk one pile of ballots, one tally sheet and one double-check sheet per 50 ballots, unless there are more persons per team who serve as double-check persons, in which case, each such person shall be assigned a double-check sheet. If a team spoils a tally sheet or needs to retally, it must turn in the tally sheet in order to get another one.

§ 2602f. ~~FIRST TALLY~~ RECOUNT BY VOTE TABULATOR

(a)(1) ~~The caller shall call the name of the person voted for and/or blank ballots, and/or spoiled ballots. The tally person and the double check person or persons each shall make a suitable mark for that candidate and/or blank ballots, and/or spoiled ballots~~ Vote tabulator-readable ballots from each pile shall be fed through a vote tabulator by one team until all vote

tabulator-readable ballots from the container have been entered. For ballots unable to be read by a vote tabulator, such as damaged or plain paper ballots, a second team shall collect these ballots from the pile and transfer the voter's choices on those ballots to blank ballots provided by the Secretary of State. After all of the vote tabulator-readable ballots have been fed through the vote tabulator, the first team shall feed through the vote tabulator any transfer ballots created by the second team.

(2) The recount teams shall switch roles for each subsequent container of ballots of a polling place that are to be fed through the vote tabulator, if there is more than one container per polling place.

(3) This process shall be used until all ballots from a polling place have been tabulated by a vote tabulator.

(b) After all ballots from a polling place have been tabulated by a vote tabulator, a recount team shall print the tabulator tape containing the unofficial results and document those results on a tally sheet. Another recount team shall then open the tabulator's ballot box and remove all ballots. The ballots shall then be divided among the recount teams to be examined to find write-in names and markings of voter intent that were not vote tabulator-readable as outlined in the Secretary of State's vote tabulator guide and most recent elections procedures manual. A caller, tally person, and double-check person shall be used to examine the ballots removed from the ballot box. If the caller and the observer or observers do not agree on how a ballot should be counted, the entire team shall review the ballot and if all members agree, it shall be counted that way.

(c) If one person does not agree, that ballot shall be set aside as a questioned ballot and a copy shall be made, which copy shall be clearly marked on its face identifying it as a copy. ~~Such~~ Any copies shall be placed on the top of the other ballots and shall remain together with the other ballots. Each original ballot deemed questionable shall be attached to a note which identifies it by town, county, polling place, and bag seal number. The originals of these questionable ballots shall be clipped to the summary sheet for that polling place and returned to the court for a final decision.

(d) After the ~~court~~ Court has rendered a final decision on a given questionable ballot, it shall be returned to the county clerk who shall keep it in a sealed container for a period of two years.

(e) Write-in votes for preprinted candidates shall be counted as votes for that candidate.

(f) If the tally persons do not agree on the number of votes for a candidate on ballots not able to be read by the vote tabulator, the ballots shall be

retallied until they do agree. Then the team shall notify the clerk that it has completed ~~the first~~ its recount.

* * *

§ 2602h. COMPLETING THE TALLY

(a) After the totals for a polling place have been listed, the county clerk shall add them up in the presence of the clerk observer team, and shall compare the number with the number of voters who voted at that polling place, according to the number obtained from the team that examined the certified checklist. If these numbers differ, the county clerk shall note the amount of the difference on the summary sheets for that polling place.

(b) The county clerk shall return all ballots to the container, seal it, record the seal number on the summary sheet, write "recounted" and specify the date of the recount on the tag, and move it to the other side of the room, making sure that there is never more than one bag open at any one time.

(c) This procedure shall be repeated for each container, until the results from a polling place have been recounted, and then it shall be repeated until the results from all polling places in a town have been recounted, and then until the results from all towns have been recounted.

(d) The county clerk shall add the totals on each summary sheet, affix the clerk's seal and send the summary sheets for all polling places together with the master list and any questionable ballots to the court by certified mail, return receipt requested, or shall certify the results to the judge.

§ 2602i. COSTS

Recount committee members and assistants designated by the county clerk shall be paid by the ~~state~~ State at the same per diem and mileage rates and according to the same procedures by which jurors are paid. These and other necessary expenses, as approved by the court, shall be paid by the ~~state~~ State through the ~~court administrator's office~~ Court Administrator's Office. The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall reimburse the ~~court administrator's office~~ Court Administrator's Office.

§ 2602j. OTHER RULES FOR CONDUCTING THE RECOUNT

(a) The county clerk shall preserve order. If a person, after notice, is persistently disorderly and refuses to withdraw from the premises, the county clerk may cause the person to be removed from the premises.

(b) The county clerk shall designate an area within which the recount shall take place. Persons who are not committee members shall be permitted to view a recount in progress, but persons not authorized by the county clerk shall not be permitted within the area designated by the county clerk.

* * *

§ 2602k. AFTER THE RECOUNT

* * *

(b) After the recount, the county clerk shall seal the ballots and other materials back in the containers and store them in the county clerk's vault until returned to the towns. The county clerk shall return all ballots to the respective town clerks after issuance of the court's judgment, together with a copy of the judgment. The ~~state police~~ respective town clerks or their designees shall transport the ballots to the towns from which they came.

* * *

Sec. 43. REPEAL

17 V.S.A. §§ 2492 (legislative branch to obtain voting machines), 2602g (second tally), and 2602l (recounts using voting machines) are repealed.

** * * Vacancies * * **

Sec. 44. 17 V.S.A. § 2623 is amended to read:

§ 2623. VACANCIES IN OFFICES WITHIN THIS STATE

(a) In the event of a vacancy in any ~~state~~ State, county, or legislative office, the ~~governor~~ Governor may request the political party or parties of the person whose death or resignation created the vacancy to submit one or more recommendations as to a successor. The proper committee to which a request for recommendation shall be directed shall be:

* * *

** * * Local Elections * * **

Sec. 45. 17 V.S.A. § 2640 is amended to read:

§ 2640. ANNUAL MEETINGS

(a) A meeting of the legal voters of each town shall be held annually on the first Tuesday of March for the election of officers and the transaction of other business, and it may be adjourned to another date. When a ~~town~~ municipality fails to hold an annual meeting, a warning for a subsequent meeting shall be issued immediately, and at that meeting all the officers required by law may be elected and its business transacted.

* * *

Sec. 46. 17 V.S.A. § 2642 is amended to read:

§ 2642. WARNING AND NOTICE CONTENTS

(a)(1) The warning shall include the date and time of the election, location of the polling place or places, and the nature of the meeting or election.

(2) It shall, by separate articles, specifically indicate the business to be transacted, to include the offices and the questions to be voted upon.

(3)(A) The warning shall also contain any article or articles requested by a petition signed by at least five percent of the voters of the municipality and filed with the municipal clerk not less than ~~40~~ 45 days before the day of the meeting.

(B) The clerk receiving the petitions shall immediately proceed to examine them to ascertain whether they conform to the provisions of this subchapter. If found not to conform, he or she shall state in writing on the petition why it cannot be accepted, and within 24 hours from receipt, he or she shall return it to the petitioners. In this case, supplementary petitions may be filed not later than 48 hours after the petition was returned to the petitioners by the clerk. However, supplementary petitions shall not be accepted if petitions with signatures of different persons totaling at least the number specified in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3) were not filed by the filing deadline.

(b) The posted notice that accompanies the warning shall include information on voter registration, information on early or absentee voting where applicable, and other appropriate information.

Sec. 47. 17 V.S.A. § 2643 is amended to read:

§ 2643. SPECIAL MEETINGS

(a) The legislative body may warn a special municipal meeting when they deem it necessary and shall call a special meeting on the application of five percent of the voters. A special meeting shall be ~~called~~ warned within 15 days of receipt of the application by the ~~legislative body~~ town clerk.

~~(b) Special meetings shall, when the municipality so votes and until it votes otherwise, start at 7:30 p.m. on the day before the day when the polls are to be opened for voting by ballot. If so convened, all business to be done from the floor at the special meeting may be transacted on that preceding day. At the close of the business, the meeting shall adjourn to the following day for voting by ballot. [Repealed.]~~

(c) The legislative body may rescind the call of a special meeting called by them but not a special meeting called on application of five percent of the voters.

Sec. 48. 17 V.S.A. § 2646 is amended to read:

§ 2646. TOWN OFFICERS; QUALIFICATION; ELECTION

At the annual meeting, a town shall choose from among its ~~legally-qualified~~ registered voters the following town officers, who shall serve until the next annual meeting and until successors are chosen, unless otherwise provided by law:

** * **

Sec. 49. 17 V.S.A. § 2660 is amended to read:

§ 2660. CONDUCT OF ELECTION

(a) When voting is at a floor meeting by paper ballot, the polls shall be kept open a reasonable time and reasonable notice shall be given before they close.

(b) When election is by ballot, a majority of all votes cast for any office shall be required for an election, unless otherwise provided by law; provided that when there is but one nominee for an office, unless objection is made, the legal voters may vote to instruct the town clerk to cast one ballot for such nominee and upon such ballot being cast he or she shall be declared elected.

** * **

Sec. 50. 17 V.S.A. § 2661 is amended to read:

§ 2661. RECONSIDERATION OR RESCISSION OF VOTE

(a) A warned article voted on at an annual or special meeting of a municipality shall not be submitted to the voters for reconsideration or rescission at the same meeting after the assembly has begun consideration of another article. If the voters have begun consideration of another article, the original article may only be submitted to the voters at a subsequent annual or special meeting duly warned for the purpose and called by the legislative body on its own motion or pursuant to a petition requesting such reconsideration or rescission signed and submitted in accordance with subsection (b) of this section. A vote taken at an annual or special meeting shall remain in effect unless rescinded or amended.

** * **

(f) A municipality shall not reconsider a vote to elect a local officer.

Sec. 51. 17 V.S.A. § 2681 is amended to read:

§ 2681. NOMINATIONS; PETITIONS; CONSENTS

(a)(1) Nominations of the municipal officers shall be by petition. The petition shall be filed with the municipal clerk, together with the endorsement, if any, of any party or parties in accordance with the provisions of this title, no

later than 5:00 p.m. on the sixth Monday preceding the day of the election, which shall be the filing deadline.

(2) The candidate shall also file a written consent to the printing of the candidate's name on the ballot, ~~no later than 5:00 p.m. on the Wednesday after the filing deadline~~ on or before the filing deadline for petitions as set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(3) A petition shall contain the name of only one candidate, and the candidate's name shall appear on the petition as it does on the voter checklist. A voter shall not sign more than one petition for the same office, unless more than one nomination is to be made, in which case the voter may sign as many petitions as there are nominations to be made for the same office.

(b) A petition shall contain at least 30 valid signatures of voters of the municipality or one percent of the legal voters of the municipality, whichever is less. The candidate, prior to circulating his or her petitions, shall print on them his or her name as it appears on the voter checklist and shall indicate clearly on them which office he or she is seeking. If there are different lengths of term available for an office the candidate must indicate clearly the length of term as well.

* * *

Sec. 52. 17 V.S.A. § 2681a is amended to read:

§ 2681a. LOCAL ELECTION BALLOTS

* * *

(b)(1) On the local election ballot, the candidate's name shall appear as provided in his or her consent form.

(2) The board of civil authority may vote to list a street address for each candidate, or the town of residence of each candidate, or no residence at all for each candidate.

* * *

Sec. 53. 17 V.S.A. § 2682 is amended to read:

§ 2682. PROCESS OF VOTING; APPOINTMENTS

(a) Election expenses shall be assumed by the municipality.

(b) Returns shall be filed with the town clerk.

(c) In a municipal election controlled by this subchapter, the person receiving the greatest number of votes for an office shall be declared elected to that office; and a certificate of election need not be issued. ~~However, in order~~

~~to be elected a write-in candidate must receive 30 votes or the votes of one percent of the registered voters in the municipality, whichever is less.~~

~~(d) In the event no person files a petition for an office which is to be filled at the annual or special meeting of a municipality, and if no person is otherwise elected to fill the office, a majority of the legislative body of the municipality may appoint a voter of the municipality to fill the office until the next annual meeting.~~

~~(e) If there is a tie vote for any office, the legislative body, or in its stead, the municipal clerk, shall within seven days warn a runoff election to be held not less than 15 days nor more than 22 days after the warning. The only candidates in the runoff election shall be those who were tied in the original election. However, if one of the candidates that are tied withdraws his or her candidacy within five days after the election, the town clerk shall certify the other tied candidate as the winner, and there shall be no runoff election. [Repealed.]~~

~~(f) When the same number of persons are nominated for any town office as there are positions to be filled, the presiding officer may declare the whole slate of candidates elected without making individual tallies, provided each person on the slate has more votes than the largest number of write-in votes for any one write-in candidate.~~

Sec. 54. 17 V.S.A. § 2682a is added to read:

§ 2682a. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2682 of this subchapter, in order to be elected, a write-in candidate shall receive at least 30 votes or the votes of one percent of the registered voters in the municipality, whichever is less.

Sec. 55. 17 V.S.A. § 2682b is added to read:

§ 2682b. TIE VOTES FOR LOCAL OFFICE

If there is a tie vote for any office, the legislative body or, in its stead, the municipal clerk shall within seven days warn a runoff election to be held not less than 15 days nor more than 22 days after the warning. The only candidates in the runoff election shall be those who were tied in the original election. However, if one of the candidates that are tied withdraws his or her candidacy within five days after the election, the town clerk shall certify the other tied candidate as the winner, and there shall be no runoff election.

Sec. 56. 17 V.S.A. § 2683 is amended to read:

§ 2683. RECOUNTS REQUEST FOR A RECOUNT; CANDIDATES

(a) A candidate for local office may request a recount by filing a request with the municipal clerk within 10 days after the election.

(b) If the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate and the number of votes cast for a losing candidate is less than five percent of the total votes cast for all the candidates for an office, divided by the number of persons to be elected, that losing candidate shall have the right to have the votes for that office recounted.

Sec. 57. 17 V.S.A. § 2685 is amended to read:

§ 2685. INSPECTION OF BALLOTS CONDUCT OF RECOUNT

(a) At the time and place specified by the clerk, the board of civil authority shall break the seal, open the ballot container, and recount the votes pursuant to the procedure set forth in section 2685a of this subchapter, unless the candidate who petitions for a recount requests that the recount be conducted by ~~optical scanner~~ vote tabulator, in which case the recount shall be conducted by the presiding officer and board of civil authority pursuant to the procedure set forth in chapter 51, subchapter 9 of this title to the greatest extent practicable.

(b) The petitioner, the opposing candidates, and their designated representatives may inspect the ballots and observe the recount under the guidance of the board.

(c) The board shall certify the result to the clerk, who shall declare the result.

(d) After the recount, the board shall seal the ballots and other materials back in the containers and the town clerk shall safely store them as provided in section 2590 of this title.

Sec. 58. 17 V.S.A. § 2685a is added to read:

§ 2685a. PROCEDURE FOR RECOUNT

(a) Storage of ballots; assignment of duties.

(1) The town clerk shall store all ballots, still in their sealed containers, in his or her vault until the day of the recount.

(2) The presiding officer shall supervise the recount.

(3) The board of civil authority shall appoint a sufficient number of impartial assistant election officers to perform appropriate tasks that are not practicable for the board of civil authority to perform. Each assistant election officer shall be appointed and sworn as set forth in section 2454 of this title.

(4) The presiding officer shall assign members of the board of civil authority to teams of at least four persons, consisting of one caller and one observer, representing different candidates, and one tally person and one double-check person, representing different candidates. Any additional team members shall be additional observers and double-check persons who shall be assigned to ensure that each candidate has one person assigned as either a caller or an observer and one person assigned as either a tally person or a double-check person. One team shall be designated as the presiding officer observer team, which shall perform only the functions established under this section for that team.

(5) The board of civil authority shall use fresh seals, manila tags, tally sheets, double-check sheets, summary sheets for each polling place, master lists for the entire election to be recounted, and other appropriate material provided by the Secretary of State.

(b) Preparation for recount.

(1) Before the recount begins, the presiding officer shall explain the recount procedures which are to be followed and shall answer questions relating to such procedures.

(2) The recount teams established shall recount the contents of one container before another container is opened and shall recount the contents of all the containers relating to one polling place before moving to those of another polling place.

(3) For each polling place, the number of containers shall be counted and recorded on the master list.

(4) Before opening, each container shall be inspected, and if no tag is present, replacement manila tags shall be affixed, specifying the date of election and the name of town and polling place. Likewise, each seal shall be examined to see if it is intact, and the presiding officer shall attach to any bag with a defective seal a tag stating that the seal was defective and containing the information which was contained on the defective seal.

(5) Uncounted containers shall be kept in one part of the room and moved to the other side as they are counted. Each team shall have a separate table and the presiding officer shall have a separate table, all of which tables shall be spaced apart.

(6) If there is more than one container from a polling place, the presiding officer shall open first the container which is identified as containing the checklist. Upon opening the first container in the presence of the presiding officer observer team, the presiding officer shall empty the contents onto the presiding officer's table. The presiding officer shall ensure that teams are not

given unused ballots, early or absentee ballots which arrived after the close of polls, or ballots spoiled by voters and turned in by voters requesting fresh ballots.

(c) Examination of checklists.

(1) The checklist from the first bag shall be assigned to a team. The caller and observer, each acting independently, shall examine the checklist and determine how many voters voted at the polling place, repeating the process until they agree on a number or until they agree to disagree on a number.

(2) Then the checklist shall be examined by the tally person and the double-check person, repeating the process until they agree on a number or they agree to disagree on the number.

(3) The results obtained from the two subgroups will be compared and if they do not match, the process shall be repeated until there is agreement among all the members of the team or until team members agree to disagree.

(4) The number finally determined by a majority of team members shall be submitted to the presiding officer in the presence of the presiding officer observer team, together with an indication of the nature and extent of the disagreement. If one or more team members do not agree with the number submitted, the presiding officer shall note on the master list the fact that the number of people appearing as having voted on a specified checklist was subject to dispute.

(d) Sorting of ballots.

(1) Ballots from the first container shall be counted by one team and placed into piles containing 50 ballots each, except where there is a final pile which contains fewer than 50, in which case, the counting team shall affix to the top of the pile a note indicating how many ballots are contained in the pile. All of these ballots then shall be transferred to another team which shall verify that they are in piles of 50 ballots each and that any remaining pile contains the designated number of ballots.

(2) The teams, except the presiding officer observer team and possibly the team which is processing the checklists, shall proceed to their tables and each team shall get from the presiding officer one pile of ballots, one tally sheet, and one double-check sheet per 50 ballots, unless there are more persons per team who serve as double-check persons, in which case, each such person shall be assigned a double-check sheet. If a team spoils a tally sheet or needs to retally, it must turn in the tally sheet in order to get another one.

(e) First tally.

(1) The caller shall call the name of the person voted for and any blank or spoiled ballots. The tally person and the double-check person or persons each shall make a suitable mark for that candidate and any blank or spoiled ballots.

(2) If the caller and the observer or observers do not agree on how a ballot should be counted, the entire team shall review the ballot and if all members agree, it shall be counted that way.

(3) If one member of the entire team does not agree, that ballot shall be set aside as a questioned ballot and a copy shall be made, which copy shall be clearly marked on its face identifying it as a copy. Such copies shall be placed on the top of the other ballots and shall remain together with the other ballots. Each original ballot deemed questionable shall be attached to a note which identifies it by town, polling place, and bag seal number. The originals of these questionable ballots shall be clipped to the summary sheet for that polling place and returned to the board of civil authority for a final decision by majority vote.

(4) After the board of civil authority has rendered a final decision on a given questionable ballot, it shall be returned to the town clerk who shall keep it in a sealed container for a period of two years.

(5) Write-in votes for preprinted candidates shall be counted as votes for that candidate.

(6) If the tally persons do not agree on the number of votes for a candidate, the ballots shall be retallied until they do agree. Then the team shall notify the presiding officer that it has completed the first recount.

(f) Second tally.

(1) The presiding officer shall attach to the tally and double-check sheets a note which indicates which team members performed which functions in the first recount, and shall provide the team with a new tally sheet and an appropriate number of double-check sheets to match the number of people serving as double-check persons.

(2) The members of the team then shall switch roles, with callers and observers becoming tally persons and double-check persons, as designated by the presiding officer, and the team shall complete a second recount, following the procedures established for the first recount.

(3) When the results of the second recount match those of the first, a note shall be attached to the tally and double-check sheets, indicating which persons provided what functions during the second recount.

(4) Then the team shall take its tally sheets, double-check sheets, and ballots, plus a separate pile of questionable ballots, if any, to the presiding officer.

(5) Team members, in the presence of the presiding officer observer team, shall read the totals to the presiding officer who, in the view of these observers, shall record the totals on the summary sheet for that polling place.

(6) After a team has presented its pile of ballots to the presiding officer, it shall be assigned another pile of ballots, until all of the piles from a particular polling place have been recounted two times.

(g) Completing the tally.

(1) After the totals for a polling place have been listed, the presiding officer shall add them up in the presence of the presiding officer observer team, and shall compare the number with the number of voters who voted at that polling place, according to the number obtained from the team that examined the certified checklist. If these numbers differ, the presiding officer shall note the amount of the difference on the summary sheets for that polling place.

(2) The presiding officer shall return all ballots to the container, seal it, record the seal number on the summary sheet, write "recounted" and specify the date of the recount on the tag, and move it to the other side of the room, making sure that there is never more than one bag open at any one time.

(3) This procedure shall be repeated for each container, until the results from a polling place have been recounted, and then it shall be repeated until the results from all polling places in a town have been recounted.

(4) The presiding officer shall add the totals on each summary sheet, affix the presiding officer's seal, and send the summary sheets for all polling places together with the master list and any questionable ballots to the board of civil authority.

(h) Other rules for conducting the recount.

(1) The presiding officer shall preserve order. If a person, after notice, is persistently disorderly and refuses to withdraw from the premises, the presiding officer may cause the person to be removed from the premises.

(2) The presiding officer shall designate an area within which the recount shall take place. Persons who are not board of civil authority members or appointed impartial election officers shall be permitted to view a recount in progress, but persons not authorized by the presiding officer shall not be permitted within the area designated by the presiding officer.

(3) Candidates and their attorneys shall be given the opportunity to present evidence to the board of civil authority relating to the conduct of the recount. If the board determines that any violations of recount procedures have occurred and that they may have affected the outcome of the recount, a new recount shall be ordered. After such hearings or arguments as may be indicated under the circumstances, the board, within five working days, shall issue a judgment, which shall supersede any certificate of election previously issued and shall return to the town clerk questionable ballots which had been forwarded to the board.

(i) After the recount.

(1)(A) If the recount results in a tie, the board of civil authority shall order a recessed election to be held, within three weeks of the recount, on a date set by the board. The only candidates who shall appear on the ballot at the recessed election shall be those who tied in the previous election. The recessed election shall be considered a separate election for the purpose of voter registration under chapter 43 of this title.

(B) If the recount confirms a tie, as to any public question, no recessed election shall be held, and the question shall be certified not to have passed.

(C) Warnings for a recessed election shall be posted as required by this chapter, except that the warnings shall be posted not less than 10 days before the recessed election. The conduct of a recessed election shall be as provided in this chapter for local elections.

(2) The town clerk shall send a certified copy of the judgment to the Secretary of State.

Sec. 59. 17 V.S.A. § 2688 is amended to read:

§ 2688. RECOUNT ON QUESTION SUBMITTED

(a) A registered voter or, in the case of a union school district, at least one registered voter from each member of the union district may demand a recount of ballots on any question submitted to the vote of ~~a town~~ the municipality using the Australian ballot system, if the margin by which the question passed or failed is less than five percent of the total votes cast on the question.

(b) The request shall be filed with the municipal clerk within 10 days after the vote. The procedure shall be the same as in the case of recount of the votes cast for a candidate at an election.

(c) The petitioner and his or her designated representative and a voter representing the other side of the question voted upon and his or her

designated representative may inspect the vote and observe the recount under the guidance of the board of civil authority.

** * * Presidential Elections * * **

Sec. 60. 17 V.S.A. § 2716 is amended to read:

§ 2716. NOTIFICATION TO SECRETARY OF STATE

Not later than 5:00 p.m. on the ~~47th~~ 55th day before the day of the general election, the ~~chairman~~ Chair of the ~~state committee~~ State Committee of each major political party shall certify in writing to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State the names of the presidential and vice presidential nominees selected at the party's national convention.

** * * Warning Requirements in Newspapers * * **

Sec. 61. 17 V.S.A. § 1840 is amended to read:

§ 1840. INTERIM PUBLICATION

Within 90 days following adjournment without day of any session of the ~~general assembly~~ General Assembly in which articles of amendment to the ~~constitution~~ Constitution have been proposed by the ~~senate~~ Senate and concurred in by the ~~house~~ House, the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall prepare copies of the proposal or proposals of amendment and forward them, with a summary of proposed changes, for publication ~~to the principal daily in at least two newspapers published having general circulation in the state~~ in at least two newspapers published having general circulation in the State, as determined by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The proposal or proposals shall be so published once each week for three successive weeks in each of the papers at the expense of the ~~state~~ State and on the websites of the General Assembly and the Office of the Secretary of State.

Sec. 62. 17 V.S.A. § 1844 is amended to read:

*§ 1844. PUBLICATION IN NEWSPAPERS AND ON STATE WEBSITES;
BALLOTS*

(a) The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall between September 25 and October 1 in any year in which a vote on ratification of an article of amendment is taken, prepare copies of the proposal of amendment and forward them, with a summary of proposed changes, for publication ~~to the principal daily in at least two newspapers published having general circulation in the state~~ in at least two newspapers published having general circulation in the State, as determined by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State. The proposal shall be so published once each week for three successive weeks in each of the papers at the expense of the ~~state~~ State and on the websites of the General Assembly and the Office of the Secretary of State. ~~He or she~~

(b) The Secretary of State shall cause ballots to be prepared for a vote by the freemen and freewomen upon the proposal of amendment.

Sec. 63. 17 V.S.A. § 2302 is amended to read:

§ 2302. ~~STATE CHAIRMAN~~ CHAIR TO CALL CAUCUS

(a) The ~~chairman~~ chair of the ~~state~~ State committee of a party shall set a date for members of the party to meet in caucus in their respective towns, which date shall be between September 10 and September 30, inclusive, in each odd numbered year.

(b) At least 14 days before the date set for the caucuses, the ~~state chairman~~ State Chair shall mail or electronically mail a notice of the date and purpose of the caucuses to each town clerk and to each town ~~chairman~~ and county chair of the party, and shall cause the notice to be published in at least two newspapers having general circulation within the state.

Sec. 64. 17 V.S.A. § 2303 is amended to read:

§ 2303. ~~TOWN CHAIRMAN~~ CHAIR TO GIVE NOTICE

(a) The town ~~chairman~~ chair or, if unavailable, or if the records of the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State show there is no ~~chairman~~ chair, any three voters of the town, shall arrange to hold a caucus on the day designated by the ~~state chairman~~ State Chair, in some public place within the town, and shall set the hour of the caucus.

(b)(1) At least five days before the day of the caucus, the ~~chairman~~ town chair shall post a notice of the date, purpose, time, and place of the caucus in the town clerk's office and in at least one other public place in town.

(2) In towns of ~~1,000~~ 3,000 or more population, he or she shall also publish the notice:

(A) in a newspaper having general circulation in the town; or

(B) in a nonpartisan electronic news media website that specializes in news of the State or the community.

(c) If three voters arrange to call the caucus, the voters shall designate one of their number to perform the duties prescribed above for the town ~~chairman~~ chair.

Sec. 65. 17 V.S.A. § 2309 is amended to read:

§ 2309. FIRST MEETING OF COUNTY COMMITTEE

(a)(1) The ~~chairman~~ Chair of the ~~state committee~~ State Committee shall set a date, not more than ~~30~~ 45 days after the date of the party's caucuses, for the first meeting of each county committee.

(2) The ~~state chairman~~ State Chair shall notify the ~~chairmen~~ chairs of the county committees of the date of the meeting and shall publish notice in at least two newspapers with general circulation within the state.

(3) The ~~chairman~~ chair of the county committee shall set the hour and place of the meeting and shall notify all delegates-elect by mail or electronic mail not less than 10 days prior to the meeting. If the chair of the county committee receives notice that a town within the county has organized 10 or fewer days before the date of the first meeting of the county committee, the chair must notify the newly elected members within 48 hours of receiving notice of the organized town.

(b) At the time and place set for the meeting, the delegates shall proceed to elect their officers and perfect an organization for the ensuing two years. All officers and other members of the county committee and all delegates to the ~~state committee~~ State Committee shall be voters of the county.

Sec. 66. 17 V.S.A. § 2641 is amended to read:

§ 2641. WARNING AND NOTICE REQUIRED; PUBLICATION OF WARNINGS

(a) The legislative body of a municipality shall warn a meeting by posting a warning and notice in at least two public places in the ~~town~~ municipality, and in or near the town clerk's office, not less than 30 nor more than 40 days before the meeting. If a ~~town~~ municipality has more than one polling place and the polling places are not all in the same building, the warning and notice shall be posted in at least two public places within each voting district and in or near the town clerk's office.

(b) In addition, the warning shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality at least five days before the meeting, unless the warning is published in the town report, or otherwise distributed in written form to all town or city postal patrons at least 10 days before the meeting and distributed as provided in 24 V.S.A. § 1682. The legislative body annually shall designate the paper in which such a warning may be published. The warning shall also be posted on the municipality's website, if the municipality actively updates its website on a regular basis.

(c) No such warning shall be required for municipal informational meetings at which no voting is to take place.

** * * Lobbyists * * **

Sec. 67. 2 V.S.A. § 264 is amended to read:

§ 264. REPORTS OF EXPENDITURES, COMPENSATION, AND GIFTS; EMPLOYERS; LOBBYISTS

* * *

(b) An employer shall disclose for the period of the report the following information:

(1) A total of all lobbying expenditures made by the employer in each of the following categories:

(A) ~~advertising~~ Advertising, including television, radio, print, and electronic media;_

(B) ~~expenses~~ Expenses incurred for telemarketing, polling, or similar activities if the activities are intended, designed, or calculated, directly or indirectly, to influence legislative or administrative action. The report shall specify the amount, the person to whom the amount was paid, and a brief description of the activity;_

(C) ~~contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the employer and:~~

~~(i) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(ii) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or~~

~~(iii) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member;~~

~~(D) the~~ The total amount of any other lobbying expenditures.

(2) The total amount of compensation paid to lobbyists or lobbying firms for lobbying. The employer shall report the name and address of each lobbyist or lobbying firm to which the employer pays compensation. It shall be sufficient to include a prorated amount based on the value of the time devoted to lobbying where compensation is to be included for a lobbyist or lobbying firm whose activities under this chapter are incidental to regular employment or other responsibilities to the employer.

(3) An itemized list of every gift the value of which is greater than \$15.00, made by or on behalf of the employer to or at the request of one or more legislators or administrative officials or a member of a legislator's or administrative official's immediate family. With respect to each gift, the employer shall report the date the gift was made, the nature of the gift, the value of the gift, the identity of any legislators or administrative officials who requested the gift, and the identity of any recipients of the gift. Monetary gifts, other than political contributions, shall be prohibited.

(4) Contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the employer and:

(A) a legislator or administrator;

(B) a legislator's or administrator's spouse; or

(C) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member.

(c) A lobbyist shall disclose for the period of the report the following information:

(1) A total of all lobbying expenditures made by the lobbyist in each of the following categories:

(A) ~~advertising~~ Advertising, including television, radio, print, and electronic media;_

(B) ~~expenses~~ Expenses incurred for telemarketing, polling, or similar activities if the activities are intended, designed, or calculated, directly or indirectly, to influence legislative or administrative action. The report shall specify the amount, the person to whom the amount was paid, and a brief description of the activity;_

~~(C) contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbyist and:~~

~~(i) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(ii) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or~~

~~(iii) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member;~~

~~(D) the~~ The total amount of any other lobbying expenditures.

(2) The total amount of compensation paid to a lobbyist, who is not employed by, subcontracted by, or affiliated with a lobbying firm, for lobbying, including the name and address of each registered employer who engaged the services of the lobbyist reporting. It shall be sufficient to include a prorated amount based on the value of the time devoted to lobbying where compensation is to be included for a lobbyist whose activities under this chapter are incidental to other responsibilities to the employer. A lobbyist who is employed by, subcontracted by, or affiliated with a lobbying firm shall not report individual compensation. The total compensation paid to the lobbying firm shall be reported pursuant to section 264b of this title.

(3) *An itemized list of every gift, the value of which is greater than \$15.00, made by or on behalf of a lobbyist to or at the request of one or more legislators or administrative officials or a member of the legislator's or administrative official's immediate family. With respect to each gift, the lobbyist shall report the date the gift was made, the nature of the gift, the value of the gift, the identity of any legislators or administrative officials who requested the gift, and the identity of any recipients of the gift. Monetary gifts, other than political contributions, shall be prohibited.*

(4) Contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbyist and:

(A) a legislator or administrator;

(B) a legislator's or administrator's spouse; or

(C) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member.

* * *

(h) *Disclosure reports shall be made on forms published by the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State and shall be signed by the employer or lobbyist. The ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State shall ~~mail~~ make those forms available to registered employers and lobbyists on the Secretary's website not later than 30 days before each filing deadline.*

* * *

Sec. 68. 2 V.S.A. § 264b is amended to read:

§ 264b. LOBBYING FIRM LISTINGS; REPORTS OF EXPENDITURES, COMPENSATION, AND GIFTS; LOBBYING FIRMS

* * *

(b) *Every lobbying firm shall file a disclosure report on the same day as lobbyist disclosure reports are due under subsection 264(a) of this title which shall include:*

(1) *A total of all lobbying expenditures made by the lobbying firm in each of the following categories:*

(A) ~~advertising~~ Advertising, including television, radio, print, and electronic media;

(B) ~~expenses~~ Expenses incurred for telemarketing, polling, or similar activities if the activities are intended, designed, or calculated, directly or indirectly, to influence legislative or administrative action. The report shall

specify the amount, the person to whom the amount was paid, and a brief description of the activity;

(C) ~~contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbying firm and:~~

~~(i) a legislator or administrator;~~

~~(ii) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or~~

~~(iii) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member;~~

~~(D) the~~ The total amount of any other lobbying expenditures.

(2) The total amount of compensation paid to a lobbying firm for lobbying with the name and address of each registered employer who engaged the services of the lobbying firm reporting. It shall be sufficient to include a prorated amount based on the value of the time devoted to lobbying where compensation is to be included for a lobbying firm whose activities under this chapter are incidental to other responsibilities to the employer.

(3) An itemized list of every gift the value of which is greater than \$15.00, made by or on behalf of the lobbying firm to or at the request of one or more legislators or administrative officials or a member of a legislator's or administrative official's immediate family. With respect to each gift, the lobbying firm shall report the date the gift was made, the nature of the gift, the value of the gift, the identity of any legislators or administrative officials who requested the gift, and the identity of any recipients of the gift. Monetary gifts, other than political contributions, shall be prohibited.

(4) Contractual agreements in excess of \$100.00 per year or direct business relationships that are in existence or were entered into within the previous 12 months between the lobbying firm and:

(A) a legislator or administrator;

(B) a legislator's or administrator's spouse or civil union partner; or

(C) a legislator's or administrator's dependent household member.

** * * Correction of Cross-References and Other Technical Corrections * * **

Sec. 69. 17 V.S.A. § 1881a is amended to read:

§ 1881a. SENATORIAL DISTRICTS; NOMINATIONS AND ELECTION

** * **

(c) ~~Petitions for nominating candidates for senator~~ Senator in the general assembly General Assembly by primary ~~under chapter 9 of this title~~ or by certificates of nomination of candidates for that office by convention, caucus, committee, or voters under chapter ~~44~~ 49 of this title may be filed in the office of any county clerk in a senatorial district. On the day after the last day for filing those petitions or certificates for that office, the other county clerk shall notify the senatorial district clerk of the facts concerning those petitions or certificates. The senatorial district clerk shall be responsible for determining the names of candidates and other facts required by law to appear on the ballot for the office of senator, and for obtaining and distributing the ballots to the other clerks in the district. In senatorial districts, the ballots for senator in the ~~general assembly~~ General Assembly shall be separate from those for other county officers.

* * *

Sec. 70. 17 V.S.A. § 2369 is amended to read:

§ 2369. DETERMINING WINNER; TIE VOTES

(a) ~~Persons~~ A person who ~~receive~~ receives a plurality of all the votes cast by a party in a primary shall be ~~candidates~~ a candidate of that party for the office designated on the ballot.

(b) If two or more candidates of the same party are tied for the same office, the choice among those tied shall be determined upon five days' notice and not later than 10 days following the primary election by the committee of that party, which shall meet to nominate a candidate from among the tied candidates. The committee that nominates a candidate shall be as follows:

(1) ~~Upon five days notice and not later than 10 days following the primary election, the state committee~~ State Committee of a party, for a ~~state~~ State or congressional office;

(2) ~~the senatorial district committee for state senate~~ State Senate;

(3) ~~the county committee for county office~~; or

(4) ~~the representative district committee for a representative to the general assembly shall meet to nominate a candidate from among the tied candidates~~ General Assembly.

~~(2)(c)~~ (c) The committee chair shall certify the candidate nomination for the general election to the ~~secretary of state~~ Secretary of State within 48 hours of the nomination.

Sec. 71. 17 V.S.A. § 2565 is amended to read:

§ 2565. DELIVERY OF BALLOTS

As each voter passes through the entrance of the guardrail, an election official or officials shall hand him or her one of each kind of ballot. ~~He or they~~ The election officials shall also answer any questions a voter may ask concerning the process of voting. The presiding officer shall keep the election officials in charge of furnishing ballots to voters supplied with a sufficient number of blank ballots, keeping the remainder of the blank ballots safely secured until needed.

** * * Gender Neutrality * * **

Sec. 72. STATUTORY REVISION; GENDER NEUTRALITY; "CHAIR," "SELECTBOARD MEMBER," ETC.

The Office of Legislative Council, in its statutory revision capacity, is directed to make amendments to the cumulative supplements of the Vermont Statutes Annotated to change the terms "chairman" to "chair"; "vice chairman" to "vice chair"; and "selectman" to "selectboard member" and to make similar changes for the purpose of gender neutrality, so long as those changes have no other effect on the meaning of the statutes in which the changes are made. These changes shall also be made when new legislation is proposed or when there is a republication of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.

** * * Use of "Town" vs. "Municipality" or "Political Subdivision" * * **

Sec. 73. TOWN VS. MUNICIPALITY OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION

The Office of Legislative Council is directed to search the statutes within Title 17 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated for the use of the word "town" and, in consultation with the Office of the Secretary of State, prepare on or before November 15, 2014 a draft bill that would replace the word "town" with the word "municipality" or with the term "political subdivision" where the context of a statute is meant to include or should apply to a political subdivision of the State other than a town, as that term is defined in 17 V.S.A. § 2103.

** * * Effective Dates * * **

Sec. 74. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014, except:

(1) this section and Sec. 18, 17 V.S.A. § 2413 (nomination of justices of the peace), shall take effect on passage;

(2) Secs. 36, 17 V.S.A. § 2534 (list of early or absentee voters), and 41, 17 V.S.A. § 2593 (participation to be entered on statewide checklist by town clerk), shall take effect on July 1, 2015;

~~(3) Secs. 15, 17 V.S.A. § 2351 (primary election), and 16, 17 V.S.A. § 2356 (time for filing petitions and statements of nomination), shall take effect on January 1, 2016; and~~

(3) Secs. 15, 17 V.S.A. § 2351 (primary election); 16, 17 V.S.A. § 2356 (time for filing petitions and statements of nomination); and 17a, 17 V.S.A. § 2402 (requisites of statement), shall take effect on January 1, 2016; and

(4) Sec. 27, 17 V.S.A. § 2941(b) (political subdivisions; vote tabulators; town requirement to use vote tabulators), shall take effect on July 1, 2016. `